



REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL

(Through INFRACON and CPP Portal)

[Online mode]

For

“Consultancy Services for Preparation of Detailed Project Report for 2 lane road from Tetwal (Kashmir) to Drass (Ladakh) in the UT of Jammu & Kashmir and Ladakh”.

December, 2020

National Highways & Infrastructure Development Corporation Ltd
3rd floor, PTI Building, 4-Parliament Street,
New Delhi – 110001

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National Highways & Infrastructure Development Corporation
Ltd.

Ministry of Road, Transport and Highways,
Government of India

NOTICE INVITING PROPOSAL (NIP)

Sub: “Consultancy Services for Preparation of Detailed Project Report for 2 lane road from Tetwal (Kashmir) to Drass (Ladakh) in the UT of Jammu & Kashmir and Ladakh”.

1. NHIDCL has been assigned the work of “Consultancy Services for Preparation of Detailed Project Report for 2 lane road from Tetwal (Kashmir) to Drass (Ladakh) in the UT of Jammu & Kashmir and Ladakh” (as per Annexure-I).
2. Proposals are hereby invited from eligible Consultants for **Consultancy Services for Preparation of Detailed Project Report for 2 lane road from Tetwal (Kashmir) to Drass (Ladakh) in the UT of Jammu & Kashmir and Ladakh**. The Letter of Invitation (LOI) and Terms of Reference (ToR) including Request for Proposal (RFP) is available online on e-tender portal of <https://eprocure.gov.in>. The document can also be downloaded from NHIDCL website (www.nhidcl.com). Cost of the Document in the form of a Non-refundable document fee as mentioned in datasheet is to be deposited online (RTGS/NEFT/Other online mode) to the NHIDCL’s Bank account as specified in Datasheet. A copy of payment receipt (RTGS/NEFT/Other online mode) must be submitted.
3. The RFP has also been uploaded on “INFRACON” (www.infracon.nic.in). As such before submitting the proposal the Consultant shall mandatorily register and enlist themselves (the firm and all key personnel), on the MoRTH portal “INFRACON” and furnish registration details along with its RFP. A copy of Infracon Operation Procedure is also enclosed for consultant’s reference.
4. **All the Consultants registered on Infracon shall form a Team on Infracon and which would be assigned unique Infracon Team ID. Consultants while submitting the proposal shall quote the Infracon Team ID.**
5. ~~Bid~~ Proposal must be submitted online at e-tender portal of NHIDCL <https://eprocure.gov.in> on or before the bid due date.

6. The following schedule is to be followed for this assignment:

Sl. No.	Description	Date & Time
1	Invitation of RFP (NIP)	19.12.2020
2	Last date of receiving queries	27.12.2020
3	Pre-proposal meeting at venue	28.12.2020 at 1500 Hrs
4	Authority response to queries latest by	01.01.2021
5	Proposal Due Date	18.01.2021 at 1100 Hrs
6	Opening of Technical proposals at venue	19.01.2021 at 1130 Hrs
7	Declaration eligible / qualified bidders	To be intimated later
8	Opening of Financial Proposal	To be intimated later
9	Letter of Award (LOA)	To be intimated later
10	Validity of BID	120 days from bid due date
11	Signing of Agreement	Within 15 days of issuance of LOA

7. As part of the Standard Operating Procedure for adoption of Integrity Pact, **Sh. Subhash Chandra, IAS (Retd.)** has been appointed as Independent External Monitor (IEM) in NHIDCL, as per approval of the Central Vigilance Commission and Ministry of Road Transport & Highways, Govt. of India.

The contact details of Sh. Subhash Chandra, IAS (Retd.), IEM, NHIDCL, may be seen on the NHIDCL website.

“IEM TO BE CONTACTED ONLY IN CASE OF ANY VIOLATION OF INTEGRITY PACT”

(B.Shivprasad)
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DISCLAIMER

The information contained in this Request for Proposal document (the “RFP”) or subsequently provided to consultant(s), whether verbally or in documentary or any other form by or on behalf of NHIDCL or any of its employees or advisors, is provided to consultant(s) on the terms and conditions set out in this RFP and such other terms and conditions subject to which such information is provided.

This RFP is not an Agreement and is neither an offer nor invitation by NHIDCL to the prospective consultants or any other person. The purpose of this RFP is to provide interested consultants with information that may be useful to them in making their financial offers (PROPOSALS) pursuant to this RFP. This RFP includes statements, which reflect various assumptions and assessments arrived at by NHIDCL in relation to the Project. Such assumptions, assessments and statements do not purport to contain all the information that each consultants may require. This RFP may not be appropriate for all persons, and it is not possible for NHIDCL, its employees or advisors to consider the investment objectives, financial situation and particular needs of each consultant who reads or uses this RFP. The assumptions, assessments, statements and information contained in the Proposal Documents, may not be complete, accurate, adequate or correct. Each Consultant should, therefore, conduct its own investigations and analysis and should check the accuracy, adequacy, correctness, reliability and completeness of the assumptions, assessments, statements and information contained in this RFP and obtain independent advice from appropriate sources.

Information provided in this RFP to the Consultant(s) is on a wide range of matters, some of which may depend upon interpretation of law. The information given is not intended to be an exhaustive account of statutory requirements and should not be regarded as a complete or authoritative statement of law. NHIDCL accepts no responsibility for the accuracy or otherwise for any interpretation or opinion on law expressed herein.

NHIDCL, its employees and advisors make no representation or warranty and shall have no liability to any person, including any Applicant or Bidder under any law, statute, rules or regulations or tort, principles of restitution or unjust enrichment or otherwise for any loss, damages, cost or expense which may arise from or be incurred or suffered on account of anything contained in this RFP or otherwise, including the accuracy, adequacy, correctness, completeness or reliability of the RFP and any assessment, assumption, statement or information contained therein or deemed to form part of this RFP or arising in any way for participation in this BID Stage.

NHIDCL also accepts no liability of any nature whether resulting from negligence or otherwise howsoever caused arising from reliance of any Consultant upon the statements contained in this RFP. NHIDCL may in its absolute discretion, but without being under any obligation to do so, update, amend or supplement the information, assessment or assumptions contained in this RFP.

The issue of this RFP does not imply that NHIDCL is bound to select a Consultant or to appoint the Selected Consultant/JV of Consultants, as the case may be, for the services and NHIDCL reserves the right to reject all or any of the proposal(s) without assigning any reason whatsoever.

The Consultant shall bear all its costs associated with or relating to the preparation and submission of its PROPOSAL including but not limited to preparation, copying, postage, delivery fees, expenses associated with any demonstrations or presentations which may be required by NHIDCL or any other costs incurred in connection with or relating to its PROPOSAL. All such costs and expenses will remain with the consultant and NHIDCL shall not be liable in any manner whatsoever for the same or for any other costs or other expenses incurred by a consultant in preparation for submission of the Proposal, regardless of the conduct or outcome of the Proposal Evaluation Process.

Letter of Invitation (LOI)

NHIDCL/J&K/DPR/Tetwal-Drass/ 2020-21

Dated: 19.12.2020

Dear Sir,

Sub: Consultancy Services for Preparation of Detailed Project Report for 2 lane road from Tetwal (Kashmir) to Drass (Ladakh) in the UT of Jammu & Kashmir and Ladakh.

1. Introduction

1.1 NHIDCL has been entrusted with the assignment of **Consultancy Services for Preparation of Detailed Project Report for 2 laning with paved shoulder from Tetwal (Kashmir) to Drass (Ladakh) in the UT of Jammu & Kashmir and Ladakh.** NHIDCL now invites proposal from Technical consultants for carrying out detailed project report as per details given in Annexure-1.

1.2 A brief description of the assignment and its objectives are given in the Appendix-I, **“Terms of Reference”**.

1.3 NHIDCL invites Proposals (the “Proposals”) through e-tender (on-line bid submission) on CPP portal after creating Team ID at <http://infracon.nic.in>* for selection of Technical Consultant (the “Consultant”) who shall prepare detailed project report (DPR). The consultant should have expertise in carrying out similar kind of job, in similar geographical location (particularly for hill road projects). Consultants are here by invited to submit proposal in the manner as prescribed in the RFP document.

A Consultant is not allowed to bid for a package with more than one team. For the sake of clarity, it is mentioned that one consultant cannot submit two proposals/ bids for the same package/project. Financial proposal are only to be submitted online and no hard copy of the financial proposal should be submitted. The most preferred bidder (H-1) would be determined on the basis of Quality and Cost as mentioned in the RFP.

Procedure for evaluation and awarding work based on QCBS including assessment of least cost to NHIDCL in case proposal is invited for more than one package (under special circumstances i.e. When a consultant with a particular team becomes H-1 consultant in more than one package) is attached as Annexure -II.

** In order to make the evaluation process more objective, user friendly and transparent, NHIDCL has developed INFRACON portal (www.infracon.nic.in) which is a comprehensive National Portal for Infrastructure Consultancy firms & Key Personnel. The Portal has facility to host Consulting Firms' & Personnel Credentials online with linkage to Aadhar & Digilocker for data storage, validation & purity. The Information available on the portal would also be made available in Public Domain. Based on the above stated objective, it has been decided that while calling RFPs, NHIDCL would receive technical proposals through INFRACON by making it mandatory for firms & personnel to register on the portal. This would lead to reduction in paper work during bid submission & evaluation and shall bring transparency & accountability to the submission process. The applicants (hereinafter called as the Consultants) are hereby invited to submit proposals in the manner prescribed in the RFP. INFRACON Operation Procedure for the consultants in form of flow chart is attached as Annexure – III.*

- 1.4** Consultants may apply either as a sole firm or forming Joint Venture with other consultants. In case of Joint Venture, ***maximum 3 (three) partners will be permitted to form a JV which includes One Lead + Two JV partners OR One Lead + One JV partner + One Associate partner OR One Lead (Sole)+ Two Associate partners at the discretion of the prospective bidders.*** Formulation of more than one JV/Association with different partners for the same work is not allowed and all such proposal involving the firms shall be treated as **non-responsive**. If the consultant submits proposal as sole applicant and also in JV/Association with another consultant, both proposals shall be summarily rejected. No consultant shall submit more than one proposal. The Associate partner's credentials will not be evaluated for qualifications and experience and will be non-relevant partner.

Any entity which has been barred by the Ministry of Road Transport and Highways (MORTH) or its implementing agencies for the works of Expressways, National Highways, ISC, EI Works and any other work and the bar subsists as on the date of application, would not be eligible to submit the bid, either individually or as a member of a Joint Venture or as a Associate.

- 1.5** To obtain first hand information on the assignment and on the local conditions, the consultants are encouraged to pay a visit to the project site before submitting a proposal and attend a pre-proposal conference. They must fully inform themselves of local and site conditions and take them into account in preparing the proposal.
- 1.6** Financial Proposals will be opened only for the firms found to be eligible and scoring qualifying marks in accordance with Para 5 hereof. The consultancy services will be awarded to the highest ranking consultant (H-1) on the basis of Quality and Cost.
- 1.7** Please note that (i) costs of preparing the proposal and of negotiating the contract, including visits to the Client, etc., are not reimbursable as a direct cost of the assignment; and (ii) Client is not bound to accept any of the proposals submitted and reserve the right to reject any or all proposals without assigning any reasons.
- 1.8** The proposals must be properly signed as detailed below:
- 1.8.1**
- i. by the proprietor in case of a proprietary firm
 - ii. by the partner holding the Power of Attorney in case of a firm in partnership (A certified copy of the Power of Attorney on a stamp paper of Rs. 100 and duly notarized shall accompany the Proposal).
 - iii. by a duly authorized person holding the Power of Attorney in case of a Limited Company or a Corporation (A certified copy of the Power of Attorney on a stamp paper of Rs. 100 and duly notarized shall accompany the proposal).
 - iv. by the authorized representative in case of Joint Venture.
- 1.8.2** In case a Joint Venture, the proposal shall be accompanied by a certified copy of legally binding Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) on a stamp paper of Rs.100, signed by all members of the joint venture confirming the following therein:
- i. Date and place of signing
 - ii. Purpose of Joint Venture (must include the details of contract works for which the joint venture has been invited to bid).

- iii. A clear and definite description of the proposed administrative arrangements for the management and execution of the assignment alongwith details of the intended percentage participation of the JV members, Name of Lead Partner and other partner of JV and associate partner should be clearly defined in the MOU.
- iv. Delineation of duties/ responsibilities and scope of work to be undertaken by each firm along with resources committed by each partner of the JV for the proposed services.
- v. An undertaking that the JV partners and associate partners are jointly and severally liable to the NHIDCL for the performance of the services.
- vi. The authorized representative of the joint venture shall give Legally binding MOU covering i) to v) above, letter of Authorization, copies of GPA/SPA for the person signing the documents and a certificate of incorporation of all the partners

1.8.3 In case of Joint venture, one of the partner which preferably have relatively higher experience and clearly defined in the MOU will act as the lead partner representing the Joint Venture. The duties, responsibilities and powers of all the partner shall be specifically included in the MOU /Agreement. It is expected that the lead partner would be authorized to incur liabilities and to receive instructions for and on behalf of the Joint Venture. All payment to be made to the JV can also be made to the account of the Lead Partner with the specific approval of NHIDCL, HQ.

1.8.4 A consultant can submit their proposal for consultancy services either as a sole consultant or in the form of joint venture with other consultant and/or in association with any other consultant. However, alternative proposals i.e. one as sole or in JV with other consultant and another in association / JV with any other consultant for the same package will be summarily rejected. In such cases, all the involved proposals shall be rejected.

1.8.5 **Only Indian Party/firms/companies having 100% ownership with Indian citizens and/or Government Companies (Indian) are eligible to participate in the bid either as Sole or member of JV/Associate."**

*** ("Indian Party" means a company incorporated in India or a body created under an Act of Parliament or a partnership firm registered under the Indian Partnership Act, 1932, or a Limited Liability Partnership (LLP), registered under the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008 (6 of 2009), and includes any other entity in India as may be notified by the Reserve Bank.)**

1.9 Pre-proposal conference shall be conducted through video conference. Those consultant who are interested in participating in the pre-proposal meeting through VC must request for the VC Link through email/letter to GM(T), NHIDCL. E-mail address - shivprasad.152p@gov.in.

1.10 The consultant, by submitting its proposal pursuant to this RFP, shall be deemed to have acknowledged that without prejudice to the NHIDCL any other right or remedy hereunder or in law or otherwise, the consultant shall be debarred from participating in the future projects of the NHIDCL in the following situations :

- (a) If a consultant withdraws its Proposal during the period of its validity as specified in this RFP and as extended by the consultant from time to time.
- (b) In the case of a Selected Applicant, fails to sign the Agreement.

1.11 No Consultancy firm will be awarded more than 03 (three) projects of Consultancy services as DPR Consultant in NHIDCL. If any consultancy firm either as a sole bidder or as JV partner/Associate has already been awarded or ongoing 03 consultancy projects as DPR Consultant in NHIDCL, then that consultancy firm will not be eligible for bidding for this work. Consultancy firms who are H1 in any of the projects of DPR Consultant under NHIDCL will be considered as awarded projects. Consultancy firms must submit an undertaking w.r.t. the above details in the specified format as per Appendix-IX.

2. Documents

- 2.1** To enable you to prepare a proposal, please find and use the attached documents listed in the Data Sheet.
- 2.2** Consultants requiring a clarification of the documents must notify NHIDCL, in writing, by the time & date mentioned in NIP. Any request for clarification in writing or by e-mail must be sent to NHIDCL's address indicated in the Data Sheet. NHIDCL will upload replies to pre-proposal queries on its website.
- 2.3** At any time before the submission of proposals, NHIDCL may, for any reason, whether at its own initiative or in response to a clarification requested by a Consulting firm, modify the Documents by amendment or corrigendum. The amendment will be uploaded on NHIDCL website. NHIDCL may at its discretion extend the deadline for the submission of proposals and the same shall also be uploaded on NHIDCL website.

3. Preparation of Proposal

The proposal must be prepared in three parts viz.

Part 1: Proof of eligibility

Part 2: Technical Proposal

Part 3: Financial Proposal

3.1 Document in support of proof of eligibility

3.1.1 The minimum essential requirement in respect of eligibility has been indicated in the Data Sheet. The proposal found deficient in any respect of these requirements will not be considered for further evaluation. The following documents must be furnished in support of proof of eligibility as per Formats given in Appendix-II:

- i. **Forwarding letter for Proof of Eligibility in the Form-E1.**
- ii. **Firm's relevant experience and performance for the last 7 years:** Project details including relevant experience shall be taken from the data on the INFRACON portal. The consultant must upload the experience certificates from clients in support of experience for the project size preferably in terrain of similar nature as that of proposed project. Certificate should indicate clearly the firms

Design/DPR experience, in 2/4-/6- laning of highway, structures like bridges, Viaducts, tunnels, hill slope stabilization, rock bolting, ground improvement, etc. Scope of services rendered by the firm should be clearly indicated in the certificate obtained from the client. This information given on the INFRACON Portal (moved data) shall be considered as part of Technical Proposal and shall be evaluated accordingly. The Consultants are therefore advised to see carefully the evaluation criteria for Technical Proposal and update the project details accordingly on INFRACON.

- iii. **Firm's turnover for the last 5 years:** A tabular statement as in Form E3 showing the turnover of the consultant for the last five years beginning with the last financial year certified by the Statutory Auditor. The information should be verified from the data on INFRACON portal wherein certified copies of the audit report must be uploaded in support of the turnover.

The above details are to be submitted through INFRACON only.

- iv. **Document fee:** The fee for the document (Non-refundable) is to be deposited online (RTGS/NEFT/Other online mode) to the NHIDCL's Bank account as specified in Datasheet. A copy of payment receipt (RTGS/NEFT/Other online mode) must be submitted.
- v. The proposal has to be submitted on or before deadline of submission.
- vi. Power of Attorney on a stamp paper of Rs.100 and duly notarized authorizing to submit the proposal.
- vii. In case of Joint Venture, the proposal shall be accompanied by a certified copy of legally binding Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) on a stamp paper of Rs.100, signed by all partners of the joint venture/ Association as detailed at para 1.8.2 above.

- 3.1.2 The minimum essential requirement in respect of eligibility has been indicated in the data sheet, the proposal found deficient in any respect of these requirements will not be considered for further evaluation.

3.2 Technical Proposal

- 3.2.1 The consultants are expected to examine all terms and instructions included in the Documents. Failure to provide all requested information will be at their own risk and may result in rejection of their proposal.
- 3.2.2 During preparation of the technical proposal, the consultant must give particular attention to the following:

Total assignment period is as indicated in the enclosed TOR. ***A manning schedule in respect of requirement of key personnel is also furnished in the TOR which shall be the basis of the financial proposal.*** The consultant shall make their own assessment of support personnel both technical and administrative to undertake the assignment. Additional support and administrative staff need to be provided for timely completion of the project within the total estimated cost. ***It is stressed that the time period for the assignment indicated in the TOR should be strictly adhered to.***

3.2.3 The technical proposal shall be submitted strictly in the Formats given in Appendix- III and shall comprise of following documents:

- i. Forwarding letter for Technical proposal duly signed by the authorized person on behalf of the consultant, as in Form-T-1
- ii. Details of projects for which Technical and Financial Proposals have been submitted by a Consultant with a particular Team as in Form-T-2
- iii. Firm's references - Relevant Services carried out in the last seven years shall be taken from INFRACON data.
- iv. Deleted
- v. The composition of the proposed Team and Task Assignment to individual personnel: shall be available on INFRACON Portal.
- vi. Deleted.
- vii. The proposal should clearly identify and mention the details of Material Testing lab facilities to be used by the Consultants for the project (Form-T-7). In this connection, the proposals of the Consultants to use in-house lab facilities up to a distance of maximum 400 km from the project site being feasible would be accepted. For all other cases suitable nearby material Testing Laboratory shall be proposed before Contract Agreement is executed.
- viii. The proposal shall indicate as to whether the firm is having the facilities for carrying out the following field activities or these are proposed to be outsourced to specialized agencies in the Form- T-8.
 - (a). Pavement Investigation
 - (b). Geo-technical Investigation and Geo-physical Investigations for tunnel portals.

In case the consultant envisages outsourcing any or all of the above services to the expert agencies, the details of the same indicating the arrangement made with the agencies need to be furnished. These agencies would however, be subject to approval of the client to ensure quality input by such agencies before award of the work. For out-sourced services, proposed firms/consultants should have such experience on similar projects

- ix. Details of office equipment and software owned by the firm in Form-T9.
- x. CVs of Key Personnel given in datasheet may be submitted only through Infracon (Form-T-10) by selecting Team.

For remaining key personnel and sub-professional staff, the CVs need to be submitted for approval prior to signing of contract.

3.2.4 **CVs of Key Persons:**

- i. The consultant is required to make a Team of Key personnels as mentioned in para 3.2.3 (x) above on INFRACON Portal for submission of proposal. It

may please be ensured that the details in the format are provided and the information furnished therein is true and correct. The CV of key personnel on INFRACON shall indicate the work in hand and the duration till which the person will be required to be engaged in that assignment. The Firm shall ensure that details furnished in the CV by the personnel are correct. If any information is found incorrect, at any stage, action including termination and debarment from future NHIDCL projects for a minimum period of 2 years may be taken by NHIDCL on the personnel and the Firm.

- ii. The minimum requirements of Qualification and Experience of all key personnel are listed in Enclosure-II of TOR. If a proposed key personnel does not possess the minimum (essential) educational qualification as given at enclosure-II of TOR, Zero marks shall be assigned to such CV and such CV shall not be evaluated further. CV of a proposed key personnel who does not meet the minimum experience requirement as given at enclosure-II of TOR shall be evaluated and the marks obtained shall be taken into consideration during evaluation of Technical Proposal (except Team leader). However if a firm with such key personnel is declared the “most preferred bidder” for a particular package, such key personnel should be replaced before signing of contract with a person meeting requirements of Qualification and Experience as given at enclosure-II of TOR and whose CV secures 75 % marks and above. **The CV of the proposed Team Leader should score at least 75 % marks otherwise the entire proposal shall be considered to have failed in the evaluation of Technical Proposals and shall not be considered for opening of Financial Proposals.**
- iii. All the key personnels mentioned in the data sheet should be available from beginning of the project. Other Key Personnel with intermittent input are allowed to be deployed/proposed in 2 teams at a time. **If same CV is submitted by two or more firms, zero marks shall be given for such CV for all the firms.**
- iv. The availability of key personnel must be ensured for the duration of project as per proposed work programme. If a firm claims that a key personnel proposed by them is a permanent employee of the firm (the personnel should have worked in the firm continuously for a period of at least 1 year), a certificate to the effect be furnished by the firm.
- v. The age limit for key personnel is 65 years as on the date of proposal submission. The proof of age and qualification of the key personnel must be furnished on the INFRACON portal..
- vi. An undertaking from the key personnel must be furnished that he/she will be available for entire duration of the project assignment and will not engage himself/herself in any other assignment during the period of his/her assignment on the project. After the award of work, in case of non-availability of key personnel in spite of his/her declaration, he/she shall be debarred for a period of two years for all projects of NHIDCL.
- vii. Age limit for sub-professional and supporting staff to be deployed on project is 65 years as on the date of proposal submission.

- viii. A good working knowledge of English Language is essential for key professional and sub-professional staff on this assignment. Study reports must be in English Language.
- ix. Photo, contact address and phone/mobile number of key personnel should be furnished in the CV on INFRACON portal.
- x. Availability of few key professional staff engaged for preparation of Detailed Project Report for the envisaged project may be ensured during first 3 to 4 months after start of the civil work at site during the period of survey and review of DPR by the Supervision consultant/Authority Engineer. For this purpose, payment shall be made as per actual site deployment of the key personnel at the man month rates quoted by the firm in their financial proposal.
- xi. It may please be noted that in case the requirement of the 'Experience' of the consultant as mentioned in the "Proof of Eligibility" is met by any foreign company (if allowed), their real involvement for the intended project shall be mandatory. This can be achieved either by including certain man-months input of key experts belonging to the parent foreign company, or by submitting at least the draft feasibility report and draft DPR duly reviewed by the parent firm and their paying visit to the site and interacting with NHIDCL. In case of key personnel proposed by the foreign company, they should be on its pay roll for at least last six months (from the date of submission).
- xii. In case a consultant is proposing key personnel from educational/research institutions, a '**No Objection Certificate**' from the concerned institution should be enclosed with the CV of the proposed key personnel committing his services for the instant project.

3.2.5 The technical proposal must not include any financial information.

3.3 Financial Proposal

- 3.3.1 The Financial proposal should include the costs associated with the assignment. These shall normally cover: remuneration for staff (foreign and local, in the field, office etc.), accommodation, transportation, equipment, printing of documents, surveys, geotechnical investigations etc. This cost should be broken down into foreign and local costs. Your financial proposal should be prepared strictly using, the formats attached in Appendix – IV. Your financial proposal should clearly indicate the amount asked for by you without any assumptions of conditions attached to such amounts. Conditional offer or the proposal not furnished in the format attached in Appendix-IV shall be considered non-responsive and is liable to be rejected.
- 3.3.2 The financial proposal shall take into account all types of the tax liabilities and cost of insurance specified in the Data Sheet.
- 3.3.3 Costs shall be expressed in Indian Rupees in case of domestic as well as for foreign personnel. The payments shall be made in Indian Rupees by the NHIDCL.

- 3.3.4 Consultants are required to charge only rental of equipments / software(s) use so as to economize in their financial bid.

4. Submission of Proposals

- 4.1 The consultant shall submit the proposal (Proof of Eligibility and Technical Proposal) comprising the documents as mentioned under clause 3.1.1 and 3.2.3 respectively to meet the requirements of ‘Proof of Eligibility’ and ‘Technical Proposal’ online only. A Consultant with “a Particular Team” may submit only one proposal of “proof of eligibility (Part 1 Para 5.1 i to vii)” and “Technical Proposal (Part II)” to NHIDCL even for multiple packages applied by them with a particular team on or before the deadline of submission of proposal. A consultant can apply for a particular package with one team only. The packages for which a Consultant with “a Particular Team” applies should be clearly mentioned in their proposal. However, Consultants are required to submit a copy of Proof of Eligibility and Technical Proposal online separately for each package. Financial proposal for each package are to be submitted separately. Financial proposal are only to be submitted online and no hard copy of the financial proposal should be submitted.

The document listed in para 3.1.1 (iv), (vi), (vii) shall be submitted in original by the H-1 bidder to the Authority before issue of LOA.

- 4.2 The proposal must be prepared in indelible ink and must be signed by the authorized representative of the consultants. The letter of authorization must be confirmed by a written power of attorney accompanying the proposals. All pages of the Proof of Eligibility and Technical Proposal must be initialed by the person or persons signing the proposal.
- 4.3 The proposal must contain no interlineations or overwriting except as necessary to correct errors made by the Consultants themselves, in which cases such corrections must be initialed by the person or persons signing the proposal.
- 4.4 Your proposal must be valid for the number of days stated in the Data Sheet from the closing date of submission of proposal.

5. Proposal Evaluation

5.1 Stage I- Proof of Eligibility

The proposals would be evaluated by a Committee constituted by NHIDCL. A three stage procedure will be adopted in evaluating the proposal. In the first stage- Proof of Eligibility, it will be examined as to whether:

- i) The proposal is accompanied by ‘Letter of Proposal’ The proposal is accompanied by Document fee
- ii) The consultant(s) have required experience
- iii) The consultant(s) have required turnover
- iv) The proposal is accompanied by Document fee

- v) The proposals have been received on or before the dead line of submission.
- vi) The documents are properly signed by the authorized signatories and whether the proposal contains proper POA as mentioned at para 1.8.1 above
- vii) In case a Joint Venture/Association of firms, the proposal shall be accompanied by a certified copy of legally binding Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) on a stamp paper of Rs.100, signed by all firms to the joint venture/Association as detailed at para 1.8.2 above

In case answers to any of the above items is 'No' the proposal shall be declared as non-responsive and shall not be evaluated further.

A Consultant satisfying the minimum Eligibility Criteria as mentioned in the Data sheet and who had submitted the above mentioned documents shall be declared "pass" in Proof of Eligibility and the Technical Proposals of only those consultants shall be opened and evaluated further.

5.2 Stage II- Technical evaluation

In the second stage the Technical proposal shall be evaluated as per the detailed evaluation criteria given in Data Sheet.

A proposal securing 75 points shall be declared pass in the evaluation

Technical Proposal. **The technical proposal should score at least 75 points out of 100 to be considered for financial evaluation. The CV of the proposed Team Leader should score at least 75 % marks otherwise the entire proposal shall be considered to have failed in the evaluation of Technical Proposals** and shall not be considered for opening of Financial Proposals.

5.3 Stage III- Evaluation of Financial Proposal

- 5.3.1 In case for a particular package, only one firm is eligible for opening of Financial Proposals, the Financial Proposal shall not be opened, the proposal for that package shall be cancelled and NHIDCL shall invite fresh proposals for this package. For financial evaluation, total cost of financial proposal excluding Goods & Service Tax shall be considered. Goods & Service Tax shall be payable extra.
- 5.3.2 The evaluation committee will determine whether the financial proposals are complete (i.e. whether they have included cost of all items of the corresponding proposals; if not, then their cost will be considered as NIL but the consultant shall however be required to carry out such obligations without any compensation. In case, if client feels that the work cannot be carried out within overall cost of financial proposal, the proposal can be rejected. The client shall correct any computational errors and correct prices in various currencies to the single currency specified in Data Sheet. The evaluation shall exclude those taxes, duties, fees, levies and other charges imposed under the applicable law & applied to foreign components/ resident consultants.

5.3.3 For a package, the procedure as mentioned at Clauses 5.3.4, 5.4 and, 5.5 as mentioned below shall be followed for determining the “most preferred bidder (H-1 bidder)” for this package.

5.3.4 The lowest financial proposal (FM) will be given a financial score (SF) of 100 points. The financial scores of other proposals will be computed as follows:

$$SF = 100 \times FM/F$$

(SF = Financial Score, FM= Amount of lowest bid, F= Amount of financial proposal converted in the common currency)

5.4 Combined evaluation of Technical and Financial Proposals.

Proposals will finally be ranked according to their combined technical (ST) and Financial (SF) scores using the weights indicated in the Data Sheet:

$$S = ST \times T + SF \times f$$

Where,

S= Combined Score,

ST= Technical Score out of 100

SF= Financial Score out of 100

T and f are values of weightage for technical and financial proposals respectively as given in the Data Sheet.

5.5 Most Preferred Bidder (H-1).

For a particular package, a Consultant with a “particular Team” having the maximum Combined score (S) shall be declared as the **most preferred bidder (H-1)**.

5.6 In case work has to be awarded for multiple packages, award of work to a Consultant with “a Particular Team” either as sole or as in JV shall be limited to one package only. At first, Consultants who become H-1 in one package each shall be assigned the respective package. Then packages in which a Consultant with “a Particular Team” turns out to be the most preferred bidder (H-1) in more than one package shall be considered. In case, a Consultant with “a Particular Team” turns out to be the most preferred consultant (H-1) in more than one package, the package which is to be awarded to this team of a consultant shall be determined on the basis of least cost to NHIDCL considering the Financial Quote of H-1 consultant and H-2 consultant limited to those packages. Procedure to be followed for awarding work based on QCBS including assessment of least cost to NHIDCL under special circumstances i.e. When a Consultant with “a Particular Team” turns out to be the most preferred consultant (H-1) in more than one package is given at Annex-II.

6. Performance Security

- 6.1** The consultant will furnish within 15 days of the issue of Letter of Acceptance (LOA), an unconditional Bank Guarantee equivalent to **3% of the total contract value** from **Public Sector Banks or Scheduled Private Banks having the Net Worth of Rs 1,000/- crores or more as per the latest annual report of the bank, in favour of the Authority. The list of such banks is mentioned as below. The Authority reserves the right to add or remove any of names bank on which BG shall be accepted based on advisories from the Govt./RBI. The BGs issued by 'Foreign Banks' and Banks not mentioned in the given list shall not be accepted.** In case of JV, the BG shall be furnished on behalf of the JV or by the lead member of the JVs for an amount equivalent to 3% of the total contract value towards Performance Security valid for a period of three years beyond the date of completion of services, or end of civil works contract, whichever earlier. **The Bank Guarantee will be released by NHIDCL upon expiry of 3 years beyond the date of completion of services, or end of civil works contract, whichever earlier, provided rectification of errors if any, found during implementation of the contract for civil work and satisfactory report by NHIDCL in this regard is issued. However, if contract is foreclosed / terminated by NHIDCL at Inception Stage, with no fault of Consultant, Performance Security shall be released within three months from date of foreclosure / termination.**

List of Scheduled Public Sector Banks	List of Private Sector Banks
1. Bank of Baroda	1. Axis Bank Ltd.
2. Bank of India	2. Bandhan Bank Ltd.
3. Bank of Maharashtra	3. CSB Bank Ltd.
4. Canara Bank	4. City Union Bank Ltd.
5. Central Bank of India	5. DCB Bank Ltd.
6. Indian Bank	6. Federal Bank Ltd.
7. Indian Overseas Bank	7. HDFC Bank Ltd.
8. Punjab National Bank	8. ICICI Bank Ltd.
9. Punjab & Sind Bank	9. Indusind Bank Ltd.
10. State Bank of India	10. IDFC First Bank Ltd.
11. UCO Bank	11. Jammu & Kashmir Bank Ltd.
12. Union Bank of India	12. Karnataka Bank Ltd.
	13. Karur Vysya Bank Ltd.
	14. Kotak Mahindra Bank Ltd.
	15. Lakshmi Vilas Bank Ltd.
	16. RBL Bank Ltd.
	17. South Indian Bank Ltd.
	18. Tamilnadu Mercantile Bank Ltd.
	19. YES Bank Ltd.
	20. IDBI Bank Ltd.

- 6.2** Deleted.

6.3 In the event the Consultant fails to provide the security within 15 days of date of LOA, it may seek extension of time for a period of 15 (Fifteen) days on payment of damages for such extended period in a sum of calculated at the rate of 0.05% (Zero Point Zero Five Percent) of the Bid price for each day until the performance security is provided. For the avoidance of doubt the agreement shall be deemed to be terminated on expiry of additional 15 days time period.

6.4 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Agreement, the Parties agree that in the event of failure of the Consultant to provide the Performance Security in accordance with the provisions of Clause 6.1 and 6.2 within the time specified therein or such extended period as may be provided by the Authority, in accordance with the provisions of Clause 6.3, all rights, privileges, claims and entitlements of the Consultant under or arising out of this Agreement shall be deemed to have been waived by, and to have ceased with the concurrence of the Consultant and the LoA shall be deemed to have been withdrawn by mutual agreement of the Parties. Authority may take action to debar such firms for future projects for a period of 1-2 year.

7. Penalty

The consultant will indemnify for any direct loss or damage that accrue due to deficiency in services in carrying out Detailed Project Report. Penalty shall be imposed on the consultants for poor performance/ deficiency in service as expected from the consultant and as stated in General Conditions of Contract.

8. Award of Contract

NHIDCL shall issue letter of award to selected Consultant and ask the Consultant to provide Performance Security as in Para 6 above. If the selected Consultant fail to provide performance security within the prescribed time or the Consultant fail to sign the Contract Agreement within prescribed time, the Client may invite the 2nd highest ranking bidder Consultant and follow the procedure outlined in Para 8 and 9 of this Letter of Invitation.

9. Signing of Contract Agreement

After having received the performance security and verified it, NHIDCL shall invite the selected consultant for signing of Contract Agreement on a date and time convenient to both parties within 15 days of receipt of valid Performance Security.

10. NHIDCL shall keep the consultants informed during the entire bidding process and shall host the following information on its website:

- i) Notice Inviting Proposal (NIP)
- ii) Request For Proposal (RFP)
- iii) Replies to pre-proposal queries, if any
- iv) Amendments / corrigendum to RFP
- v) List of consultants who submitted the proposals up to the deadline of submission
- vi) List of consultants who did not pass the eligibility requirements, stating the broad deficiencies
- vii) List of consultants who did not pass the Technical Evaluation stating the reasons.

- viii) List of consultants along with the technical score, who qualified for opening the financial proposal
- ix) Final Score of qualified consultants
- x) Name of the consultant who is awarded the Contract

11. It is the NHIDCL policy that the consultants observe the highest standard of ethics during the selection and execution of such contracts. In pursuance of this policy, the NHIDCL:

(a) Defines, for the purpose of this paragraph, the terms set forth below as follows:

- (i) “corrupt practice” means the offering, giving, receiving, or soliciting, directly or indirectly, of anything of value to influence the action of a public official in the selection process or in contract execution;
 - (ii) “fraudulent practice” means a misrepresentation or omission of facts in order to influence a selection process or the execution of a contract;
 - (iii) “collusive practices” means a scheme or arrangement between two or more consultants with or without the knowledge of the Client, designed to establish prices at artificial, non-competitive levels;
 - (iv) “coercive practices” means harming or threatening to harm, directly or indirectly, persons or their property to influence their participation in a procurement process, or affect the execution of a contract.
- (b) will reject a proposal for award if it determines that the Consultant recommended for award has, directly or through an agent, engaged in corrupt, fraudulent, collusive or coercive practices in competing for the contract in question;
- (c) will declare a firm ineligible, either indefinitely or for a stated period of time, to be awarded a contract if it at any time determines that the firm has engaged in corrupt or fraudulent practices in competing for, or in executing, a contract; and

will have the right to require that a provision be included requiring consultants to permit the Employer to inspect their accounts and records relating to the performance of the contract and to have them audited by authorized representatives of Employer.”

12. Confirmation

We would appreciate you informing us by facsimile/e-mail whether or not you will submit a proposal.

Thanking you.

Yours sincerely,

(B.Shivprasad)
General Manager (Technical)
National Highways & Infrastructure Development Corporation Ltd.
2nd Floor, PTI Building, 4- Parliament Street, New Delhi- 110001
Contact No. 011-23461674
Email: sanjeev.malik@gov.in, shivprasad.152p@gov.in

Encl. as above

ANNEX-1**Details of the stretch proposed for DPR preparation**

Consultancy Services for Preparation of Detailed Project Report for 2 lane road from Tetwal (Kashmir) to Drass (Ladakh) in the UT of Jammu & Kashmir and Ladakh.

S. No.	Road details	Section	State/UT	Tentative Length (in km)	Completion Period
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Road along the Border in Kashmir	Tetwal to Drass	J&K and Ladakh	Length of Road = 339 Kms Length of Tunnels = 18 Kms Max. length of tunnel = 6.00 km Nos. of tunnels = 08 (approx.)	08 months

ANNEX-II

Procedure of Awarding Work based on QCBS including Assessment of Least Cost to NHIDCL under Special Circumstances i.e. When a Consultant with a particular team becomes H-1 bidder in more than one package

However, Award of work to a Consultant with “a Particular Team” either as sole or as in JV/Association shall be limited to one package only. Following procedure shall be followed for the selection of the most preferred bidder for the consultancy assignment:

1. At first, Consultants who become H-1 in one package each shall be assigned the respective package. Then packages in which a Consultant with “a Particular Team” turns out to be the most preferred bidder (H-1) in more than one package shall be considered. In case, a Consultant with “a Particular Team” turns out to be the most preferred bidder (H-1) in more than one package, the package which is to be awarded to this team of a consultant shall be determined on the basis of least cost to NHIDCL considering the Financial Quote of H-1 bidder and H-2 Bidder limited to those packages which shall be worked out as per procedure illustrated with an example as mentioned below.
2. Suppose there are 8 packages namely Package-1, Package-2, Package -3, Package-4, Package -5, package -6, package-7 and Package-8 respectively. It is also assumed that 10 consultants namely P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X and Y has applied for these packages. It is also assumed that three Consultants namely P, R and U has applied with two Teams and the remaining Consultants have applied with only one team. It is also assumed that the following is the position of various firms after opening of the Financial proposals (and after arithmetic corrections if any of the Financial bids) of the packages and after applying QCBS

	H-1	H-2	H-3	H-4	H-5	H-6
Package no.	Name of Consultants and Financial Quotes (Rs in lakhs)					
Package-1	P (team-1)	Q	W	X	T	Y
	230 lakhs	200 lakhs	240 lakhs	220 lakhs	200 lakhs	230 lakhs
Package-2	V	U(team-1)	X	P (team-2)	T	Y
	240 lakhs	210 lakhs	240 lakhs	220 lakhs	200 lakhs	230 lakhs
Package-3	V	P(team-1)	U(team-1)	R (team-2)	X	Y
	200 lakhs	230 lakhs	250 lakhs	230 lakhs	220 lakhs	200 lakhs
Package-4	R (team-1)	T	U (team-2)	P (team-2)	Y	X
	250 lakhs	220 lakhs	250 lakhs	260 lakhs	220 lakhs	245 lakhs
Package-5	R (team-1)	V	S	U(team-2)	W	T
	220 lakhs	240 lakhs	260 lakhs	250 lakhs	220 lakhs	240 lakhs
Package-6	Q	T	S	P (team-2)	W	U (team-2)
	210 lakhs	240 lakhs	250 lakhs	220 lakhs	200 lakhs	230 lakhs
Package-7	R (team-1)	U (team-1)	Q	S	W	Y
	200 lakhs	220 lakhs	240 lakhs	255 lakhs	230 lakhs	240 lakhs
Package-8	V	R(team-1)	W	S	P (team-1)	Y
	190 lakhs	250 lakhs	220 lakhs	240 lakhs	255 lakhs	240 lakhs

The different packages shall be awarded to consultants as mentioned below:

2.1 Step-1:

In this case, Consultants P (team-1) and Q are the H-1 in only one package each namely package-1 and package-6 respectively. Consultant V is H-1 in 3 packages namely Package-2, Package-3 and Package-8 respectively. Consultant R (team-1) is H-1 in 3 packages namely Package-4, Package-5 and Package-7 respectively. Since Consultant P (team-1) is H-1 in Package-1 only and Consultant Q is H-1 in Package-6 only, Consultant P (team-1) shall be awarded Package-1 and Consultant Q shall be awarded Package-6.

2.2 Step-2:

After Consultant P (team-1) is awarded Package-1 and Consultant Q is awarded Package-6, the scenario for the remaining 6 packages is as given below. P (team-1) and Q occurring anywhere else stands deleted as they have already been awarded one work each

	H-1	H-2	H-3	H-4	H-5	H-6
Package No.	Name of Consultants and Financial Quotes (Rs in lakhs)					
Package-2	V	U(team-1)	X	P (team-2)	T	Y
	240 lakhs	210 lakhs	240 lakhs	220 lakhs	200 lakhs	230 lakhs
Package-3	V	U(team-1)	R (team-2)	X	Y	
	200 lakhs	250 lakhs	230 lakhs	220 lakhs	200 lakhs	
Package-4	R (team-1)	T	U (team-2)	P (team-2)	Y	X
	250 lakhs	220 lakhs	250 lakhs	260 lakhs	220 lakhs	245 lakhs
Package-5	R (team-1)	V	S	U (team-2)	W	T
	220 lakhs	240 lakhs	260 lakhs	250 lakhs	220 lakhs	240 lakhs
Package-7	R (team-1)	U (team-1)	S	W	Y	
	200 lakhs	220 lakhs	255 lakhs	230 lakhs	240 lakhs	
Package-8	V	R(team-1)	W	S	Y	
	190 lakhs	250 lakhs	220 lakhs	240 lakhs	240 lakhs	

Consultant V shall be awarded only one package out of the 3 packages for which it is H-1 namely Package-2, Package-3 and Package-8 respectively. Similarly Consultant R (team-1) shall be awarded only one package out of the 3 packages for which it is H-1 namely Package-4, Package-5 and Package-7 respectively. The determination of package to be awarded to Consultant V and Consultant R (team-1) shall be worked out in a single step (i.e. one at a time). New H-1 for the remaining packages (4 packages) shall be worked out

only after determination of packages to be awarded to the H-1 bidders at this stage [i.e. Consultant V and R (Team-1) in the instant case] in one step . Determination of Package to be awarded to each of Consultant V and Consultant R (team-1) shall be worked out as follows

- (i) After the award of Package-1 to Consultant –P (team-1) and Package -6 to Consultant – Q and also considering that a Consultant with a particular team can be awarded only one work, the details of H-1 and H-2 / New H-2 in the remaining 6 packages are as mentioned below .Since V is H-1 in more than one package and shall be awarded one of these packages, V has been deleted from all other packages .Similarly, since R(Team-1) in more than one package and shall be awarded one of these packages, R (Team-1) has been deleted from all other packages

	H-1	H-2 / New H-2	Remarks
Package-2	V	U(team-1)	
	240 lakhs	210 lakhs	
Package-3	V	U(team-1)	Since Consultant P (Team-1) is awarded Package-1, Consultant U (team-1) becomes the new H-2
	200 lakhs	250 lakhs	
Package-4	R (team-1)	T	
	250 lakhs	220 lakhs	
Package-5	R (team-1)	S	
	220 lakhs	260 lakhs	
Package-7	R (team-1)	U (team-1)	
	200 lakhs	220 lakhs	
Package-8	V	W	Consultant-R(team-1) has not been considered as H-2 since Consultant –C (team-1) is to be awarded one package out of the packages 4,5 and 7 in which it is H-1. Hence Consultant – W is the new H-2
	190 lakhs	220 lakhs	

- (ii) Package to be awarded to Consultant –V who is H-1 in three packages namely Package - 2, 3 and 8 respectively shall be determined on the basis of least cost to NHIDCL considering the Financial Quote of H-1 bidder and H-2 Bidder limited to those packages The situation for least cost to NHIDCL shall be when the firm with Consultant –G is awarded the package for which Financial Bid of second ranked team (H-2) minus Financial Bid of the first ranked team (H-1) is maximum. The same is illustrated as given below

	H-1	H-2 / New H-2	Financial Bid of H-2/ New H-2 <u>minus</u> Financial Bid of H-1	Remarks
Package-2	V	U(team-1)	210-240 = (-) 30 lakhs	
	240 lakhs	210 lakhs		
Package-3	V	U(team-1)	250 – 200 = (+) 50 lakhs	H-2 minus H-1 is Maximum. Hence Consultant V shall be awarded Package-3
	200 lakhs	250 lakhs		
Package-8	V	W	220 – 190 = (+) 30 lakhs	

In a similar way, Package to be awarded to Consultant – R (team-1) who is H-1 in three packages namely Package -4, 5 and 7 respectively shall be determined as illustrated below:

	H-1	H-2 / New H-2	Financial Bid of H-2/ New H-2 <u>minus</u> Financial Bid of H-1	Remarks
Package-4	R (team-1)	T	220-250 = (-) 30 lakhs	
	250 lakhs	220 lakhs		
Package-5	R (team-1)	S	260 – 220 = (+) 40 lakhs	H-2 minus H-1 is Maximum. Hence Consultant – R (team- 1) shall be awarded Package- 5
	220 lakhs	260 lakhs		
Package-7	R (team-1)	U (team-1)	220 – 200 = (+) 20 lakhs	
	200 lakhs	220 lakhs		

2.3 Step-3

- (i) After the award of the above mentioned 4 packages namely, Package-1 to Consultant–P (team-1), Package -6 to Consultant –Q, Package -3 to Consultant – V, Package -5 to Consultant –R (team-1) and also considering that a Consultant with a particular team can be awarded only one work, the details of new H-1 and New H-2 in the remaining 4 packages are as mentioned below

	H-1 (New H-1)	H-2 (New H-2)	Remarks
Package-2	U(team-1)	X	Since Consultant V is awarded Package-3 , Consultant U (team-1) becomes the new H-1 and Consultant X becomes the new H-2
	210 lakhs	240 lakhs	
Package-4	T	U (team-2)	Since Consultant -R(team-1) is awarded Package-5 , Consultant T becomes the new H-1 and Consultant U (team-2) becomes the new H-2
	220 lakhs	240 lakhs	
Package-7	U (team-1)	S	Since Consultant R(team-1) is awarded Package-5 , Consultant U (team-1) becomes the new H-1 and Consultant S becomes the new H-2
	220 lakhs	255 lakhs	
Package-8	W	S	Since Consultant V is awarded Package-3 , Consultant W becomes the new H-1 and Consultant S becomes the new H-2
	220 lakhs	240 lakhs	

- (ii) Consultant T is the new H-1 for only one package namely Package-4. Similarly Consultant W is the new H-1 for only one package namely Package-8. Accordingly Package- 8 shall be awarded to Consultant–W and Package -4 shall be awarded to Consultant–T.

2.4 Step-4:

Consultant U (team-1) is the new H-1 for package- 2 and Package-7 respectively and Consultant U (team-1) shall be awarded only one package out of this 2 packages. Package to be awarded to Consultant –U (team-1) shall be determined as illustrated below

	H-1	H-2 / New H-2	Financial Bid of H-2/ New H-2 <u>minus</u> Financial Bid of H-1	Remarks
Package-2	U(team-1)	X	240-210 = (+)30 lakhs	
	210 lakhs	240 lakhs		
Package-7	U (team-1)	S	255 – 220 = (+) 35 lakhs	H-2 minus H-1 is Maximum. Hence Consultant – U (team-1) shall be awarded Package- 7
	220 lakhs	255 lakhs		

2.5 Step-5 :

- (i) After the award of the above mentioned 7 packages namely, Package-1 to Consultant–P (team-1) , Package -6 to Consultant –Q, Package -3 to Consultant – V, Package -5 to Consultant –R (team-1), Package-4 to Consultant -T, Package -8 to Consultant-W, package-7 to Consultant –U (team-1) team and also considering that a Consultant with a particular team can be awarded only one work , the details

of new H-1 and / New H-2 in the remaining package i.e. package -2 is as mentioned below

	H-1 (New H-1)	H-2 (New H-2)	Remarks
Package-2	X	A (team-2)	Since Consultant V is awarded Package-3 and Consultant U (team-1) is awarded package- 7 , Consultant X becomes the new H-1 and Consultant P(team-2) becomes the new H-2
	240 lakhs	220 lakhs	

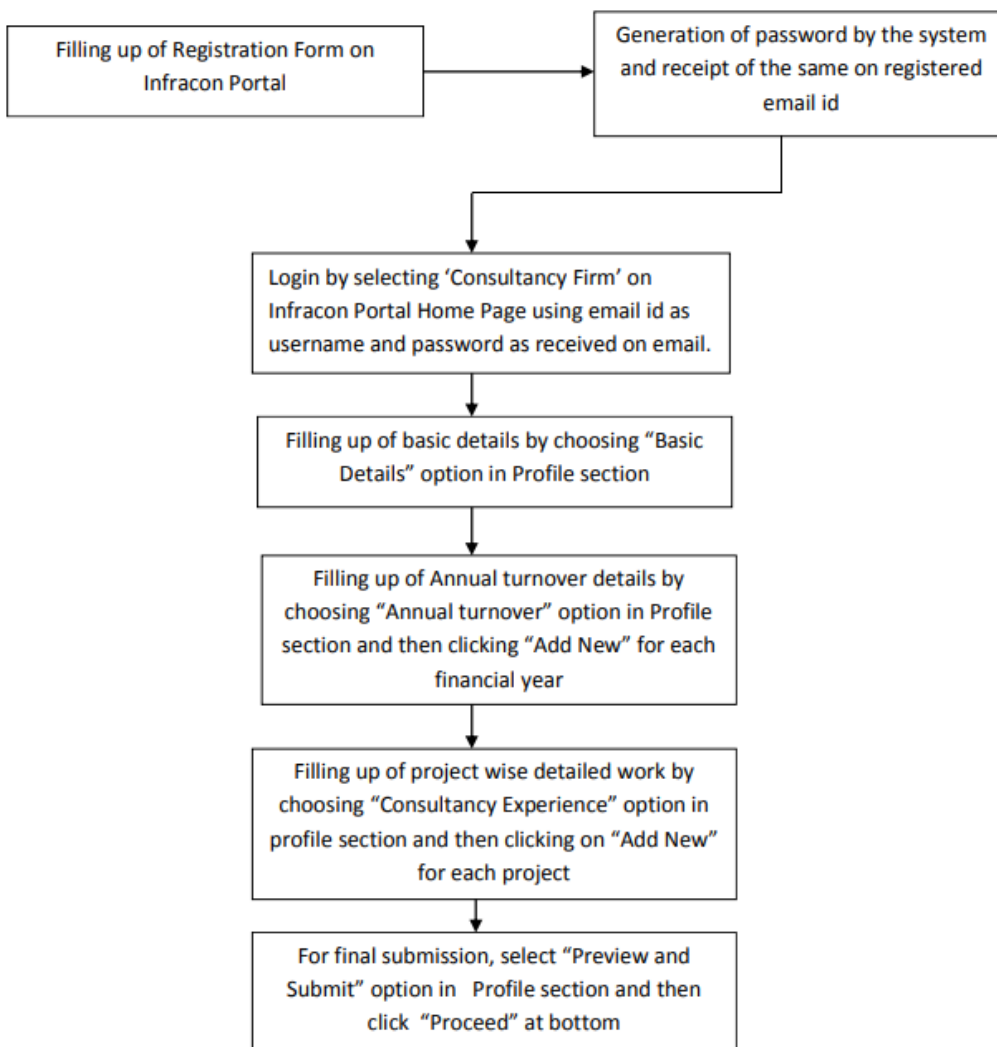
- (ii) Consultant X is the new H-1 for only one package namely Package-2. Accordingly, Package -2 shall be awarded to Consultant –X.

3. Thus as per the above mentioned procedure the 8 packages are awarded to the following Consultant at the Financial Quoted (after arithmetic Corrections) by them for the respective packages

Package No.	Name of Consultants awarded packages
Package-1	Consultant- P (team-1)
Package-2	Consultant- X
Package-3	Consultant- V
Package-4	Consultant- T
Package-5	Consultant- R (team-1)
Package-6	Consultant- Q
Package-7	Consultant- U (team-1)
Package-8	Consultant- W

OPERATION BY CONSULTANCY FIRM:

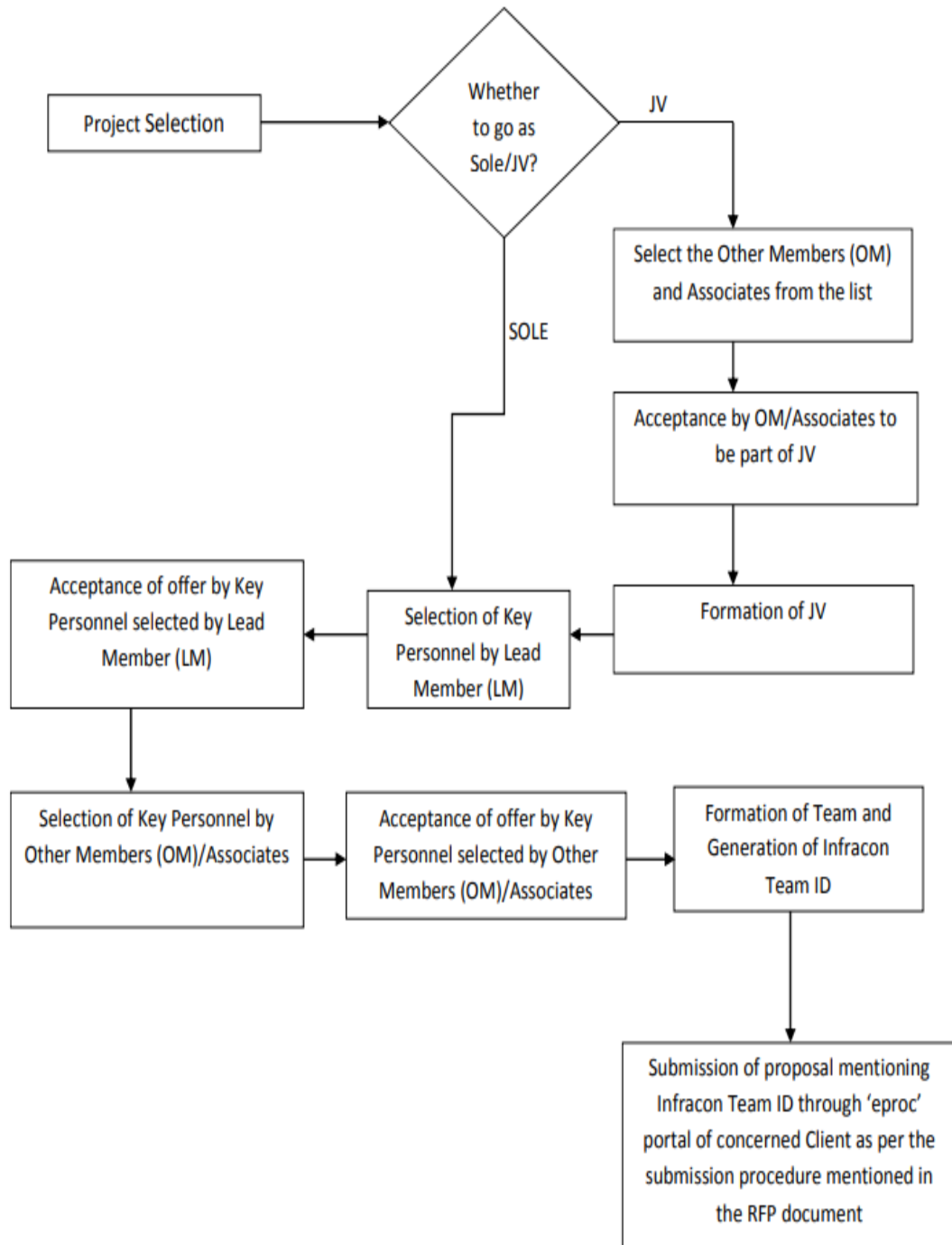
- (a) For taking part in the bidding process the consultancy firm has to first get itself registered on the Infracon portal.

(i) Registration Procedure:

Note: Any change in the basic details is permitted by going to "basic details" from profile section, making modification, clicking submit, choosing "Preview & Submit" button from Profile section and clicking "Proceed".

(ii) **Bidding Procedure:**

Having chosen the Project for bidding, the following procedure shall be followed:



DATA SHEET

I (References to corresponding paragraphs of LOI are mentioned alongside)

1. **The Name of the Assignment and description of project as mentioned in Annex-I (Ref. Para 1.1)**

“Consultancy Services for Preparation of Detailed Project Report for 2 lane road from Tetwal (Kashmir) to Drass (Ladakh) in the UT of Jammu & Kashmir and Ladakh”.
2. **The name of the Client is :** NHIDCL
3. **Duration of the Project :** 08 months
4. **Deleted**
5. **The Documents are :** (Ref. Para 2.1)
 - i. Appendix-I: Terms of Reference (TOR)
 - ii. Appendix-II Formats for Proof of Eligibility
 - iii. Appendix-III: Formats for Technical Proposal
 - iv. Appendix-IV: Formats for Financial Proposal
 - v. Appendix-V: Detailed Evaluation Criteria
 - vi. Appendix –VI Draft Contract Agreement
 - vii. Appendix –VII DPR Checklist
 - viii. Appendix –VIII Sample Executive Summary
6. **The Key professional staff to be evaluated and deployed are as below:**
 - i. Team Leader cum Senior Highway Engineer
 - ii. Senior Tunnel Expert
 - iii. Tunnel Design Expert
 - iv. Highway cum Pavement Engineer
 - v. Senior Geotechnical Engineer
7. **Tax and Insurance (Ref. Para 3.3.2)**
 - (i). The Consultants and their personnel shall pay all taxes (including Goods & service tax), custom duties, fees, levies and other impositions levied under the laws prevailing seven days before the last date of submission of the bids. The effects of any increase / decrease of any type of taxes levied by the Government shall be borne by the Client / Consultant, as appropriate.

- (ii). Limitations of the Consultant's Liability towards the Client shall be as per Clause 3.4 of Draft Contract Agreement.
- (iii). The risk and coverage shall be as per Clause 3.5 of Draft Contract Agreement.
8. The entire stretch of 339 KM has to be divided into three sub-sections as per site condition and separate dedicated sub-professional team for each sub-section is required to be deployed as per BOQ for timely completion of DPR.
9. **Document Fee:** The fee for the document amounting to **Rs. 5,900/- (Rupees Five Thousand Nine Hundred only)** (Rs. 5,000/- plus GST@18%) (Non-refundable) is to be deposited online (RTGS/NEFT/Other online mode) to the NHIDCL's Bank account as mentioned below. A copy of payment receipt (RTGS/NEFT/Other online mode) must be submitted.

Sl. No.	Particular	Details
1	Name of Beneficiary	National Highways & Infrastructure Development Corporation Limited
2	Beneficiary Bank Account No.	90621010002610
3	Beneficiary Bank Branch Name and Address	Syndicate Bank, Transport Bhawan, 1st Parliament Street, New Delhi 110001
4	Beneficiary Bank Branch IFSC	SYNB0009062

10. The date, time and Address of proposal submission are

Sl. No.	Description	Date & Time
1	Invitation of RFP (NIP)	19.12.2020
2	Last date of receiving queries	27.12.2020
3	Pre-proposal meeting at venue	28.12.2020 at 1500 Hrs
4	Authority response to queries latest by	01.01.2021
5	Proposal Due Date	18.01.2021 at 1100 Hrs
6	Opening of Technical proposals at venue	19.01.2021 at 1130 Hrs
7	Declaration eligible / qualified bidders	To be intimated later
8	Opening of Financial Proposal	To be intimated later
9	Letter of Award (LOA)	To be intimated later
10	Validity of BID	120 days from bid due date
11	Signing of Agreement	Within 15 days of issuance of LOA

Address : General Manager (Technical)
2nd floor ,PTI Building, 4 Parliament Street,
Sansad Marg Area, New Delhi, Delhi 110001

(Ref. Para 4.4)

11. Proposal Validity period (Number of days): 120 days (Ref. Para 4.5)
12. Evaluation criteria: (Ref. Para 3 & 5)
- 12.1 **Stage-I : Proof of Eligibility Evaluation.** (Ref. Para 3.1 & 5.1)

A Consultant satisfying the minimum Eligibility Criteria as mentioned in Table-1 below and who had submitted the documents mentioned in Para 5.1 shall be declared “pass” in Proof of Eligibility and the Technical Proposals of only those consultants shall be evaluated further.

Table-1: Minimum Eligibility Requirements

Sr. No.	Minimum experience and performance of Preparation of DPR of Road / Tunnel in the last 7 years (NH/SH/Equivalent)	Minimum Requirement
(1)	(2)	(3)
1	(A) Firm applying for this project should have Experience of preparation of Detailed Project Report/Feasibility Report of two/four/six lane projects in hilly and mountainous terrain of aggregate length equal to the indicative length of the project. (B) Firm should have also prepared (i) DPR for at least one project of 2/4/6laning of minimum 40% of the indicative length of the package or Feasibility Study of two/four/six laning of minimum 60% of the indicative length of the package in hilly and mountainous terrain. (ii) DPR for at least one tunnel project of 2/4/6laning of minimum 40% of the indicative length (max. length of tunnel in case of multiple tunnels) of the tunnel or Feasibility Study of two/four/six laning of minimum 60% of the indicative length (max. length of tunnel in case of multiple tunnels) of the tunnel and (iii) DPR for at least one high altitude (2000 mtr or more above MSL) road project of 2/4/6 laning of minimum 5% of the indicative length of the package or feasibility study of 2/4/6 laning of minimum 7.5% of the indicative length of the package. (C) Annual average turnover for last 5 years of the firm should be equal to or more than Rs. 5.00 Crore. Note: 1. The experience of a firm in preparation of DPR for a private concessionaire/contractor shall not be considered. 2. a. Indicative length of the project/package = 339 Kms b. Indicative length of tunnel = 18 Kms c. Maximum length of the tunnel = 6.00 km d. Nos. of tunnels = 08 (approx.)	DPR & Feasibility Report of 339 km (i) DPR of 135.6 km Or Feasibility Report of 203.4 km (ii) DPR of 2.4 km Or Feasibility Report of 3.6 km (iii) DPR of 16.95 km Or Feasibility Report of 25.42 km Rs. 5 crore.

(i) The sole applicant shall fulfill all the requirements given in Table-1.

(ii) In case of JV, the Lead Partner should fulfill at least 50% of all eligibility requirements of 1(A), 1(C) and 1(B) (i) or (ii) or (iii) and the other partner shall fulfill at least 25% of all eligibility

requirements of 1(C) and 1(B) (i) or (ii) or (iii). Jointly, the JV should fulfill 100% of all eligibility requirements.

(iii) If the applicant firm has / have prepared the DPR/FS projects solely on its own, 100% weightage shall be given. If the applicant firm has prepared the DPR/FS projects as a lead partner in a JV, 75% weightage shall be given. If the applicant firm have prepared the DPR projects as the other partner (not lead partner) in a JV, 50% weightage shall be given. If the applicant firm have prepared the DPR/FS projects as an associate, 25% weightage shall be given.

(iv) Similar project means 2/4/6 lane as applicable for the project for which RFP is invited. For 2-lane projects experience of 4/6 lane also to be considered with a multiplication factor of 1.5. Experience of 4/6 lane shall be considered interchangeably for 4/6 laning projects. For 4/6 laning projects, experience of 2 lane will be considered with a multiplication factor of 0.4, but only for those 2 lane projects whose cost of consultancy services was more than Rs.1.0 crore.

(v) Annual Average Turn Over for the last 5 years {In cases where, Audited/Certified copy of Balance Sheet for the FY 2019-20 is available, last five years shall be counted from 2015-16 to 2019-20. However, where audited/certified copy of the Balance Sheet for the FY 2019-20 is not available then the Consultant shall give an undertaking to this effect and the statutory auditor shall certify the same. In such a case, the Bidder shall provide the Audited Annual Reports for 5 (five) years preceding the year for which the Audited Annual Report is not being provided. (Financial Year to be modified as applicable)

12.2 Stage-II : Technical Evaluation (Refer para 5.2)

S. No.	Description	Points
1	Firm's relevant experience in last 7 years	40
2	Material testing, survey & investigation, equipment and software proposed to be used	20
3	Qualification and Relevant experience of the proposed key personnel	40
	Total	100

Further break-up of each criteria has been detailed out below:

A. Firm's relevant experience in last 7 years (40)

S. No.	Description	Maximum Points	Sub-Points
1	Specific experience of the DPR consultancy related to the assignment for eligibility i.e. hilly and mountainous terrain	15	
1.1	Aggregate Length of DPR / Feasibility study of 2/4/ 6 lane projects	8	

1.1.1	More than the indicative Length of the package applied for		6
1.1.2	More than 2 times the indicative length of the package applied for		7
1.1.3	More than 3 times the indicative length of the package applied for		8
1.2	DPR for 2/4/6 laning projects each equal to or more than 40 % of indicative length of a package applied for or Feasibility Study for 2/4/6 laning projects each equal to or more than 60 % of indicative length of a package applied for Or DPR for high altitude (2000 mtr or more above MSL) road project of 2/4/6 laning of minimum 5% of the indicative length of the package or feasibility study of 2/4/6 laning of minimum 7.5% of the indicative length of the package	7	
1.2.1	1 project		5
1.2.2	2 projects		6
1.2.3	≥ 3 projects		7
2	DPR of Bridge having length more than 200 m	5	
2.1	1 bridge		1
2.2	2 bridges		2
2.3	3 bridges		3
2.4	4 bridges		4
2.5	≥ 5 bridges		5
3	Specific experience of firms in terms of turnover	5	
3.1	Firm's Average Turnover of last 5 years > 50 crore		5
3.2	Firm Average Turnover of last 5 years 20-50 crore		4
3.3	Firm Average Turnover of last 5 years > 5 crore but < 20 crore		3
4	DPR of number of tunnels	5	
4.1	1 Tunnel		1
4.2	2 Tunnels		2
4.3	3 Tunnels		3
4.4	4 Tunnels		4
4.5	≥ 5 Tunnels		5
5	Highway Professionals * working with the firm	10	

5.1	<10 nos.		0
5.2	10-20 nos.		8
5.3	> 20-30 nos.		9
5.4	> 30 nos.		10
*The professionals who possess degree in Civil Engineering/Transport Planning/Transport Economics/Traffic Management/Geology/Environment Science or Engineering and 8 years Experience in highway/bridge/tunnel with employment in the firm for more than one year. The current Employment Certificate shall be uploaded by Key Personnel on INFRACON.			

Note:

- (i) In case feasibility study is a part of DPR services, the experience shall be counted in DPR only. In case bridge/Tunnel is included as part of DPR of highway, the experience will be considered under (1), (2) and/or (4), as applicable.
- (ii) Similar project means 2/4/6 lane as applicable for the project for which RFP is invited. For 2-lane projects experience of 4/6 lane also to be considered with a multiplication factor of 1.5. Experience of 4/6 lane shall be considered interchangeably for 4/6 laning projects. For 4/6 laning projects, experience of 2 lane will be considered with a multiplication factor of 0.4, but only for those 2 lane projects whose cost of consultancy services was more than Rs.1.0 crore.
- (iii) Weightage to be given when experience by a Firm as Sole Firm/Lead Partner in a JV/Other Partner in a JV/As Associate

No.	Status of the firm in carrying out DPR/ Feasibility Study	Weightage for experience
1	Sole firm	100 %
2	Lead partner in a JV	75%
3	Other partner in a JV	50 %
4	As Associate partner	25%

- (iv) The experience of a firm in preparation of DPR for a private Concessionaire/contractor shall not be considered.

B. Material testing, survey and investigation, equipment and software proposed to be used (20)

S. No.	Description	Maximum Points	Sub-Points
1	Availability of Material Testing Facilities with persons/resources having operational skills of the equipment	3	

1.1	Owned* (Available In House)		3.00
1.2	Outsourced (Hire basis/Through Associate)		2.25
* Shall be ascertained through the ownership evidence uploaded on INFRACON in regard to major equipments required for testing of materials to be used for construction of Highway Project.			
2	Availability of Field Investigation Facilities with persons/resources having operational skills of the equipment	2	
2.1	Owned** (Available In House)		2.00
2.2	Outsourced (Hire basis/Through Associate)		1.5
** Shall be ascertained through ownership evidence uploaded on INFRACON for construction of Highway Project.			
3	Availability of Office Equipment and Software with persons/resources having operational skills of the equipment	3	
3.1	Owned*** (Available In House)		3.00
3.2	Outsourced (Hire basis/Through Associate)		2.25
*** Shall be ascertained through ownership evidence uploaded on INFRACON for key hardware/software required for Highway consultancy assignment.			
4	Experience in LiDAR or better technology for topographic survey (Infrastructure sector)	5	
4.1	1 project		1
4.2	2 projects		2
4.3	3 projects		3
4.4	4 projects		4
4.5	≥ 5 projects		5
5	Experience in using GPR and Induction Locator or better technologies for detection of sub-surface utilities (Infrastructure sector)	4	
5.1	1 project		1
5.2	2 projects		2
5.3	3 projects		3
5.4	≥ 4 projects		4
6	Experience in digitization of cadastral maps for land surveys	3	
6.1	Area upto 100 ha		1
6.2	Area between 100-500 ha		2
6.3	Area > 500 ha		3

Note: The experience of firm in Lidar or equivalent technology, GPR and Induction Locator or equivalent technologies and Experience in digitization of cadastral maps for land acquisition shall be supported by experience certificate. The experience of a firm in Lidar or equivalent technology, GPR and Induction Locator or equivalent technologies and Experience in Digitization of cadastral maps for land acquisition for a private concessionaire/contractor shall be considered only if the experience certificate is authenticated by the concerned competent Government department/authority.

C. Qualification and relevant experience of the proposed key professional staff (40)

The weightage for various key staff is as under:

S.No.	Key personnel	Points
1	Team Leader cum Senior Highway Engineer	10
2	Senior Tunnel Expert	10
3	Tunnel Design Expert	7
4	Highway cum Pavement Engineer	7
5	Senior Geotechnical Engineer	6
	Total	40

The number of points assigned during the evaluation of qualification and competence of key staff are as given below:

S. No.	Description	Maximum Points	Sub-Points
1	General Qualification	25	
1.1	Essential education qualification		20
1.2	Desirable education qualification		5
2	Relevant experience and adequacy for the project	70	
2.1	Total professional experience		15
2.2	Experience in Highway/Bridge/Tunnel Projects		25
2.3	Experience in Similar Capacity		30
3	Employment with the Firm	5	
3.1	Less than 1 Year		0
3.2	1 year		3
3.3	Add 0.5 marks for each subsequent year subject to maximum of 2 marks		

1. TEAM LEADER cum SENIOR HIGHWAY ENGINEER

S. No.	Description	Max. Points
I	General Qualification	25
i)	Degree in Civil Engineering or equivalent Approved by AICTE	20
ii)	Post Graduation in Highway Engg/ Structures/Traffic and Transportation/ Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering/ Construction Management/ Transportation or equivalent Approved by AICTE	5
II	Relevant Experience & Adequacy for the Project	70
a)	Total Professional Experience	15
	<15 years	0
	15-18 years	11
	>18-21 years	13
	> 21 years	15
(b)	Experience in Highway Projects - Experience in Planning, project preparation and design of Highway Projects (2/4/6 laning of NH/SH/Expressways)	25
	<12 years	0
	12-15 years	19
	>15-18 years	22
	>18 years	25
c)	Experience in Similar Capacity	30
(i)	In Feasibility of 2/4/6 laning works or DPR/IC/Construction Supervision of major highway projects i.e. 2/4/6 laning of NH/SH/Expressways in Similar Capacity (Minimum Aggregate length of 80 km)	20
	< 80km	0
	80 km-150km	15
	>150km-250km	17
	> 250km	20
(ii)	In Feasibility of 2/4/6 laning works or DPR/IC/Construction Supervision of major highway projects i.e. 2/4/6 laning of NH/SH/Expressways in Similar Capacity- Number of Projects	10
	< 2 projects	0
	2 projects	8

	3- 5 projects	9	
	> 5 projects	10	
III	Employment with Firm		5
	> 1 Year	0	
	1 year	3	
	Add 0.5 marks for each subsequent year subject to maximum of 2 marks		
	Total		100

2. SENIOR TUNNEL EXPERT

S. No.	Description	Max. Points
I	General Qualification	25
	i) Degree in Civil Engineering/Tunnel Engineering / Mining Engineering or equivalent Approved by AICTE	20
	ii) Post Graduation in Civil Engineering /Tunnel Engineering/Mining Engineering or equivalent Approved by AICTE	5
II	Relevant Experience & Adequacy for the Project	70
a)	Total Professional Experience	10
	<20 years	0
	20-25 years	8
	>25-28 years	9
	>28 years	10
(b)	Experience in Tunnel Projects	40
	(i) Professional experience in handling major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro)	8
	<12 years	0
	>=12 – 14 years	6
	>14 – 15 years	7
	>15years	8
	(ii) Experience in major tunnel construction/construction supervision projects(Road/Rail/Metro)	8
	<10 years	0
	>=10 – 12 years	7
	>12 years	8
	(iii)Experience in preparation of DPR or Feasibility report of major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro)	8
	<10 years	0
	>=10 – 12 years	7
	>12 years	8
	(iv) Experience in DPR preparation of minimum 5 km Tunnel length	8
	< 3 projects	0

	3 or more projects	8	
	(v) Experience in construction/construction supervision/ preparation of DPR/feasibility report of major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/metro) using NATM		8
	<10 years	0	
	>=10 – 12 years	7	
	>12 years	8	
c)	Experience in Similar Capacity		20
	(i) Experience as Team Leader or similar capacity in major tunnel construction/construction supervision projects (Road/Rail/Metro)		10
	=2 projects	8	
	= 3 to 5 projects	9	
	> 5 or more	10	
	(ii) Experience as Team Leader or similar capacity in preparation of DPR or Feasibility report of major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro)		10
	=2 projects	8	
	= 3 to 5 projects	9	
	> 5 or more	10	
III	Employment with Firm		5
	Less than 1 Year	0	
	1-2 years	3	
	Add 0.5 marks for each subsequent year subject to maximum of 2.0 marks		
	Total		100

3. TUNNEL DESIGN EXPERT

Sr. No.	Description	Max. Points
I	General Qualification	25
i)	Degree in Civil/ Mining Engineering or equivalent Approved by AICTE	20

ii)	Post Graduation in Design/Structural Engineering or equivalent Approved by AICTE		5
II	Relevant Experience & Adequacy for the Project		70
a)	Total Professional Experience		10
	<15 years	0	
	15-20 years	8	
	>20 -25years	9	
	>25years	10	
b)	Experience in Tunnel Projects		30
	(i) Professional Experience in handling major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro)		10
	<10 years	0	
	>=10-12 years	6	
	>12 -14 years	8	
	>14 years	10	
	(ii) Experience of major tunnel construction/construction supervision projects (Road/Rail/Metro)		10
	<10 years	0	
	>=10-12 years	6	
	>12 -14 years	8	
	>14 years	10	
	(iii) Experience in preparation of DPR or Feasibility report of major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro)		10
	<10 years	0	
	>=10-12 years	6	
	>12 -14 years	8	
	>14 years	10	

c)	Experience in Similar Capacity		30
	(i) Professional Experience as Tunnel Design Engineer (Structural)		8
	<8 years	0	
	>=8-10 years	6	
	>10 – 12 years	7	
	>12 years	8	
	(ii) Experience as Tunnel Design Engineer (Structural) of major tunnel construction/construction supervision projects (Road/Rail/Metro)		8
	<8 years	0	
	>=8 – 10 years	6	
	>10-12 years	7	
	>12 years	8	
	(iii) Experience as Tunnel Design Engineer (Structural) of major tunnel for preparation of DPR projects (Road/Rail/Metro)		7
	<8 years	0	
	>=8 – 10 years	5	
	>10-12 years	6	
	>12 years	7	
	(iv) Experience as Tunnel Design Engineer (Structural) in preparation of DPR/ Feasibility report of major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro) using NATM		7
	< 3 projects	0	
	>=3-5 projects	6	
	5 or more projects	7	
III	Employment with Firm		5
	Less than 1 Year	0	

	1-2 years	3	
	Add 0.5 marks for each subsequent year subject to maximum of 2.0 marks		
	Total		100

4. HIGHWAY cum PAVEMENT ENGINEER

Sr. No.	Description		Max. Points
I	General Qualification		25
i)	Degree in Civil Engineering or equivalent Approved by AICTE		20
ii)	Post graduation in Highway Engg/Transportation Engineering or equivalent Approved by AICTE		5
II	Relevant Experience & Adequacy for the Project		70
a)	Total Professional Experience		15
	<8 years	0	
	8-12 years	11	
	>12 -15 years	13	
	>15 years	15	
b)	Experience in Highway Projects - Experience in Design/ Pavement Design of Highway Projects (2/4/6 laning of NH/SH/Expressways)		25
	<6 years	0	
	6-10 years	19	
	>10 -15 years	22	
	>15 years	25	
c)	Experience in Similar Capacity		30
(i)	In Design/ Pavement Design of Highway Projects (2/4/6 laning of NH/SH/Expressways) in Similar Capacity (Minimum aggregate length 80 km)		20
	<80km	0	
	80km-150km	15	
	>150km-250km	17	
	>250km	20	

(ii)	In Design/ Pavement Design of Highway Projects (2/4/6 laning of NH/SH/Expressways) in Similar Capacity – Number of Projects	10
	2 projects	8
	3-5 projects	9
	>5 projects	10
III	Employment with Firm	5
	Less than 1 Year	0
	1 year	3
	Add 0.5 marks for each subsequent year subject to maximum of 2 marks	
	Total	100

5. Senior Geotechnical Engineer

S. No.	Description	Max. Points
I	General Qualification	25
i)	Degree in Civil Engineering/Mining Engineering / Engineering Geology or equivalent Approved by AICTE	20
ii)	Post Graduation in Geotechnical Engineering /Foundation Engineering/Rock Mechanics/Geo science or equivalent Approved by AICTE	5
II	Relevant Experience & Adequacy for the Project	70
a)	Total Professional Experience	10
	<15 years	0
	15-20 years	8
	>20 -25years	9
	>25years	10
(b)	Experience in Tunnel Projects	30
	(i) Professional experience in handling major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro)	10

	<10 years	0	
	>=10-12 years	6	
	>12 -14 years	8	
	>14 years	10	
	(ii) Experience in major tunnel construction/construction supervision projects (Road/Rail/Metro)		10
	<10 years	0	
	>=10-12 years	6	
	>12 -14 years	8	
	>14 years	10	
	(iii) Experience in preparation of DPR or Feasibility report of major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro)		10
	<10 years	0	
	>=10-12 years	6	
	>12 -14 years	8	
	>14 years	10	
c)	Experience in Similar Capacity		30
	(i) Professional Experience as Senior Geotechnical Engineer		8
	<8 years	0	
	>=8-10 years	6	
	>10 – 12 years	7	
	>12 years	8	
	(ii) Experience as Senior Geotechnical Engineer or similar capacity in major tunnel construction/construction supervision projects (Road/Rail/Metro)		8
	<8 years	0	
	>=8 – 10 years	6	

	>10-12 years	7	
	>12 years	8	
	(iii) Experience as Senior Geotechnical Engineer or similar capacity in preparation of DPR or Feasibility report of major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro)		7
	<8 years	0	
	>=8 – 10 years	5	
	>10-12 years	6	
	>12 years	7	
	(iv) Experience in construction/construction supervision/ preparation of DPR/feasibility report of major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/metro) using NATM		7
	<8 years	0	
	>=8 – 10 years	6	
	>10-12 years	7	
III	Employment with Firm		5
	Less than 1 Year	0	
	1-2 years	3	
	Add 0.5 marks for each subsequent year subject to maximum of 2 marks		
	Total		100

Note: Degree obtained from Open University/Distance Learning etc. will not be considered for the technical evaluation purpose and no marks will be awarded for such qualification.

Assumptions to be made regarding Similar Capacity for various positions

1. Team Leader cum Senior Highway Engineer

- i) On behalf of the Consultant/Contractor: Team Leader/Senior Highway Engineer.
- ii) In Government Organizations: Superintending Engineer (or equivalent) and above

2. Tunnel Design Expert

i) On behalf of the Consultant/Contractor: Tunnel Design Engineer

ii) In Government Organizations: -----

3. Senior E&M Expert

i) On behalf of the Consultant/Contractor: Senior E&M Expert (Tunnels)

ii) In Government Organizations: -----

4. Senior Geologist:

i) On behalf of the Consultant/Contractor: Geologist

ii) In Government Organizations: Geologist

5. Material Engineer

i) On behalf of the Consultant/Contractor: Material Engineer/ Material Expert

ii) In Government Organizations: Executive Engineer (or equivalent) and above

6. Senior Geotechnical Engineer

i) On behalf of Consultant: Geotechnical Engineer.

ii) In Government Organizations: -----

6. Highway cum Pavement Engineer

iii) On behalf of Consultant: Highway Engineer/Highway Design Engineer/Pavement Engineer.

iv) In Government Organizations: Executive Engineer (or equivalent) and above

7. Senior Survey Engineer

i) On behalf of Consultant: Senior Survey Engineer/ Survey Engineer/ Senior Surveyor

ii) In Government Organizations: Surveyor/Engineer (or equivalent)

iii) iii) On behalf of Contractor: Senior Survey Engineer/Survey Engineer/ Senior Surveyor

8. Environmental Specialist

- i) On behalf of Consultant /Contractor: Environmental Engineer/Environmental Specialist/
Environmental Expert
- ii) In Government Organization: Officers who has dealt environment/forest matter.

9. Quantity Surveyor/Documentation Expert

- i) On behalf of Consultant /Contractor: Quantity Surveyor
- (ii) In Government Organizations: Assistant Engineer (or equivalent)

10. Land Acquisition Expert

- i) On behalf of Consultant /Contractor: Land Acquisition Expert
- (ii) In Government Organizations: ADM, SDM, Tehsildar,

Consultant has to assess the major utility shifting involved and propose the CV accordingly.

Note: While carrying out evaluation of key personnel, the experience in similar capacity is also a criteria of evaluation and assumptions to be made regarding similar capacity have been mentioned above. However, if a key personnel has worked in next lower category to the similar capacity, the marks allotted to key personnel in the category 'experience in similar capacity' shall be reduced to two thirds of marks in this category. This shall be applicable for evaluation of all key personnel.

- 12.3 **The Consultant should carryout self-evaluation based on the evaluation criteria given in Data Sheet at Appendix-V. While submitting the self-evaluation along with bid, Consultant shall make references to the documents submitted in their proposal which have been relied upon in self-evaluation Result of technical evaluation shall be made available on the website giving opportunity to the bidders to respond within 3 days in case they have any objection**

12.4 Stage-III : Evaluation of Financial proposal

Financial Proposals of all Qualified Consultants in accordance with clause 5.2 and 5.3 of Letter of Invitation shall be opened.

The consultancy services will be awarded to the consultant scoring highest marks in combined evaluation of Technical and Financial proposals in accordance with clause 1.3 and 5.4 hereof.

The Factors are:

The weightage given to Technical Proposal (T) = 0.70. The weightage given to Financial Proposal (f) = 0.30

- 13. The common currency is “**Indian Rupee**”. (Ref. Para 3.3.3)

Consultant have to quote in Rupees both for Domestic as well as Foreign professionals

14. Commencement of Assignment (Date, Location): The Consultants shall commence the Services within fifteen days of the date of effectiveness of the contract at locations as required for the project stretch stated in TOR. (Ref. Para 1.2 of LOI and 2.3 of GCC/SC)

TERMS OF REFERENCE (TOR)

“Consultancy Services for Preparation of Detailed Project Report for 2 lane road from Tetwal (Kashmir) to Drass (Ladakh) in the UT of Jammu & Kashmir and Ladakh”.

Terms of Reference for Consultancy Services (TOR)

1. General

- 1.1 The NHIDCL has been entrusted with the assignment of **“Consultancy Services for Preparation of Detailed Project Report for 2 lane road from Tetwal (Kashmir) to Drass (Ladakh) in the UT of Jammu & Kashmir and Ladakh”**. NHIDCL now invites proposal from Technical consultants for carrying out detailed project report as per details given in Annexure-1.
- 1.2 NHIDCL will be the employer and executing agency for the consultancy services and the standards of output required from the appointed consultants are of international level both in terms of quality and adherence to the agreed time schedule. The consultancy firm will solely be responsible for submission of quality work in stipulated period.
- 1.3 Ministry has recently awarded works of consultancy services for construction of ROBs for replacing level crossings in various states. In case a level crossing exists in a project reach, consultant is required to co-ordinate with those consultants and finalize the alignment & configuration of road accordingly. However, if the same is not covered in the above assignment of DPR/feasibility study awarded by Ministry, the consultant under this assignment shall be responsible for preparing DPR for such level crossings.

2. Objective

- 2.1 The main objective of the consultancy service is to establish the technical, economical, and financial viability of the project and prepare detailed project reports for construction of 2-lane/2-lane with paved shoulder configuration highway alongwith bridges and tunnel in the stretch.
- 2.2 The viability of the project shall be established taking into account the requirements with regard to rehabilitation, upgrading and improvement based on highway design, pavement design, provision of service roads wherever necessary, type of intersections, rehabilitation and widening of existing and/or construction of new bridges and structures, road safety features, quantities of various items of works and cost estimates and economic analysis within the given time frame.
- 2.3 The Detailed Project Report (DPR) would inter-alia include detailed highway design, design of pavement and overlay with options for flexible or rigid pavements, design of bridges, snow gallery, avalanche protection structure, retaining structures and cross drainage structures and grade separated structures, design of service roads, quantities of various items, detailed working drawings, detailed cost estimates, economic and financial viability analyses, environmental and social feasibility, social and environmental action plans as appropriate and documents required for tendering the project on commercial basis for international / local competitive bidding.

- 2.4 The DPR consultant should ensure detailed project preparation incorporating aspects of value engineering, quality audit and safety audit requirement in design and implementation. The Consultant shall ensure to carry out Road Safety Audit at various stages as per supplement-III (Additional Requirement for Safety Audit) of TOR.
- 2.5 The consultant should, along with Feasibility Report, clearly bring out through financial analysis the preferred mode of implementation on which the Civil Works for the stretches are to be taken up. The consultant should also give cost estimates along with feasibility report/ detailed Project Report.
- 2.6 If at inception stage or feasibility stage, employer desires to terminate the contract, the contract will be terminated after payment up to that stage.

3. SCOPE OF SERVICES

It is proposed to construct road along the border in the Kashmir/Ladakh region. The proposed road to be constructed along the border traversing through Tethwal to Keran sector and reaching Yegoban village along border with Kel area of Pakistan controlled Kashmir, thereafter it is proposed to reach Duabi and Kasi villages of lower Gurez area. From there it is proposed to reach Baktoor village of Gurez and traversing along the beautiful Gurez valley upto Kaw Bal Gali. From Kaw Bal Gali the road will reach to mushko area of Drass and Further traversing along the Mushko valley upto Drass Kargil. In this regard, tentative alignment of the road, areas touched by the proposed road, villages/habitations to be benefitted, expected major bridges, etc. as per the Pre-Feasibility Studies carried out PWD, J&K are given at Supplement-IV.

As far as possible, the widening/improvement/new work to 2 lane with Paved Shoulder shall be within the existing right of way minimizing the land acquisition, except for locations having inadequate width and where provisions of short bypasses, service roads, alignment/curve corrections, improvement of intersections are considered necessary and practicable and cost effective. However bypasses proposals should also be considered, wherever in urban areas, improvement to 2 lane with Paved Shoulder of the existing road is not possible. The Consultant shall furnish land acquisition details as per revenue records/maps for further processing of land acquisition. Consultant shall also submit 3a, 3A and 3D draft notification for acquisition of land. As far as possible acquisition of defense land should be avoided, however, in case the same is unavoidable specific approval of not less than Director (T) of NHIDCL HQ must be obtained at the time of alignment approval itself.

The consultants are required to prepare and submit the types of Avalanche Protection Measures are needed and their structural design in consultation with SASE.

The general scope of services is given in the sections that follow. However, the entire scope of services would, inter-alia, include the items mentioned in the Letter of Invitation, terms of reference, general contract and any supplements and appendices to these documents.

3.1 RoW and Land related aspects

3.1.1 The Right of Way norms for National Highways should be as under:

(i)	Expressways	90 m
(ii)	Economic Corridors and major National Highways requiring provisions for Service Roads and planned for expansion to 8-lanes	70 m

(iii)	National Highways with planned capacity to 6-lane Configuration	60 m
(iv)	National Highways with planned capacity to 4-lane	45 m
(v)	NH with planned capacity to two-lane + PS configuration requiring provision of Service Roads	30 m
(vi)	Other Roads	As per requirement

3.1.2 In case of upgradation of an existing two lane Highway to a 4/6/8 lane configuration, a comparative cost-benefit analysis shall necessarily be carried out while recommending development of existing route/alignment vis-a-vis alternate option of a green –field alignment. While carrying out the cost benefit analysis of both the options, the following factors shall be considered:

- (i) Extant of land acquisition and the associated costs;
- (ii) Number of structures required to be acquired along their extant and costs.
- (iii) The quantum of utilities and costs required for their shifting.
- (iv) The extent of tree –felling and the associated cost & time for obtaining the requisite permissions.

3.1.3 However, green-field option may not be resorted to in cases where growth of traffic is such that ultimate capacity does not require widening beyond 4 lanes in future.

3.1.4 In case the green field alignment option works out to be a preferred option, then-

- (i) Entire ROW (60m -70m) may be acquired for a maximum capacity of 8 lane main carriage way with provision for service roads.
- (ii) Initially 4 lane carriage-way with 4 lane structures shall be developed with additional land left in the median for future expansion.
- (iii) The highway shall have provision for service roads in inhabited areas, preferably of 10 mtrs width, with maximum access –control for the main carriage way .
- (iv) Access to the towns/cities/establishments located on the existing National Highway, may be provided through spurs from the green field route.

3.1.5 All efforts shall be made to avoid any road alignment through Defence Land, National Parks and Wildlife Sanctuaries, even if it requires taking a longer route / bypass. However, where it becomes absolutely unavoidable and necessary to keep the alignment through such reserve forest / restricted areas/defence land, land would be acquired with RoW of not more than 30 mtrs. after specific approval from NHIDCL HQ.

3.1.6 Similarly, though it may be difficult, while determining the alignment for any bypass, efforts be made to see if these could be along the revenue boundaries of two revenue estates thereby minimizing the compulsions of land owners / farmers for cross-overs to the other side. In case such an alignment is not found feasible, it should be ensured that access to common facilities for the local people (e.g. schools, Healthcare facilities etc.) is maintained only on one side of the alignment, thereby minimizing the need for cross-over for day-to-day life.

3.1.7 Protection of the acquired RoW against any possible encroachments is extremely important. Boundary stones be provided at the end of the RoW as per provisions of IRC:SP:84 and also supplemented as per Circular dated 08.12.2015 issued by the

Ministry. The boundary pillars alone, which are subject to removal with passage of time, may not be enough to save against encroachments. As such, the typical cross section of a Highway Road is being re-visited separately with the intention of providing permanent features in this behalf. For a typical RoW of 60 mtrs, starting from one end, these will require the following:

- (a) Use barricading of the RoW with plantation of hedge-like species (Ficus / Poplars) within a 3m wide strip area, dug up to 0.6 to 0.9 mtrs, of which 2.0 mtrs to serve as a Utility Corridor.
 - (b) Provision of a Service Road (along the inhabited area) with its drainage slope towards the drain / area reserved for Strip Plantation, for a width of 9.0 mtrs.
 - (c) Earmark width of 1.5 mtrs for construction of a drain so as to be able to capture the rainwater flow from the Service Road (wherever provided) and the main carriageway.
 - (d) Three lane with paved shoulders: Main carriageway – 10.5 mtrs, paved shoulder – 2.5 mtr and earthen shoulder – 1.5 mtr. (e) Median – 5.0 mtrs (effective width 4.5 m), and
 - (f) A Mirror Image on the other end.
- 3.1.8 With regard to land acquisition, tree felling, utility shifting across the alignment, Ministry's Guidelines issued vide letter no. NH -15017/21/2018-P&M dated 10th May, 2018, or any amendment thereof, may be adhered to.
- 3.2 Provisions of short bypasses, service roads, alignment corrections, improvement of intersections, tunnels, bridges shall be made wherever considered necessary, practicable and cost effective. However, bypasses proposals should also be considered, wherever in urban areas, improvement to <lane> of the existing road is not possible.
- 3.3 Role and Responsibilities at different stages of Land Acquisition

The Consultant in the process of his deliverables, is expected to:

- (i) To delineate and propose the most optimal alignment and take care of geometrics of the road to meet safety parameters while finalizing the DPR;
- (ii) Identify and avoid (to the extent feasible) all such structures (religious structures, public utilities cremation grounds, private structures) in the RoW of the road project that could become major hindrances at the time of project execution;
- (iii) Procure or create digitized, geo referenced cadastral/land revenue maps for the purpose of land acquisition activities. Where state governments or local agencies have already digitize cadastral maps, the consultant shall arrange to procure such maps. The digitized map should exactly match the original map so that the dimensions and area of plots can be extracted from the map itself.
- (iv) Co-ordinate collection of all relevant land revenue records (including Khasra maps, Khatyan, Jamabandi etc.) from the local land revenue administration office required for preparation of Draft notification under Section 3A of the NH Act.
- (v) Identify and list all land parcels that need to be acquired as part of project road. Conduct Joint measurement survey in conjunction with CALA, the Executing Agency and the Land Revenue Department to verify land records.

- (vi) Assist the CALA and the Project Executing agency in preparation of statutory notification under Sections 3A, the CALA during hearing of objections received under Section 3C, recording of hearings and completion of this process, preparation of draft notification under Section 3D and completion of the LA process at every stage, timely publication of notifications and public notices in newspapers at every stage;
- (vii) Clear identification and preparation of an inventory of the assets attached to the land under acquisition (e.g. Structures, trees, crops or any such assets which should be valued for payment of compensation);
- (viii) Co-ordination with offices of various departments like Land Revenue Office (or Tehsil), Registrar office and other State departments (public works department, horticulture department, forest department etc.) for evaluation of assets (Structures, tree, crops etc.) attached to the land and liaison with respective State authority for authentication of the valuation.
- (ix) Prepare and inventory of all the utilities (electrical/water supply lines/gas pipelines etc.–
- (x) both linear and cross overs) and all such structures (religious structure, public utilities, cremation grounds, private structures) in the RoW of the road project that could become major hindrances at the time of project execution;
- (xi) Carefully avoid location of any Flyover/VUP/elevated structure where a high tension electricity line (66/132/220/400 KV etc.) is crossing over so as to avoid raising of such line at such point, while designing the road projects;
- (xii) Assist in demarcation of the acquired land and installation of the boundary stones/pillars/peg makings along the RoW of the alignment;
- (xiii) Identification of land parcels missed out from acquisition in the first round and assist the Authority and the CALA in preparation of Draft Notification for acquisition of the land under missing plots.

3.4 Approach to the provision and specifications for Structures:

- 3.4.1 The structures on roads viz. Bridges, ROBs (Road Over Bridges, and Flyovers), RUBs (Road Under Bridges) etc. are designed for more than 50 years. It is difficult to increase the width of the structures at a later date which may also have larger financial implications apart from construction related issues in running traffic. Therefore, it has been decided to keep provision for all the structures including approaches comprising of retaining structures as 6-lane (length of such approaches shall, in no case, be less than 30m on either side) on all the four-lane highways except in the following cases (i) Reserve Forest (ii) Wild life Areas (iii) Hilly Areas (iv) Urban Areas where site condition do not permit this. Wherever elevated sections are designed through any inhabited areas, these should be six-lane structures supported on single piers so that the road underneath serves as effective service roads on both sides.
- 3.4.2 Highway projects shall be designed for separation of local traffic especially for Vulnerable Road Users (VRUs), for longitudinal movements and crossing facilities through viaduct(s) located at convenient walking distance. Provision of PUPs and CUPs with size of 7.0m x 3.0m, as specified in para 2.10 of the IRC specifications, has proved to be insufficient keeping in view the increased use of mechanization in agriculture practices. These structures do not support the easy passage / crossing for the tractors with trolleys so often used for agricultural operations. As traffic on cross roads is increasing day-by-day, it has been decided to substitute the provision of Pedestrian Underpass (PUP) / Cattle Underpass (CUP) [for para 2.10 of IRC specifies the dimensions of 7.0m x 3.0m] with aLVUP with a minimum size of 12

(lateral clearance) x 4m (vertical clearance). Out of 12m lateral width, 2.5m width on one side shall be raised for pedestrian sidewalks with grills to make pedestrian movement convenient and safe. A third smaller dimension VUP-SVUP (4m*7m) for all cross roads carriageway width lesser than 5.5m may also be considered. Thus VUPs would be of three grades i.e.VUP-5.5mx20m ; LVUP-4mx12m ; and SVUP-4mx7m These structures shall be located at the most preferred place of pedestrian / cattle / day-to-day crossings. Depending on the site conditions, feasibility of clubbing the crossing facilities through service roads shall also be explored. Further, the bed level of these crossings shall not be depressed as any such depression, in the absence of proper drainage facilities becomes water-logged rendering the same unusable. Ideally, the bed level of the crossings should be a bit higher with proper connectivity to a drain, which could serve the drainage requirements of the main carriageway, the underpass and the service road as well.

- 3.4.3 Wherever the alignment of 4-lane Highway road project is retained in-situ while passing through inhabited areas (e.g. villages), it should be ensured that Service Roads are provided on both sides of the carriageway, connected underneath with a crossover structure (VUP/ LVUP/SVUP). Thus each habitation should preferably have crossing facility at the highways with a vertical clearance of 4 mtrs.
- 3.4.4 To ensure that bypass once constructed serves the intended purpose during its life, all the bypasses shall be well designed and access controlled. The entry / exit from / to side roads shall be controlled such that they are grade separated at major roads or at spacing not less than 5 kms. Side roads at closer spacing shall be connected to the service roads on either side and taken to major roads for provision of grade separated interchange.
- 3.5 The provision of embankments shall be kept minimum so as to save land as well as earth which are scarce resources. This can be decided on case to case basis with due deliberations. However, economic considerations may also be given due weightage before deciding the issue.
- 3.6 The Consultant shall study the possible locations and design of toll plaza if applicable to the project. Wayside amenities Land (minimum 5 acres, length and depth preferably in the ratio of 3:2) shall also be acquired for establishment of Wayside amenities at suitable locations at distances varying between 30 to 50 kms on both sides of the Highway. The local and slow traffic may need segregation from the main traffic and provision of service roads and fencing may be considered, wherever necessary to improve efficiency and safety.
- 3.7 The Consultant will also make suitable proposals for widening/improvement of the existing road and strengthening of the carriageways, as required at the appropriate time to maintain the level of service over the design period. The Consultants shall prepare documents for EPC/PPP contracts for each DPR assignment.
- 3.8 All ready to implement 'good for construction' drawings shall be prepared incorporating all the details.
- 3.9 Environmental Impact Assessment, Environmental Management Plan and Rehabilitation and Resettlement Studies shall be carried out by the Consultant meeting the requirements of the lending agencies like ADB/ World Bank/JICA, etc.

- 3.10 Wherever required, consultant will liaise with concerned authorities and arrange all clarifications. Approval of all drawings including GAD and detail engineering drawings will be got done by the consultant from the Railways. However, if Railways require proof checking of the drawings prepared by the consultants, the same will be got done by NHIDCL and payment to the proof consultant shall be made by NHIDCL directly. Consultant will also obtain final approval from Ministry of Environment and Forest for all applicable clearances. Consultant will also obtain approval for estimates for shifting of utilities of all types from the concerned authorities and NHIDCL. Consultant is also required to prepare all Land Acquisition papers (i.e. all necessary schedule and draft 3a, 3A, and 3D, 3G notification as per L.A. act) for acquisition of land either under NH Act or State Act.
- 3.11 The DPR consultant may be required to prepare the Bid Documents, based on the feasibility report, due to exigency of the project for execution if desired by **NHIDCL**.
- 3.12 Consultant shall obtain all types of necessary clearances required for implementation of the project on the ground from the concerned agencies. The client shall provide the necessary supporting letters and any official fees as per the demand note issued by such concerned agencies from whom the clearances are being sought to enable implementation.
- 3.13 The consultant shall prepare separate documents for BoT as well as EPC contracts at Feasibility stage / DPR stage. The studies for financing options like BoT, Annuity, EPC will be undertaken in feasibility study stage.
- 3.14 The consultant shall be guided in its assignment by the Model Concession/ Contract Agreements for PPP/ EPC projects, as applicable and the Manual of Specifications and Standards for two/ four/ six laning of highways published by IRC (IRC:SP:73 or IRC:SP:84 or IRC:SP:87, as applicable) along with relevant IRC codes for design of long bridges.
- 3.15 The consultant shall prepare the bid documents including required schedules (as mentioned above) as per EPC/ PPP documents. For that it is suggested that consultant should also go through the EPC/PPP documents of ministry before bidding the project. The Consultant shall assist the NHIDCL and the Legal Adviser by furnishing clarifications as required for the financial appraisal and legal scrutiny of the Project Highway and Bid Documents.
- 3.16 Consultant shall be responsible for sharing the findings from the preparation stages during the bid process. During the bid process for a project, the consultant shall support the authority in responding to all technical queries, and shall ensure participation of senior team members of the consultant during all interaction with potential bidders including pre-bid conference, meetings, site visits etc. In addition, the consultant shall also support preparation of detailed responses to the written queries raised by the bidders.

3.2 SCOPE OF SERVICES – TUNNEL

The early investigations for planning and feasibility studies can be confined to information studies and preliminary reconnaissance. Geological mapping and minimum subsurface investigations are typically required for EIS, alternative studies and conceptual design. EIS studies may also include limited topographical and environmental investigations to identify potential “fatal flaws” that might stop the

project at a later date. A substantial portion of the geotechnical investigation effort should go into the Preliminary Design Phase to refine the tunnel alignment and profile once the general corridor is selected, and to provide the detailed information needed for design. As the final design progresses, additional test borings might be required for fuller coverage of the final alignment and for selected shaft and portal locations. Lastly, depending on the tunneling method selected, additional investigations may be required to confirm design assumptions, or to provide information for contractor design of temporary works.

3.2.1 INFORMATION STUDY & CONCEPTUAL PLANNING

The first phase of an planning & investigation program for a road tunnel project starts with collection and review of available information to develop an overall understanding of the site conditions and constraints to identify existing conditions and features that may impact the design and construction of the proposed tunnel, and can guide in planning the scope and details of the subsurface investigation program. Published topographical, hydrological, geological, geotechnical, environmental, zoning, and other information must be collected, organized and evaluated. Historical seismic records, records of Avalanches & landslides caused by earthquakes, documented by SASE and other Government Agencies be analyzed to avoid locating tunnel portals and shafts at these potentially unstable areas.

3.2.2 TOPOGRAPHICAL DATA

Topographic maps and aerial photographs useful in showing terrain and geologic features (i.e., faults, drainage channels, sinkholes, etc.) when overlapped with published geological maps can often, by interpretation, show geologic structures. Aerial photographs taken on different dates be used to reveal the site history in terms of Avalanches, erosion and scouring, past construction, etc. Survey of India's topographic maps may be used for preliminary route selection and defining the Project Corridor Influence Area. However, after the project corridor has been defined, new aerial photography should be obtained and photogrammetric maps should be prepared to facilitate portal and shaft design, site access, right-of-way, drainage, depth of cover, geologic interpretation and other studies.

3.3 SITE RECONNAISSANCE AND SURVEYS

3.3.1 Site Reconnaissance and surveys

Available contour maps published by Survey of India OR online available contour mapping are sufficient only for initial planning purposes. A preliminary survey will be needed for concept development and preliminary design to expand existing topographical data and include data from field surveys and an initial site reconnaissance. Initial on-site studies should start with a careful reconnaissance over the tunnel alignment, paying particular attention to the potential portal and shaft locations. Features identified on maps and air photos should be verified. Rock outcrops, often exposed along the existing highway and other locations, provide a source for information about rock mass fracturing and bedding and the location of rock type boundaries, faults, dikes, and other geologic features. Features identified during the site reconnaissance should be photographed, documented and if

feasible located by hand-held GPS equipment.

The reconnaissance should cover the immediate project vicinity, as well as a larger regional area so that regional geologic, hydrologic and seismic influences can be accounted for. A preliminary horizontal and vertical control survey may be required to obtain general site data for route selection and for design.

3.3.2 Geo-physical Investigations

Resistivity based Geo-physical investigations are required to be carried out at the portals locations of tunnel to determine the physical-mechanical parameters of sub-soil or rock mass. The results so obtained from the Geo-physical investigations need to be combined/compared with the Geo-logical investigations like borehole investigations so that a complete image can be obtained for interpreting the geological structures of the investigated area at the portals of tunnel. The results obtained from the Geo-physical investigations and preliminary borehole investigations will be useful in defining the type of layers of investigated area, to determine the depth of bedrock, ground water table, rock mass cavities and caverns, etc.

3.4 ALIGNMENT FINALISATION, GEOMETRIC REQUIREMENTS AND CONSTRUCTIBILITY

3.4.1 Finalisation of Alignment and Portal Locations

Based on geological model developed and Alignment finalised using survey data, the Consultant shall suggest the most viable, economical alignment after carrying out Risk Assessment. As far as possible, portal locations shall not be near avalanche prone areas.

3.4.2 Topographic Surveys

After finalisation of Alignment and Portal location, detailed topographic maps, plans and profiles must be developed to establish primary control for final design and construction based on a high order horizontal and vertical control field survey. As on a road tunnel system, centerline of the roadway and centerline of tunnel may not identical because of clearance requirements for walkways and emergency passages, A tunnel centerline developed during design should be composed of tangent, circular, and transition spiral sections that approximate the complex theoretical tunnel centerline within a specified tolerance. This centerline should be incorporated into the drawings of the tunnel, and all tunnel control should be based on this centerline.

Topographical survey and mapping, structural and stereographical maps, preparation of cross sections. (Quantum of Survey shall be as per relevant Indian standard (IS Code) or international Code(s) for Highway Tunnels) Ground marking of alignment and report on tentative tunnel alignment,

section, grade, portal positions and finding altitude and grid reference of the portal

3.4.3 Geometric Design and Constructability Cross Section

3.4.3.1 A road tunnel cross section must be able to accommodate the horizontal and vertical traffic clearances, as well as the other required elements. The typical cross section elements include:

- Travel lanes
- Shoulders
- Sidewalks/Curbs
- Tunnel drainage
- Tunnel ventilation
- Tunnel lighting
- Tunnel utilities and power
- Water supply pipes for fire-fighting
- Cabinets for hose reels and fire extinguishers
- Signals and signs above roadway lanes
- CCTV surveillance cameras
- Emergency telephones
- Communication antennae/equipment
- Monitoring equipment of noxious emissions and visibility
- Fire & Life Safety Provisions
- Emergency egress illuminated signs at low level
- Additional elements may also be needed under certain design requirements and should be taken into consideration when developing the tunnel geometrical configuration.

3.4.3.2 HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL ALIGNMENTS

Planning and design of road tunnel alignments must consider Maximum grade, horizontal and vertical curves, and other requirement/constraints for road tunnel

3.4.3.3 MAXIMUM GRADES

Road tunnel grades should be evaluated on the basis of driver comfort while striving to reach a point of economic balance between construction costs and operating and maintenance expenses. Maximum effective grades in main roadway tunnels preferably should not exceed 3% as per IRC SP-91.

3.4.3.4 HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL CURVES

Horizontal and vertical curves shall satisfy IRC's geometrical requirements. The horizontal alignment for a road tunnel should be as short as practical and maintain as much of the tunnel length on tangent as possible, which will limit the numbers of curves, minimize the length and improve operating efficiency. When horizontal curves are needed, the minimum acceptable horizontal radii should consider traffic speed, sight distances, and the super-elevation provided.

3.4.3.5 SIGHT AND BRAKING DISTANCE REQUIREMENTS

Sight and braking distance requirements cannot be relaxed in tunnels. When designing a tunnel with extreme curvature, sight distance should be carefully examined, otherwise it may result in limited stopping sight distance.

3.4.3.6 TUNNEL CONFIGURATION

Based on the traffic studies and safety requirement, the consultant shall suggest the Tunnel Configuration.

3.4.3.7 TRAVEL CLEARANCE PROFILE (TCP)

Clearance profile of all potential vehicles traversing the tunnel shall be established using dynamic vehicle envelopes which consider not just the maximum allowable static envelope, but also other dynamic factors such as bouncing, suspension failure, overhang on curves, lateral motion, resurfacing, etc. The clearance profile should take into consideration potential future vehicle heights, vehicle mounting on curbs, construction tolerances, and any potential ground and structure settlement. Ventilation equipment, lighting, guide signs, and other equipment should not encroach within the clearance profile. Vertical clearance should be selected as per IRC's recommendations. The vertical clearance shall also take into consideration for future resurfacing of the roadway once. Consideration should also be given for potential truck mounting on the barrier in the tunnel or on low sidewalk and measures shall be used to prevent such mounting from damaging the tunnel ceiling or tunnel system components mounted on the ceiling or the walls.

3.5 SUB-SURFACE INVESTIGATION

Subsurface investigation is the most important type of investigations to obtain ground conditions, as it is the principal means for:

- Defining the subsurface profile (i.e. stratigraphy, structure, and principal soil and rock types)
- Determining soil and rock material properties and mass characteristics;
- Identify geological anomalies, fault zones and other hazards (squeezing soils, methane gas, etc.)
- Defining hydrogeological conditions (groundwater levels, aquifers, hydrostatic pressures, etc.); and
- Identifying potential construction risks.

Subsurface investigations will involve borings, sampling, in situ testing, geophysical investigations, and laboratory material testing. These investigations shall provide factual information about the distribution and engineering characteristics of soil, rock and groundwater at a site, allowing an economical design, determining a reliable construction cost estimate, and reducing the risks of construction.

Induction of a complete drilling equipment and complete set of accessories including water pumps etc. required for the job at the tunnel site (bore hole location) in good serviceable condition for the first time and induction of directional coring equipment in any length along the proposed directional coring trajectory including its de-induction after completion of all works.

Shifting of a complete drilling equipment and complete set of accessories including water pumps etc. required for the job from one bore hole location to the other at proposed tunnel site

Notes :

1. Core recovery in bed rock portions shall not be less than 80% for hard rock in general. However the percentage of core-recovery may vary with the type of rock encountered for which the minimum percent recovery will be guided by relevant code provisions. Drilling activity to includes the followings:-

a) Boring holes and carrying out all relevant tests for ascertaining rock properties. This includes geological logging, electrical logging, geothermal logging and Geohydrological logging of bore holes.

b) Determination of in situ stress field by over coring methods or any other techniques available such as hydro-fracture technique.

c) Water percolation tests are to be conducted in the hole at ground level, at every six metre depth intervals, at proposed tunnel grade level and at the junction of different lithological strata at three different pressures as per relevant IS Codes.

d) Any deviation of holes from verticality is to be actually measured accurately and reflected.

2 (a) Bore hole locations, their depths, dimensions, choice of field tests and their interval, choice of drilling equipment, establishing the correct procedure for drilling, sampling and field tests including any additional holes are to be suitably finalised with approval of department.

2 (b) The report is to bring out clearly the technical and other problems that may be encountered during the construction and maintenance of the tunnel and also clear recommendations regarding the feasibility of the tunnel in the prevailing conditions. Final portal locations, tunnel sections and geometrics to be defined in this report.

2 (c) Preliminary indications of cost of the tunnel project and the time involved for the construction to be indicated. In short, report should be self explanatory to enable the department to take a decision regarding feasibility of the tunnel, expertise available within the country for construction and preliminary costs for purposes of getting Administrative Approval for the works. This report should also bring out other detailed studies involved at pre-construction stage, construction stage and post construction stage.

3.5.1 VERTICAL AND INCLINED TEST BORINGS

Vertical and inclined test borings and soil/rock sampling are key elements of any subsurface investigations for underground projects. The location, depth, sample types and sampling intervals for each test boring must be finalised based on geological models. In general, borings should be extended to at least 1.5 tunnel diameters below the proposed tunnel invert. However, if there is uncertainty regarding the final profile of the tunnel, the borings should extend at least two or three times the tunnel diameter below the preliminary tunnel invert level.

Drilling four(4) Inclined holes (core drilling) at an angle of 30 degrees (Approx) with vertical, one at 50 mtr distance & another at 100 mtr distance from each portal sites measured along the proposed Tunnel alignment or as required, down to the tunnel grade as specified in IRC:SP:91 which may involve diamond drilling using NX-Bits to the extent of 400 meters for an individual hole. The inclined drill holes must intersect the proposed tunnels cross section at tunnel grade level (IRC:SP:91). Additional holes if required in this area shall be under taken. BX- Bits, if unavoidable, will be resorted to only with prior approval of the NHIDCL.

3.5.2 DELETED

3.5.3 SAMPLING – ROCK CORE

In rock, continuous rock core should be obtained below the surface of rock. Double and triple tube core barrels should be used to obtain higher quality core more representative of the in situ rock. For deeper holes, coring should be performed with the use of wire-line drilling equipment to further reduce potential degradation of the recovered core samples. Boring shall be carried out using at least NX size coring bits. Core runs should be limited to a maximum length of 3 M in moderate to good quality rock, and 2 M in poor quality rock. The rock should be logged soon after it was extracted from the core barrel. Following information is to be noted for each core run on the rock coring logs:

- Depth of core run
- Core recovery in length and percent
- Rock Quality Designation (RQD) percent
- Rock type, including color texture, degree of weathering and hardness
- Character of discontinuities, joint spacing, orientation, roughness and alteration
- Nature of joint infilling materials.

In addition, drilling parameters, such as type of drilling equipment, core barrel and casing size, drilling rate, and groundwater level logged in the field shall also be recorded.

3.5.4 BOREHOLE SEALING

All borings should be properly sealed at the completion of the field exploration, if not intended to be used as monitoring wells. This is typically required for safety considerations and to prevent cross contamination of soil strata and groundwater.

3.5.5 TEST PITS

Test pits are to be excavated to investigate the shallow presence, location and depth of existing utilities, structure foundations, top of bedrock and other underground features that may interfere or be impacted by the construction of shafts, portals and tunnels. The excavation pits are to be backfilled with excavation spoil, and the backfill is compacted to avoid excessive future settlement. Tampers and rollers may be used to facilitate compaction of the backfill.

3.5.6 SOIL AND ROCK IDENTIFICATION AND CLASSIFICATION

3.5.6.1 SOIL IDENTIFICATION AND CLASSIFICATION

Distinguish between visual identification and classification is important to minimize conflicts between general visual identification of soil samples in the field versus a more precise laboratory evaluation supported by index tests. The field classification of soil for a tunnel project shall be similar to that for other geotechnical applications except that special attention must be given to accurately defining and documenting soil grain size characteristics and stratification features since these properties may have greater influence on the ground and groundwater behavior during tunnelling than they may have on other types of construction, such as for foundations, embankments and cuts.

Items of particular importance to tunnel projects which greatly influence ground behaviour and groundwater inflow during construction, and the selection of the tunnelling equipment and methods are listed below:

- Groundwater levels (general and perched levels), ground permeability (loss of drilling fluid; rise or drop in borehole water level; etc.), and artesian conditions
- Consistency and strength of cohesive soils.
- Composition, gradation and density of cohesionless soils.
- Presence of lenses and layers of higher permeability soils.
- Presence of gravel, cobbles and boulders, and potential for nested boulders.
- Maximum cobble/boulder size from coring and/or large diameter borings (and also based on understanding of local geology), and the unconfined compressive strength of cobbles/boulders (from field index tests and laboratory testing of recovered samples).
- Presence of cemented soils.
- Presence of contaminated soil or groundwater.

3.5.6.2 ROCK IDENTIFICATION AND CLASSIFICATION

In rock, rock mass characteristics and discontinuities typically have a much greater influence on ground behaviour during tunnelling and on tunnel loading than the intact rock properties. Therefore, rock classification needs to be focused on rock mass characteristics, as well as its origin and intact properties for typical highway foundation application. Special intact properties are important for tunnelling application particularly for selecting rock cutters for tunnel boring machines and other types of rock excavators, and to predict cutter wear. Typical items included in describing general rock lithology include:

- General rock type
- Colour
- Grain size and shape
- Texture (stratification, foliation, etc.)
- Mineral composition
- Hardness
- Abrasivity
- Strength
- Weathering and alteration.

Rock discontinuity descriptions to be noted in rock classification include:

- Predominant joint sets (with strike and dip orientations)
 - Joint roughness
 - Joint persistence
 - Joint spacing
 - Joint weathering and infilling
- Other information typically noted during subsurface rock investigations include:

- Presence of faults or shear zones
- Presence of intrusive material (volcanic dikes and sills)
- Presence of voids (solution cavities, lava tubes, etc.)
- Groundwater levels, and evidence of rock mass permeability (loss of drilling fluid; rise or drop in borehole water level; etc.)

Method of describing discontinuities of rock masses is in accordance with International Society of Rock Mechanics (ISRM)'s "Suggested Method of Quantitative Description of Discontinuities of Rock Masses" (ISRM 1981). Index properties obtained from inspection of the recovered rock core include core recovery (i.e., the recovered core length expressed as a percentage of the total core run length), and Rock Quality Designation or RQD (the

combined length of all sound and intact core segments equal to or greater than 4 inches in length, expressed as a percentage of the total core run length). Often, materials encountered during subsurface investigations represent a transitional (intermediate) material formed by the in place weathering of rock. Such conditions may sometimes present a complex condition with no clear boundaries between the different materials encountered. Tunnelling through the intermediate geomaterial (IGM), in some cases referred as mixed-face condition, can be extremely difficult especially when groundwater is present. In the areas where tunnel alignment must cross this transition zone, the subsurface investigation is conducted much as for rock, and when possible cores are retrieved and classified, and representative intact pieces of rock should be tested.

3.5.6.3 PRESERVATION OF CORES SAMPLES

It is desirable to preserve the rock cores retrieved from the field properly for years until the construction is completed and disputes/claims are settled. The rock cores is to photograph in core boxes and scan the core samples for review by designers and contractors.

3.5.6.4 GEOTECHNICAL REPORTS

Preparation of a Geotechnical Interpretative Report (GIR) which includes a detailed analysis and interpretation of data contained in the Geotechnical Data Report (GDR) culminating in preparation of a final Geological Model of the ground within the route corridor, Horizontal Directional Coring duly supplemented by the vertical and inclined coring. This final geological model will be created on the basis of direct inference from surface mapping, groundwater chemical studies, petro-graphical studies, and mineralogical studies as well as the reasonable and appropriate extrapolating of the geology and structures from the results of surface mapping.

Based on the final geological model, geotechnical hazards shall be identified and characterized allowing the review of selected alignment, if needed the alignment can be modified and freed.

The final geological model will be presented in the form of a geological longitudinal section (A1 size) clearly demarcating the various interred lithological boundaries and ground types along the alignment, the groundwater conditions permeability and relevant structural information such as the width of fault zones, shear zones and lineaments/discontinuities with attitude and orientation.

3.5.6.5 GEOTECHNICAL BASELINE REPORT (GBR)

The consultant is also required to prepare a GBR describing the sub surface physical condition to serve as the basis for the execution of the excavation and lining works, including design and construction methods, and the reaction of the ground to such methods. This GBR must set out the location of the risk between the parties for such sub-surface physical conditions.

3.6 ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

Although tunnels are generally considered environmentally-friendly structures, certain short-term environmental impacts during construction are unavoidable. Long-term impacts from the tunnel itself, and from portals, vent shafts and approaches on local communities, historic sites, wetlands, and other aesthetically, environmentally, and ecologically sensitive areas must be identified and investigated thoroughly during the project planning and feasibility stages, and appropriately addressed in environmental studies and design. The specific environmental data needed for a particular underground project very much depend on the geologic and geographic environment and the functional requirement of the underground facility. Some common issues can be stated, however, and are identified below in the form of a checklist:

- Existing infrastructure, and obstacles underground and above
- Surface structures within area of influence
- Land ownership and uses (public and private)
- Ecosystem habitat impacts
- Contaminated ground or groundwater
- Long-term impacts to groundwater levels, aquifers and water quality
- Control of runoff and erosion during construction
- Naturally gassy ground, or groundwater with deleterious chemistry
- Access constraints for potential work sites and transport routes
- Sites for muck transport and disposal
- Noise and vibrations from construction operations, and from future traffic at approaches to the completed tunnel
- Air quality during construction, and at portals, vent shafts and approaches of the completed tunnel
- Maintenance of vehicular traffic and transit lines during construction
- Maintenance of utilities and other existing facilities during construction
- Access to residential and commercial properties
- Pest control during construction
- Long-term community impacts
- Long-term traffic impacts
- Temporary and permanent easements
- Tunnel fire life safety and security

- Legal and environmental constraints, enumerated in environmental statements or reports, or elsewhere.

Environmental Impact Assessment, Environmental Management Plan and Rehabilitation and Resettlement Studies shall be carried out by the Consultant meeting the requirements of the lending agencies like ADB/ World Bank/JICA,etc.

3.7 SEISMICITY

The release of energy from earthquakes sends seismic acceleration waves travelling through the ground. Such transient dynamic loading instantaneously increases the shear stresses in the ground and decreases the volume of voids within the material which leads to an increase in the pressure of fluids (water) in pores and fractures. Thus, shear forces increase and the frictional forces that resist them decrease. Other factors also can affect the response of the ground during earthquakes.

- Distance of the seismic source from the project site.
- Magnitude of the seismic accelerations.
- Earthquake duration.
- Subsurface profile.
- Dynamic characteristics and strengths of the materials affected.

In addition to the distance of the seismic source to the project site, and the design (anticipated) time history, duration and magnitude of the bedrock earthquake, the subsurface soil profile can have a profound effect on earthquake ground motions including the intensity, frequency content, and duration of earthquake shaking.

- 3.8 Submission of reports covering all above information including preliminary indication of cost for the Project and recommendation for further detailed studies

Framing and submission of report covering all the following aspects:-
(a) Preparation of preliminary design and schedule of quantities
b) Study and analysis of working faces, tunnelling method, cost analysis and types of equipments for various operations such as drilling, blasting, mucking, haulage and disposal of muck, fire-fighting, extrication of poisonous gases, ventilation, lighting, side cover, power and water supply systems etc. Possibilities of using TBM are to be evaluated with specific limitations
c) Engineering studies pertaining to leakage, de-watering, grouting, blasting, ground acceleration due to blasting, tunnel closures supports system etc.
(d) Tentative constructions schedule including critical path analysis
(e) Listing of various codes of practice both Indian and Foreign applicable

4 General

4.1 Primary Tasks

General Scope of Services shall cover but be not limited to the following major tasks (additional requirements for Preparation of Detailed Project Report for Hill Roads and Major Bridges are given in Supplement I and II respectively):

- i. Review of all available reports and published information about the project road and the project influence area;
- ii. Environmental and social impact assessment, including such as related to cultural properties, natural habitats, involuntary resettlement etc.
- ii (a). Public consultation, including consultation with Communities located along the road, NGOs working in the area, other stake-holders and relevant Government departments at all the different stages of assignment (such as inception stage, feasibility stage, preliminary design stage and once final designs are concretized).
- iii. Detailed Reconnaissance;
- iv. Identification of possible improvements in the existing alignment and bypassing congested locations with alternatives, evaluation of different alternatives comparison on techno-economic and other considerations and recommendations regarding most appropriate option;
- v. Traffic studies including traffic surveys and Axle load survey and demand forecasting for next thirty years;
- vi. Inventory and condition surveys for road;
- vii. Inventory and condition surveys for bridges, cross-drainage structures, other Structures, river Bank training/Protection works and drainage provisions; viii. Detailed topographic surveys using LiDAR equipped with minimum engineering grade system or any other better technology having output accuracy not less than (a) specified in IRC SP 19 (b) Total Station (c) GPS/ DGPS. The use of conventional high precision instruments i.e Total Station or equivalent can be used at locations such as major bypasses, water bodies etc. where it may not be possible to survey using LiDAR. Use of mobile / Aerial LiDAR survey is preferable.
- ix. Pavement investigations;
- x. Sub-grade characteristics and strength: investigation of required sub-grade and sub-soil characteristics and strength for road and embankment design and sub soil investigation;
- xi. Identification of sources of construction materials;
- xii. Detailed design of road, its x-sections, horizontal and vertical alignment and design of embankment of height more than 6m and also in poor soil conditions and where density consideration require, even lesser height embankment. Detailed design of structures preparation of GAD and construction drawings and cross-drainage structures and underpasses etc.
- xiii. Identification of the type and the design of intersections;
- xiv. Design of complete drainage system and disposal point for storm water
- xv. Value analysis / value engineering and project costing;
- xvi. Economic and financial analyses;
- xvii. Contract packaging and implementation schedule.

- xviii Strip plan indicating the scheme for carriageway widening, location of all existing utility services (both over- and underground) and the scheme for their relocation, trees to be felled, transplanted and planted and land acquisition requirements including schedule for LA: reports documents and drawings arrangement of estimates for cutting/ transplanting of trees and shifting of utilities from the concerned department;
 - xix Develop 3D engineered models of terrain and elevation, as-is project highway, proposed and project highway along with all features, current and proposed structures, current and proposed utilities and land acquisition plans.
 - xx To find out financial viability of project for implementation and suggest the preferred mode on which the project is to be taken up.
 - xxi. Preparation of detailed project report, cost estimate, approved for construction Drawings, rate analysis, detailed bill of quantities, bid documents for execution of civil works through budgeting resources.
 - xxii. Design of toll plaza and identification of their numbers and location and office cum residential complex including working drawings
 - xxiii. Design of weighing stations, parking areas and rest areas. xxiv. Any other user oriented facility en-route toll facility.
 - xxv. Tie-in of on-going/sanctioned works of MORT&H/ NHIDCL / other agencies.
 - xxvi. Preparation of social plans for the project affected people as per policy of the lending agencies/ Govt. of India R&R Policy.
- 4.2 While carrying out the field studies, investigations and design, the development plans being implemented or proposed for future implementation by the local bodies, should be taken into account. Such aspect should be clearly brought out in the reports and drawings.
- 4.3 The consultant shall study the possible locations and design of toll plaza, wayside amenities required and arboriculture along the highway shall also be planned.
- 4.4 The local and slow traffic may need segregation from the main traffic and provision of service roads and physical barrier including fencing may be considered, wherever necessary to improve efficiency and safety.
- 4.5 Standards and Codes of Practices**
1. All activities related to field studies, design and documentation shall be done as per the latest guidelines/ circulars of MoRT&H and relevant publications of the Indian Roads Congress (IRC) and Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS). For aspects not covered by IRC and BIS, international standards practices, may be adopted. The Consultants, upon award of the Contract, may finalize this in consultation with NHIDCL and reflect the same in the inception report.
 2. All notations, abbreviations and symbols used in the reports, documents and drawings shall be as per IRC:71.
- 4.6 Quality Assurance Plan (QAP)**
1. (i) The Consultants should have detailed Quality Assurance Plan (QAP) for all field studies including topographic surveys, traffic surveys, engineering surveys and investigations, design and documentation activities. The quality assurance plans/procedures for different field studies, engineering surveys and investigation, design and documentation activities should be presented as separate sections like engineering surveys and investigations, traffic

surveys, material geo-technical and sub-soil investigations, road and pavement investigations, investigation and design of bridges & structures, environment and R&R assessment, economic & financial analysis, drawings and documentation, preparation, checking, approval and filing of calculations, identification and tractability of project documents etc. Further, additional information as per format shall be furnished regarding the details of personal who shall be responsible for carrying out/preparing and checking/verifying various activities forming part of feasibility study and project preparation, since inception to the completion of work. The detailed Draft QAP Document must be discussed and finalized with the concerned NHIDCL officers immediately upon the award of the Contract and submitted as part of the inception report.

- (ii) It is imperative that the QAP is approved by NHIDCL before the Consultants start the field work.

2. Data formats for report and investigation results

- i. Required data formats for some reports, investigations and documents are discussed in ENCLOSURE-IV
- ii. Formats for submission of Reports and Documents.
- iii. The consultants will need to propose data formats for use in all other field studies and investigations not covered in enclosure IV.
- iv. The proposed data forms will need to be submitted for the approval of NHIDCL after the commencement of services.

4.7 Review of Data and Documents

1. The Consultants shall collect the available data and information relevant for the Study. The data and documents of major interest shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - i. Climate;
 - ii. Road inventory
 - iii. Road condition, year of original construction, year and type of major maintenance / rehabilitation works;
 - iv. Condition of bridges and cross-drainage structures;
 - v. sub-surface and geo-technical data for existing bridges;
 - vi. Hydrological data, drawings and details of existing bridges;
 - vii. Existing geological maps, catchment area maps, contour plans etc. for the project area
 - viii. Condition of existing river bank / protection works, if any.
 - ix. Details of sanctioned / on-going works on the stretch sanctioned by MoRT&H/other agencies for Tie-in purposes
 - x. Survey and evaluation of locally available construction materials;
 - xi. Historical data on classified traffic volume (preferably for 5 years or more);
 - xii. Origin-destination and commodity movement characteristics; if available
 - xiii. Speed and delay characteristics; if available;
 - xiv. Commodity-wise traffic volume; if available;
 - xv. Accident statistics; and,

- xvi. Vehicle loading behavior (axle load spectrum), if available.
- xvii Type and location of existing utility services (e.g. Fibre Optical Cable, O/H and U/G Electric, Telephone line, Water mains, Sewer, Trees etc.)
- xviii Environmental setting and social baseline of the project.

4.8. Social Analysis

The social analysis study shall be carried out in accordance with the MORT&H/World Bank/ADB Guidelines. The social analysis report will, among other things, provide a socio-economic profile of the project area and address in particular, indigenous people, communicable disease particularly HIV/AIDS poverty alleviation, gender, local population, industry, agriculture, employment, health, education, health, child labor, land acquisition and resettlement .

4.9 Traffic Surveys

All traffic surveys and studies will be completed in feasibility studies.

4.9.1 Number and Location of Survey Stations

1. The type of traffic surveys and the minimum number of survey stations shall normally be as under, unless otherwise specifically mentioned.

Sl. No.	Description	Number of Survey Stations
1.	Classified Traffic Volume Count	3
2.	Origin-Destination and Commodity Movement Characteristics	Minimum 2
3.	Axle Loading Characteristics	2
4.	Intersection Volume Count	All Major Intersections
5.	Speed-Delay Characteristics	Project Road Section
6.	Pedestrian/animal cross traffic count	All major inhabitations along the highway
7.	Turning movement surveys	For all major intersections

2. The number of survey locations indicated in the table above are indicative only for each road stretch under a package. The Consultants shall, immediately upon award of the work, submit to NHIDCL, proposals regarding the total number as well as the locations of the traffic survey stations as of inception report. Suitable maps and charts should accompany the proposals clearly indicating the rationale for selecting the location of survey Station.
3. The methodology of collection and analysis of data, number and location of traffic survey stations shall be finalized in consultation with NHIDCL prior to start of the traffic survey.

4.9.2. Classified Traffic Volume Count Survey

1. Consultant shall make use of traffic survey done by Indian Highways Management Company Limited (IHMCL) using ATCC systems. However in isolated locations where there are site constraints, manual counting can be done. If required, especially in cases where a particular stretch is not covered by IHMCL, DPR consultant should carry out classified traffic volume count survey using ATCC systems or latest modern technologies.
2. Consultant shall use ATCC systems that can meet the following accuracy levels after validation/ calibration:
 - (a) Classification of vehicles: better than 95%
 - (b) Counting of vehicles: better than 98%

Before validation and calibration, the ATCC system shall meet the following accuracy levels:

- (a) Classification of vehicles: better than 90%
- (b) Counting of vehicles: better than 95%

For verification of above accuracy levels, audit of raw ATCC shall be done by the consultant on a sampling basis and should submit a certificate in this regard.

3. ATCC systems such as Pneumatic Tube Detector, Inductive Detector Loop, Video Image Detection, and Infrared Sensor or latest technologies shall be adopted.
4. The classified traffic volume count surveys shall be carried out for 7 days (continuous, direction-wise) at the selected survey stations. The vehicle classification system as given in relevant IRC code may be followed. However, the following generalized classification system is suggested in view of the requirements of traffic demand estimates and economic analysis:

Motorised Traffic		Non-Motorised Traffic
2-Wheeler		Bi-Cycle
3-Wheeler		Cycle-Rickshaw
Passenger Car		Animal Drawn Vehicle (ADV)
Utility Vehicle (Jeep, Van etc.)		Hand Cart
		Other Non-Motorised Vehicle
Bus	Mini Bus Standard Bus	
LCV	LCV-Passenger LCV-Freight	
Truck	MCV : 2-Axle Rigid Chassis	
	HCV : 3-Axle Rigid Chassis	
	MAV	
	Semi Articulated	
	Articulated	

5. All results shall be presented in tabular and graphical form. The survey data shall be analyzed to bring out the hourly and daily variations. The traffic volume count per day shall be averaged to show a weekly average daily traffic (ADT) by vehicle type. The annual average daily traffic (AADT) shall be worked out by applying seasonal factors.
6. The consultant shall compile the relevant traffic volume data from secondary sources also. The salient features of traffic volume characteristics shall be brought out and variations if any, from the traffic census carried out by the State PWD shall be suitably explained.

4.9.3. Origin Destination and Commodity Movements Surveys

1. The consultants shall carry out 1-day (24 hour, both directions) O-D and commodity movement surveys at locations finalized in consultation with NHIDCL. These will be essentially required around congested towns to delineate through traffic. The road side interviews shall be carried out on random sample basis and cover all four-wheeled vehicles. The location of the O-D survey and commodity movement surveys shall normally be same as for the classified traffic count.
2. The location of origin and destination zones shall be determined in relation to each individual station and the possibility of traffic diversion to the Project Road from/to other road routes including bypasses.
3. The trip matrices shall be worked out for each vehicle type information on weight for trucks should be summed up by commodity type and the results tabulated, giving total weight and average weight per truck for the various commodity types. The sample size for each vehicle type shall be indicated on the table and also in the graphical representations.
4. The data derived from surveys shall also be analyzed to bring out the lead and load characteristics and desire line diagrams. The data analysis should also bring out the requirement for the construction of bypasses.
5. The distribution of lead and load obtained from the surveys should be compared. The axle load surveys shall normally be done using axle load pads or other sophisticated instruments. The location(s) of count station(s) and the survey with those derived from the axle load studies.
6. The commodity movement data should be duly taken into consideration while making the traffic demand estimates.

4.9.4. Turning Movement Surveys

1. The turning movement surveys for estimation of peak hour traffic for the design of major and minor intersections shall be carried out for the Study. The details regarding composition and directional movement of traffic shall be furnished by the Consultant.
2. The methodology for the surveys shall be as per IRC: SP: 41-1994. The details including location and duration of surveys shall be finalized in consultation with NHIDCL officials. The proposal in response to this TOR shall clearly indicate the number of locations that the Consultants wish to conduct turning movement surveys and the rationale for the same.

3. The data derived from the survey should be analyzed to identify requirements of suitable remedial measures, such as construction of underpasses, fly-overs, interchanges, grade-separated intersections along the project road alignment. Intersections with high traffic volume requiring special treatments either presently or in future shall be identified.

4.9.5. Axle Load Surveys

1. Axle load surveys in both directions shall be carried out at suitable location(s) in the project road stretch on a random sample basis normally for trucks only (both empty and loaded trucks) for 2 normal days - (24 hours) at special count stations to be finalized in consultation with NHIDCL. However, a few buses may be weighed in order to get an idea about their loading behavior. While selecting the location(s) of axle load survey station(s), the locations of existing bridges with load restrictions, if any, should be taken into account and such sites should be avoided.
2. Axle load surveys shall normally be done using axle load pads or other sophisticated instruments. The location(s) of count station(s) and the survey methodology including the data formats and the instrument type to be used shall be finalized before taking up the axle load surveys
3. The axle load data should be collected axle configuration-wise. The number of equivalent standard axles per truck shall be calculated on the basis of results obtained. The results of the survey should bring out the VDF for each truck type (axle configuration, if the calculated VDF is found to be below the national average, then national average shall be used. Furthermore, the data from axle load surveys should be analyzed to bring out the Gross Vehicle Weight (GVW) and Single Axle Load (SAL) Distributions by truck type (axle configuration).
4. The Consultant shall ascertain from local enquiries about the exceptional live loads that have used the highway in the past in order to assess the suitability of existing bridges to carry such loads.

4.9.6. Speed-Delay Surveys

The Consultants shall carry out appropriate field studies such as moving car survey to determine running speed and journey speed. The data should be analyzed to identify sections with typical traffic flow problems and congestion. The objective of the survey would be to recommend suitable measures for segregation of local traffic, smooth flow of through traffic and traffic safety. These measures would include the provision of bypasses, under-passes, fly-overs, interchanges, grade-separated intersections and service roads.

4.9.7 Pedestrian / animal cross traffic surveys:

1. These shall be conducted to determine if provision of viaduct for pedestrians/animals is necessary to improve the traffic safety.
2. Consultant shall leverage information from local consultations, inputs from local governmental/ non-governmental agencies in selecting sites for checking pedestrian/ animal crossing traffic surveys.
3. Surveys for provision of pedestrian crossings shall minimum be conducted at all junctions being replaced by grade separators.

4.9.8 Truck Terminal Surveys

The data derived from the O-D, speed-delay, other surveys and also supplementary surveys should be analyzed to assess requirements for present and future development of truck terminals at suitable locations en route.

4.10. Traffic Demand Estimates

1. The consultants shall make traffic demand estimates and establish possible traffic growth rates in respect of all categories of vehicles, taking into account the past trends, annual population and real per capita growth rate, elasticity of transport demand in relation to income and estimated annual production increase. The other aspects including socio-economic development plans and the land use patterns of the region having impact on the traffic growth, the projections of vehicle manufacturing industry in the country, development plans for the other modes of transport, O-D and commodity movement behavior should also be taken into account while working out the traffic demand estimates.
2. The values of elasticity of transport demand shall be based on the prevailing practices in the country. The Consultants shall give complete background including references for selecting the value of transport demand elasticity.
3. It is envisaged that the project road sections covered under this TOR would be completed and opened to traffic after 3 years. The traffic demand estimates shall be done for a further period of 30 years from completion of two/four lane. The demand estimates shall be done assuming three scenarios, namely, optimistic, pessimistic and most likely traffic growth. The growth factors shall be worked out for five-yearly intervals.
4. Traffic projections should be based on sound and proven forecasting techniques. In case traffic demand estimated is to be made on the basis of a model, the application of the model in the similar situation with the validation of the results should be established. The traffic projections should also bring out the possible impact of implementation of any competing facility in the near future. The demand estimates should also take into account the freight and passenger traffic along the major corridors that may interconnect with the project. Impact of toll charges on the traffic estimates should be estimated.
5. The methodology for traffic demand estimates described in the preceding paragraphs is for normal traffic only. In addition to the estimates for normal traffic, the Consultants shall also work out the estimates for generated, induced and diverted traffic.
6. The traffic forecasts shall also be made for both diverted and generated traffic.
7. Overall traffic forecast thus made shall form the basis for the design of each pavement type and other facilities/ancillary works.

4.11. Engineering Surveys and Investigations

4.11.1. Reconnaissance and Alignment

1. The Consultants should make an in-depth study of the available land width (ROW) topographic maps, satellite imageries and air photographs of the project area,

geological maps, catchment area maps, contour plans, flood flow data and seismological data and other available relevant information collected by them concerning the existing alignment. Consultant himself has to arrange the required maps and the information needed by him from the potential sources. Consultant should make efforts for minimizing land acquisition. Greater use of technology for LA be adopted by the consultant at the DPR stage so as to have a precise land acquisition process.

2. The detailed ground reconnaissance may be taken up immediately after the study of maps and other data. The primary tasks to be accomplished during the reconnaissance surveys include;
 - (i). topographical features of the area;
 - (ii). typical physical features along the existing alignment within and outside ROW i.e. land use Pattern;
 - (iii). possible alignment alternatives, vis-a-vis, scheme for the construction of additional lanes parallel to the existing road;
 - (iv). realignment requirements including the provision of bypasses, ROBs / Flyovers and via-duct for pedestrian crossings with possible alignment alternatives;
 - (v). preliminary identification of improvement requirements including treatments and measures needed for the cross-roads;
 - (vi). traffic pattern and preliminary identification of traffic homogenous links;
 - (vii). sections through congested areas;
 - (viii). inventory of major aspects including land width, terrain, pavement type, carriageway type, bridges and structures (type, size and location), intersections(type, cross-road category, location) urban areas (location, extent), geologically sensitive areas, environmental features;
 - (ix). critical areas requiring detailed investigations; and,
 - (x). Requirements for carrying out supplementary investigations.
 - (xi). soil (textural classifications) and drainage conditions
 - (xii). Type and extent of existing utility services along the alignment (within ROW).
 - (xiii). Typical physical features along the approach roads

Possible bridge locations, land acquisition problems, nature of crossings, likely length of approaches and bridge, firmness of banks, suitability of alignment of approach roads.

3. The data derived from the reconnaissance surveys are normally utilized for planning and programming the detailed surveys and investigations. All field studies including the traffic surveys should be taken up on the basis of information derived from the reconnaissance surveys.
4. The data and information obtained from the reconnaissance surveys should be documented. The data analysis and the recommendations concerning alignment and the field studies should be included in the Inception Report. The data obtained from the reconnaissance surveys should form the core of the database which would be supplemented and augmented using the data obtained from detailed field studies and investigations.

5. The data obtained from the reconnaissance surveys should be compiled in the tabular as well as graphical (chart) form indicating the major physical features and the proposed widening scheme for NHIDCL's comments. The data and the charts should also accompany the rationale for the selection of traffic survey stations.

4.11.2. Topographic Surveys

1. The basic objective of the topographic survey would be to capture the essential ground features along the alignment in order to consider improvements and for working out improvements, rehabilitation and upgrading costs. The detailed topographic surveys should normally be taken up after the completion of reconnaissance surveys.
2. The carrying out of topographic surveys will be one of the most important and crucial field tasks under the project. Technologies which can meet the following accuracy levels shall be adopted. For land based surveys (a) Fundamental horizontal accuracy of 5cm or better (b) Fundamental vertical accuracy of 5cm or better (c) More than 50 points shall be measured per sq. m and for aerial based surveys (a) Fundamental horizontal accuracy of 5 cm or better (b) Fundamental vertical accuracy of 5 cm or better (c) More than 10 points shall be measured per sq. m. To establish accuracy, a check point survey using DGPS (for horizontal accuracy) and Auto Level (for vertical accuracy) shall be carried out to establish the fundamental horizontal and vertical accuracy. A minimum of 25 check points, or check points once every 4 km should be established, and these should be strictly different from any geo-referencing or control network points.
3. The following are the set of deliverables which should be submitted after completion of survey:
 - (a). Raw DGPS data for the entire highway length and adjoining areas of interest
 - (b). Point cloud data or equivalent for the entire highway length and adjoining areas of interest in a format/ platform as per industry good practice which shall be amenable to operations by NHIDCL / Consultant. NHIDCL may decide about format/ platform of point cloud data
 - (c). Topographic map of scale 1:1000 of the entire highway length and adjoining areas of interest
 - (d). Contour map of 50 cm of entire highway length and adjoining areas of interest
 - (e). Cross section of the highway at every 50 m in drawing format.
 - (f). Develop a digital elevation/surface model (bare earth model from survey data) digital terrain model combining topographic data from LiDAR, road inventory and other available sources of data for use while modeling the road alignment and road and structure design.
 - (g). For land based surveys, Mobile LiDAR (Light Detection and Ranging) or better technology that can meet above requirements shall be adopted. For aerial based surveys, Aerial Mobile LiDAR (Light Detection and Ranging) or better technology that can meet above requirements shall be adopted. Where possible, mobile/terrestrial LiDAR and total station or better studies should be used to supplement aerial LiDAR for the final alignment chosen. Aerial based surveys shall be used as the primary source of topographical data only in cases where a new/green field alignment is being planned and/or major junctions are being planned where it is necessary to significantly increase the survey corridor beyond the capabilities of mobile LiDAR. In shadow areas such as invert levels below

culverts, terrestrial LiDAR shall be used where LiDAR or better technologies cannot survey accurately, traditional methods of Total Station/ Auto Level shall be used to complete the study.

- (h). In case of mobile LiDAR or better technology, 360 degree panoramic images of the entire highway length and adjoining areas of interest shall be submitted. In case of aerial LiDAR or better technology, ortho-images of the entire highway length and adjoining areas of interest shall be submitted.
- (i). The detailed field surveys would essentially include the following activities:
 - i. Topographic Surveys along the Existing Right of Way (ROW): Carrying out topographic survey using LiDAR or better technology along the existing road and realignments, wherever required and properly referencing the same with reference pillars fixed on either side of the centre-line at safe places within the ROW
 - ii. The detailed field surveys would essentially include the topographic surveys along the proposed location of bridge and alignment of approach road.
 - iii. The detailed topographic surveys should be carried out along the approach roads alignment and location of bridge approved by NHIDCL.
 - iv. Collection/ Extraction of details for all features such as structures (bridges, culverts etc.) utilities, existing roads, electric and telephone installations (both O/H as well as underground), huts, buildings, fencing and trees (with girth greater than 0.3metre) oil and gas lines etc. falling within the extent of survey.

4. The width of survey corridor will generally be as given under:

- (i). The width of the survey corridor should take into account the layout of the existing alignment including the extent of embankment and cut slopes and the general ground profile. While carrying out the field surveys, the widening scheme (i.e. right, left or symmetrical to the centre line of the existing carriageway) should be taken into consideration so that the topographic surveys cover sufficient width beyond the centre line of the proposed divided carriageway. Normally the surveys should extend a minimum of 30 m beyond either side of the centre line of the proposed divided carriageway or land boundary whichever is more
- (ii). In case the reconnaissance survey reveals the need for bypassing the congested locations, the traverse lines would be run along the possible alignments in order to identify and select the most suitable alignment for the bypass. The detailed topographic surveys should be carried out along the bypass alignment approved by NHIDCL. At locations where grade separated intersections could be the obvious choice, the survey area will be suitably increased. Field notes of the survey should be maintained which would also provide information about traffic, soil, drainage etc.
- (iii). The width of the surveyed corridor will be widened appropriately where developments and / or encroachments have resulted in a requirement for adjustment in the alignment, or where it is felt that the existing alignment can be improved upon through minor adjustments.
- (iv). Where existing roads cross the alignments, the survey will extend a minimum of 100 m either side of the road centre line and will be of sufficient width to allow improvements, including at grade intersection to be designed.

8. The surveyed alignment shall be transferred on to the ground as under:

- i. Reference Pillar and Bench Mark / Reference pillar of size 15 cm X 15 cm X 45cm shall be cast in RCC of grade M 15 with a nail fixed in the centre of the top surface. The reference pillar shall be embedded in concrete upto a depth of 30cm with CC M10 (5 cm wide all around). The balance 15 cm above ground shall be painted yellow. The spacing shall be 250m apart, incase Bench Mark Pillar coincides with Reference Pillar, only one of the two need be provided.

- ii. Establishing Bench marks at site connected to GTS Bench marks at a interval of 250 metres on Bench mark pillar made of RCC as mentioned above with RL and BM No. marked on it with red paint.
- iii. Boundary Pillars- Wherever the proposed alignment follows the existing alignment, the boundary pillars shall be fixed by the DPR consultant at an interval of 200m on either side of proposed Right of Way. Wherever there is a proposal of realignment of the existing Highway and/or construction of New Bypasses, Consultant shall fix boundary pillars along the proposed alignment on the extreme boundary on either side of the project Highway at 50 m interval. Boundary pillars shall be strictly provided as per IRC:25:1967.

4.11.2.1 Longitudinal and Cross-Sections

The topographic surveys for longitudinal and cross-sections shall cover the following:

- i. Longitudinal section levels along final centre line shall be taken at every 10 m interval. The levels shall be taken at closer intervals at the curve points, small streams, and intersections and at the locations of change in elevation. The interval shall also be modified as per IRC:SP-19 for rolling, mountainous & steep terrain.
 - ii. Cross sections at every 50 m interval in full extent of survey covering sufficient number of spot levels on existing carriageway and adjacent ground for profile correction course and earth work calculations. Cross sections shall be taken at closer interval at curves. The interval shall be modified as per IRC SP 19 for rolling, mountainous & steep terrain.
 - iii. Longitudinal section for cross roads for length adequate for design and quantity estimation purposes.
 - iv. Longitudinal and cross sections for major and minor streams shall cover Cross section of the channel at the site of proposed crossing and few cross sections at suitable distance both upstream and downstream, bed level upto top of banks and ground levels to a sufficient distance beyond the edges of channel, nature of existing surface soil in bed, banks & approaches, longitudinal section of channel showing site of bridge etc. These shall be as per recommendations contained in IRC Special Publication No. 13 (Guidelines for the Design of Small Bridges and Culverts) and provisions of IRC:5 (“Standard Specifications & Code of Practice for Road Bridges, Section 1 – General Features of Design”).
2. At feasibility study stage cross sections at 50m interval may be taken.
 3. Consultants shall also develop an as-is map of the road including:
 - i. Geo-referenced digital map of as-is project highway
 - ii. Earth surface, road layers, utilities, buildings and trees with feature data extracted and mapped in layers, marked on the map and tabulated data provided separately.
 - iii. All road, surface, sub surface inventory, pavement investigation and soil survey data to be super-imposed as layers using geo-referencing data

4.11.2.2 Details of utility Services and Other Physical Features

1. The Consultants shall collect details of all important physical features along the alignment. These features affect the project proposals and should normally include buildings and structures, monuments, burial grounds, cremation grounds, places of worship, railway lines, stream / river / canal, water mains, sewers, gas/oil pipes, crossings, trees, plantations, utility services such as electric, and telephone lines (O/H & U/G) and poles, optical fibre cables (OFC) etc. The survey would cover

the entire right-of-way of the road on the adequate allowance for possible shifting of the central lines at some of the intersections locations.

2. Consultant shall also map out sub-surface utilities. Accurate mapping and resolution of all sub-surface utilities up to a depth of 4 m shall be carried out. Differentiation between sub-surface utilities such as live electric cables, metallic utilities and other utilities shall be indicated and sub-surface utilities radargrams further processed into utility maps in formats such as PDF, JPEG and AutoCAD shall be furnished. To meet the accuracy levels, consultant shall use Ground Penetrating Radar, Induction Locator or better technologies.
3. The information collected during reconnaissance and field surveys shall be shown on a strip plan so that the proposed improvements can be appreciated and the extent of land acquisition with LA schedule, utility removals of each type etc. assessed and suitable actions can be initiated. Separate strip plan for each of the services involved shall be prepared for submission to the concerned agency.

4.11.3. Road and Pavement Investigations

The Consultants shall carry out detailed field studies in respect of road and pavement. The data collected through road inventory and pavement investigations should be sufficient to meet the input requirements of HDM-IV.

4.11.3.1 Road Inventory Surveys

1. Detailed road inventory surveys shall be carried out to collect details of all existing road and pavement features along the existing road sections. The inventory data shall include but not limited to the following:
 - i. Terrain (flat, rolling, mountainous);
 - ii. Land-use (agricultural, commercial, forest, residential etc) @ every kilometre;
 - iii. Carriageway width, surfacing type @ every 500m and every change of feature whichever is earlier;
 - iv. Shoulder surfacing type and width @ every 500m and every change of feature whichever is earlier;
 - v. Sub-grade / local soil type (textural classification) @ every 500m and every change of feature whichever is earlier;
 - vi. Horizontal curve; vertical curve
 - vii. Road intersection type and details, at every occurrence;
 - viii. Retaining structures and details, at every occurrence;
 - ix. Location of water bodies (lakes and reservoirs), at every occurrence;
 - x. Height of embankment or depth of cut @ every 200m and every change of feature whichever is earlier.
 - xi. Land width i.e. ROW
 - xii. Culverts, bridges and other structures (type, size, span arrangement and location)
 - xiii. Roadside arboriculture
 - xiv. Existing utility services on either side within ROW. There shall be a provision of utility corridor for appropriate categories / combination of utilities in the construction of new 4/6 laning of National Highways. Such structures shall be

located at appropriate location preferably as close to the extreme edge of Right of Way (RoW). In this connection, guidelines contained in IRC:98 shall be followed.

- xv. General drainage conditions
 - xvi. Design speed of existing road
2. The data should be collected in sufficient detail. The data should be compiled and presented in tabular as well as graphical form. The inventory data would be stored in computer files using simple utility packages, such as EXCEL.

4.11.3.2 Pavement Investigation

1. Pavement Composition

- i. The data concerning the pavement composition may be already available with the PWD. However, the consultants shall make trial pits to ascertain the pavement composition. The test pit interval will be as per Para 4 below.
- ii. For each test pit, the following information shall be recorded:
 - test pit reference (Identification number, location);
 - pavement composition (material type and thickness); and
 - subgrade type (textural classification) and condition (dry, wet)
 - embankment (composition and geometry)

2. Road and Pavement Condition Surveys

- i. Detailed field studies shall be carried out to collect road and pavement surface conditions. The data should generally cover:
 - pavement condition (surface distress type and extent);
 - shoulder condition;
 - embankment condition; and
 - drainage condition

Pavement Condition

- cracking (narrow and wide cracking), % of pavement area affected;
- raveling, % of pavement area affected;
- potholing, % of pavement area affected;
- edge break, length (m); and,
- rut depth, mm

Shoulder Condition

- Paved: Same as for pavement
- Unpaved: material loss, rut depth and corrugation, □ Edge drop, mm.

Embankment Condition

- general condition; and
 - extent of slope erosion
- ii. The objective of the road and pavement condition surveys shall be to identify defects and sections with similar characteristics. All defects shall be systematically referenced, recorded and quantified for the purpose of determining the mode of rehabilitation.
- iii. In addition to visual means, the pavement condition surveys shall be carried out using Network Survey vehicles mounted with equipments such as high resolution cameras, digital laser profilometer, transverse profiler- the data from which should be georeferenced using a DGPS receiver and in vehicle data processing software or

equivalent technology to accurately measure the pavement surface properties covered earlier. This pavement condition survey shall also be used as a repository for civil work and shall be carried out as per the directions of NHIDCL.

- iv. Supplemented by actual measurements and in accordance with the widely accepted methodology (AASHTO, IRC, OECD, TRL and World Bank Publications) adapted to meet the study requirements. The measurement of rut depth would be made using standard straight edges.
- v. The shoulder and embankment conditions shall be evaluated by visual means and the existence of distress modes (cuts, erosion marks, failure, drops) and extent (none, moderate, frequent and very frequent) of such distress manifestations would be recorded.
- vi. For sections with severe distresses, additional investigations as appropriate shall be carried out to determine the cause of such distresses. vii. Middle 200m could be considered as representative sample for each one km. of road and incase all other things are considered similar.

Drainage Condition

- General condition
- Connectivity of drainage turnouts into the natural topography
- Condition in cut sections
- Condition at high embankments

The data obtained from the condition surveys should be analyzed and the road segments of more or less equal performance may be identified using the criteria given in IRC: 81-1997.

3. Pavement Roughness

- i. The roughness surveys shall be carried out using a network survey vehicle mounted laser profilometer or better technology with specifications as described in para 2 above
 - i (a) In addition, the following criteria should be met by the process of defect detection:
 - Roughness measurement with outputs of both raw longitudinal profiles and IRI calculation shall be reported at 100m referenced to the preceding LRP. The roughness must meet ASTM-E950 (equivalent to Class I road profiler).
 - The IRI shall be determined for both wheelpaths over a minimum length of 250m for a minimum of 6 calibration sites with a roughness range between 2m/km and 8m/km. Calibration shall be made for speeds of 20, 30, 40, 50, 60 km/h.
- ii. The surveys shall be carried out along the outer wheel paths. The surveys shall cover a minimum of two runs along the wheel paths for each direction.
- iii. The results of the survey shall be expressed in terms of BI and IRI and shall be presented in tabular and graphical forms. The processed data shall be analyzed using the cumulative difference approach to identify road segments homogenous with respect to surface roughness.

4. Pavement Structural Strength

1. The Consultants shall carry out structural strength surveys for existing pavements using Falling Weight Deflectometer metre (FWD) in accordance with IRC 115 or IRC 117 as the case may be.
 - i. It is suggested that the deflection surveys may be carried out as per the scheme given below:
 - mainline testing; and,
 - Control section testing.
 - ii. The deflection tests for the mainline shall be carried out at every 500 m along the road sections covered under the study. The control section testing shall involve carrying out deflection testing for each 100 m long homogenous road segment along the road sections. The selection of homogenous segment shall be based on the data derived from pavement condition surveys. The total length of such homogenous segments shall not be less than 100 m per kilometre. The deflection measurements for the control section testing should be at an interval of not more than 10 m.
 - iii. Test pits shall be dug at every 500 m and also along each homogeneous road segment to obtain pavement composition details (pavement course, material type and thickness) so as to be able to study if a correlation exists between deflection and composition. If so, the relationship may be used while working out the overlay thickness for the existing pavement.
 - iv. Falling weight deflectometer_surveys may not be carried out for severely distressed sections of the road warranting reconstruction. The Consultants, immediately upon the award of the contract, shall submit to NHIDCL the scheme describing the testing schedule including the interval. The testing scheme shall be supported by data from detailed reconnaissance surveys.
 - v. It is mandatory for the consultant to use Falling weight deflectometer or alternative better technique for the evaluation of pavement strength, details of such methods or innovative features for deflection testing using Falling weight deflectometer along with the methodology for data analysis, interpretation and the use of such data for pavement overlay design purposes using IRC or any other widely used practices, such as AASHTO guidelines, should be got approved by NHIDCL. The sources of such methods should be properly referenced.

4.11.3.3 Subgrade Characteristics and Strength

1. Based on the data derived from condition (surface condition, roughness) and structural strength surveys, the project road section should be divided into segments homogenous with respect to pavement condition and strength. The delineation of segments homogenous with respect to roughness and strength should be done using the cumulative difference approach (AASHTO, 1993).
2. The data on soil classification and mechanical characteristics for soils along the existing alignments may already be available with the PWD. The testing scheme is, therefore, proposed as given under:
 - (i). For the widening (2-Laning) of existing road within the ROW, the Consultants shall test at least three sub-grade soil samples for each homogenous road segment or three samples for each soil type encountered, whichever is more.

- (ii). For the roads along new alignments, the test pits for sub grade soil shall be @5km or for each soil type, whichever is more. A minimum of three samples should be tested corresponding to each homogenous segment.
3. The testing for subgrade soil shall include:
 - i. In-situ density and moisture content at each test pit
 - ii. Field CBR using DCP at each test pit
 - iii. Characterization (grain size and Atterberg limits) at each test pit and,
 - iv. Laboratory moisture-density characteristics (modified AASHTO compaction);
 - v. Laboratory CBR (unsoaked and 4-day soak compacted at three energy levels) and swell.
4. For problematic soils, the testing shall be more rigorous. The characteristics with regard to permeability and consolidation shall also be determined for these soils. The frequency of sampling and testing of these soils shall be finalized in consultation with the NHIDCL officers after the problematic soil types are identified along the road sections.
5. The laboratory for testing of material should be got approved from NHIDCL before start of work.

4.11.4 Investigations for Bridges and Structure

4.11.4.1 Inventory of Bridges, Culverts and Structures

The Consultants shall make an inventory of all the structures (bridges, viaducts, ROBs/RUB and other grade separated structures, culverts, etc.) along the road under the project. The inventory for the bridges, viaducts and ROBs shall include the parametres required as per the guidelines of IRC-SP:35. The inventory of culverts shall be presented in a tabular form covering relevant physical and hydraulic parametres.

4.11.4.2 Hydraulic and Hydrological Investigations

1. The hydrological and hydraulic studies shall be carried out in accordance with IRC Special Publication No. 13 (“Guidelines for the Design of Small Bridges and Culverts”) and IRC:5 (“Standard Specifications & Code of Practice for Road Bridges, Section I General Feature of Design”). These investigations shall be carried out for all existing drainage structures along the road sections under the study.
2. The consultant shall also collect information on observed maximum depth of scour.
3. In respect of major bridges, history of hydraulic functioning of existing bridge, if any, under flood situation, general direction of river course through structure, afflux, extent and magnitude of flood, effect of backwater, if any, aggradation/degradation of bed, evidence of scour etc. shall be used to augment the available hydrological data. The presence of flood control/ irrigation structures, if affecting the hydraulic characteristics like causing obliquity, concentration of flow, scour, silting of bed, change in flow levels, bed levels etc. shall be studied and considered in design of bridges. The details of any future planned work that may affect the river hydraulics shall be studied and considered.

4. The Consultants shall make a desk study of available data on topography (topographic maps, stereoscopic aerial photography), storm duration, rainfall statistics, top soil characteristics, vegetation cover etc. so as to assess the catchment areas and hydraulic parameters for all existing and proposed drainage provisions. The findings of the desk study would be further supplemented and augmented by a reconnaissance along the area. All-important hydrological features shall be noted during this field reconnaissance.
5. The Consultants shall collect information on high flood level (HFL), low water levels (LWL), high tide level (HTL), low tide level (LTL) where applicable, discharge velocity etc. from available past records, local inquiries and visible signs, if any, on the structural components and embankments. Local inquiries shall also be made with regard to the road sections getting overtopped during heavy rains.
6. Conducting Model studies for bridges is not covered in the scope of consultancy services. If Model study is envisaged for any bridge, requirement of the same shall be spelt out in the RPF documents separately indicating scope and time frame of such study. Salient features of the scope of services to be included for model study are given in the supplement- II Terms of Reference.

4.11.4.3 Condition Surveys for Bridges, Culverts and Structures

1. The Consultants shall thoroughly inspect the existing structures and shall prepare a report about their condition including all the parameters given in the Inspection proforma of IRC-SP:35. The condition and structural assessment survey of the bridges / culverts / structures shall be carried out by senior experts of the Consultants.
2. For the bridges identified to be in a distressed condition based upon the visual condition survey, supplementary testing shall be carried out as per IRC-SP:35 and IRCSP:40. Selection of tests may be made based on the specific requirement of the structure.
3. The assessment of the load carrying capacity or rating of existing bridges shall be carried out under one or more of the following scenarios:
 - i. when the design live load is less than that of the statutory commercial vehicle plying or likely to ply on bridge;
 - ii. if during the condition assessment survey and supplementary testing the bridge is found to indicate distress of serious nature leading to doubt about structural and / or functional adequacy, and
 - iii. Design live load is not known nor are the records and drawings available.
4. The evaluation of the load carrying capacity of the bridge shall be carried out as per IRC-SP:37 (“Guidelines for Evaluation of Load Carrying Capacity of Bridges”). The analytical and correlation method shall be used for the evaluation of the load carrying capacity as far as possible. When it is not possible to determine the load carrying capacity of the bridge using analytical and correlation method, the same shall be carried out using load testing. The consultant has to exhaust all other methods of evaluation of strength of bridges before recommending to take up load testing of bridges. Road closure for testing if unavoidable shall be arranged by NHIDCL for limited duration say 12 hours or so.

5. Consultant shall carryout necessary surveys and investigations to establish the remaining service life of each retainable bridge or structure with and without the proposed strengthening and rehabilitation according to acceptable international practice in this regard.

4.11.4.4 Geo-technical Investigations and Sub-Soil Exploration

1. The Consultants shall carry out geo-technical investigations and sub-surface explorations for the proposed Bridges / Road over bridges/ tunnels/ viaducts/ interchanges etc., along high embankments and any other location as necessary for proper design of the works and conduct all relevant laboratory and field tests on soil and rock samples. The minimum scope of geo-technical investigations for bridge and structures shall be as under:

S. No.	Description	Location of Boring
1	Overall length = 6 – 30 m	One abutment location and at least one intermediate location between abutments for structures having more than one span
2	Overall length = 30 – 60 m	One abutment location and at least one intermediate location between abutments for structures having more than one span.
3	Overall length >60 m	Each abutment and each pier locations.

2. The deviation(s), if any, by the Consultants from the scheme presented above should be approved by NHIDCL.
3. However, where a study of geo-technical reports and information available from adjacent crossings over the same waterway (existing highway and railway bridges) indicates that subsurface variability is such that boring at the suggested spacing will be insufficient to adequately define the conditions for design purposes, the Consultants shall review and finalize the bore hole locations in consultation with the NHIDCL officers.
4. Geotechnical Investigations and Sub soil Exploration shall be carried out to determine the nature and properties of existing strata in bed, banks and approaches with trial pits and bore hole sections showing the levels, nature and properties of various strata to a sufficient depth below the level suitable for foundations, safe intensity of pressure on the foundation strata, proneness of site to artesian conditions, seismic disturbance and other engineering properties of soil etc. Geotechnical investigation and Sub-soil Exploration will be done as per IRC 78.
5. The scheme for the borings locations and the depth of boring shall be prepared by the Consultants and submitted to NHIDCL for approval. These may be finalized in consultation with NHIDCL.
6. The sub-soil exploration and testing should be carried out through the Geotechnical Consultants empanelled by MORT&H. The soil testing reports shall be in the format prescribed in relevant IRC Codes.7. For the approach road pavement, bore holes at each major change in pavement condition or in deflection readings or at 2 km intervals whichever is less shall be carried out to a depth of at

least 2 m below embankment base or to rock level and are to be fully logged. Appropriate tests to be carried out on samples collected from these bore holes to determine the suitability of various materials for use in widening of embankments or in parts of new pavement structure.

4.11.5. Material Investigations

1. The Consultants shall identify sources (including use of fly-ash/ slag), quarry sites and borrow areas, undertake field and laboratory testing of the materials to determine their suitability for various components of the work and establish quality and quantity of various construction materials and recommend their use on the basis of technoeconomic principles. The Consultants shall prepare mass haul diagram for haulage purposes giving quarry charts indicating the location of selected borrow areas, quarries and the respective estimated quantities.

“Environment friendly materials”

“As per MORTH circular No. RW /NH-33044/53/2013-S&R(R) dated 20th November, 2013, alternative pavement materials and technologies for road construction shall be assessed and compared in the design stage. The alternative resulting in substantial reduction in GHG emission and with least life cycle cost shall be recommended for implementation. Technical and economic feasibility of using industrial byproducts, recyclable and waste materials shall be assessed depending on their availability in the concerned region.

2. It is to be ensured that no material shall be used from the right-of-way except by way of leveling the ground as required from the construction point of view, or for landscaping and planting of trees etc. or from the cutting of existing ground for obtaining the required formation levels.
3. Environmental restrictions, if any, and feasibility of availability of these sites to prospective civil works contractors, should be duly taken into account while selecting new quarry locations.
4. The Consultants shall make suitable recommendations regarding making the borrow and quarry areas after the exploitation of materials for construction of works.
5. The Material Investigation aspect shall include preparation and testing of bituminous mixes for various layers and concrete mixes of different design mix grades using suitable materials (binders, aggregates, sand filler etc.) as identified during Material Investigation to conform to latest MoRT&H specification.

4.12 Detailed Design of Road and Pavements, Bridges, Structures

4.12.1. General

1. The Consultants are to carryout detailed designs and prepare working drawings for the following:
 - i. High speed highway with divided carriageway configuration complete in all respects with service roads at appropriate locations;

- ii. Design of pavement for the additional lanes and overlay for the existing road, paved shoulders, medians, verges;
- iii. Bridges, viaduct/subways and other grade separated structures including ROB/RUBs etc.
- iv. At-grade and grade-separated intersections, interchanges (if required);
- v. ROB for railway crossings as per the requirement and the standards of the Indian Railways; and,
- vi. Prepare alignment plans, longitudinal sections and cross-sections@ 50m intervals;
- vii. Designs for road furniture and road safety/traffic control features;
- viii. Designs and drawings for service road/under passes/overpass / cattle passes tree planting/fencing at locations where necessary / required
- ix. Toll plazas and office-cum-residential complex for **NHIDCL** (one for each civil contract package)
- x. Short bypasses at congested locations
- xi. Drainage design showing location of turnouts, out falling structures, separate drawings sheet for each 5 km. stretch.
- xii. Bridges and structures rehabilitation plan with design and drawings
- xiii. Traffic amenities (Parking Areas, Weighing Station and Rest Areas, etc.).
- xiv. Design of pavement for approach road
- xv. Design of river bank protection / training works. Innovative type of structures with minimum joints, aesthetically, pleasing and appropriate to the topography of the region shall be designed wherever feasible.

4.12.2. Design Standards

1. The Consultants shall evolve Design Standards and material specifications for the Study primarily based on IRC publications, MoRT&H Circulars and relevant recommendations of the international standards for approval by **NHIDCL**.
2. The Design Standards evolved for the project shall cover all aspects of detailed design including the design of geometric elements, pavement design, bridges and structures, traffic safety and materials.

4.12.3. Geometric Design

1. The design of geometric elements shall, therefore, take into account the essential requirements of such facilities.
2. Based on the data collected from reconnaissance and topographic surveys, the sections with geometric deficiencies, if any, should be identified and suitable measures for improvement should be suggested for implementation.
3. The data on accident statistics should be compiled and reported showing accident type and frequency so that black spots are identified along the project road section. The possible causes (such as poor geometric features, pavement condition etc.) of accidents should be investigated into and suitable cost-effective remedial measures suggested for implementation.

4. The detailed design for geometric elements shall cover, but not be limited to the following major aspects:
 - i. horizontal alignment;
 - ii. longitudinal profile;
 - iii. cross-sectional elements, including refuge lane (50m) at every 2kms.
 - iv. junctions, intersections and interchanges;
 - vi. bypasses; and,
 - vii. service roads as and when require i.e built up area.
5. The alignment design shall be verified for available sight distances as per the standard norms. The provision of appropriate markings and signs shall be made wherever the existing site conditions do not permit the adherence to the sight distance requirements as per the standard norms.
6. The consultants shall make detailed analysis of traffic flow and level of service for the existing road and workout the traffic flow capacity for the improved project road. The analysis should clearly establish the widening requirements with respect to the different horizon periods taking into account special problems such as road segments with isolated steep gradients.
7. In the case of closely spaced cross roads the Consultant shall examine different options such as, providing grade separated structure for some of them with a view to reduce number of at-grade crossings, services roads connecting the cross-roads and closing access from some of the intersections and prepare and furnish appropriate proposals for this purpose keeping in view the cost of improvement, impact on traffic movement and accessibility to cross roads. The detailed drawings and cost estimate should include the provisions for realignments of the existing cross roads to allow such arrangements.
8. The Consultant shall also prepare design of grade separated pedestrian crossings (viaducts) for large cross traffic of pedestrians and / or animals on the basis of passenger and animal cross traffic surveys conducted.
9. The Consultant shall also prepare details for at-grade junctions, which may be adopted as alternative to the grade separated structures. The geometric design of interchanges shall take into account the site conditions, turning movement characteristics, level of service, overall economy and operational safety.
10. The Consultants shall prepare design and other details in respect of the parallel service roads in urbanized locations and other locations to cater to the local traffic, their effect of the viability of the project on commercial basis if service roads are constructed as part of the project and the implications of not providing the service roads.
11. The consultant shall prepare complete road and pavement design including drainage for new bypass option identified around congested town en-route.
12. The consultant shall ensure the geometric design so as to have provision of snow storage area on both side of the road as per the existing guidelines.

4.12.4. Pavement Design

1. The detailed design of pavement shall involve:
 - i. strengthening of existing road pavement and design of the new pavement if any, if the findings of the traffic studies and life-cycle costing analysis confirm the requirement for widening of the road beyond 2 lane undivided carriageway standard;;
 - ii. pavement design for bypasses; and,
 - iii. design of shoulders including snow storage areas.
2. The design of pavement shall primarily be based on IRC publications.
3. The design of pavement shall be rigorous and shall make use of the latest Indian and International practices. **The design alternatives shall include both rigid and flexible design options. The most appropriate design, option shall be established on life-cycle costing and techno-economic consideration.**
4. For the design of pavement, each set of design input shall be decided on the basis of rigorous testing and evaluation of its suitability and relevance in respect of in-service performance of the pavement. The design methodology shall accompany the design proposals and shall clearly bring out the basic assumptions, values of the various design inputs, rationale behind the selection of the design inputs and the criteria for checking and control during the implementation of works. In other words, the design of pavement structure should take due account of the type, characteristics of materials used in the respective courses, variability of their properties and also the reliability of traffic predictions. Furthermore, the methodology adopted for the design of pavement shall be complete with flowcharts indicating the various steps in the design process, their interaction with one another and the input parameter required at each step.
5. For the design of overlays for the existing 2-lane pavement, the strengthening requirement shall duly take into account the strength of the existing pavement vis-à-vis the remaining life. The overlay thickness requirements shall be worked out for each road segment homogenous with respect to condition, strength and sub-grade characteristics. The rehabilitation provisions should also include the provision of regulating layer. For existing pavement with acceptable levels of cracking, provision of a crack inhibiting layer should also be included.
- 5 (a) For rehabilitation and strengthening, consultant shall consider the alternatives of rehabilitating the existing pavement, overlaying with the same or alternate pavement type (e.g. white/black topping) and also the option of removal and replacement of existing pavement layers and chose the best alternative basis lifecycle costing, and any local considerations such as material availability, time available for construction etc.
6. Latest techniques of pavement strengthening like provision of geo-synthetics and cold/hot pavement recycling should be duly considered by the consultant for achieving economy. The use of technology particularly environment friendly technology viz. recycling of bituminous mixes, warm mixes and soil stabilization etc. should be adopted wherever feasible. Clause 519 of the “Specifications for Road and Bridge Works” (Fifth Revision) covers specifications for recycling of existing bituminous pavement materials to upgrade the pavements. These provisions notwithstanding, recycling of existing bituminous materials is yet to be implemented

in most of the **NHIDCL** projects. The reclaiming and reprocessing of pavement materials involve both design (how the pavement should be designed using reclaimed materials with the given properties) and technology (the methods to reclaim and reprocess, equipment, knowhow and quality) issues. After addressing these issues, the recycling of pavements will be environmentally and economically better option for rehabilitation, repair or reconstruction compared to the use of fresh or virgin materials. Indian Road Congress has published IRC: 120-2015 on “recommended practice for recycling of bituminous pavements” giving a detailed procedure for its implementation

7. The paved shoulders shall be designed as integral part of the pavement for the main carriageway. The design requirements for the carriageway pavement shall, therefore, be applicable for the design of shoulder pavements. The design of granular shoulder should take into account the drainage considerations besides the structural requirements.
8. The pavement design task shall also cover working out the maintenance and strengthening requirements and periodicity and timing of such treatments.

4.12.5. Design of Embankments

1. The embankments design should provide for maximum utilization of locally available materials consistent with economy. Use of fly ash wherever available with in economical leads must be considered. In accordance with Government instructions, **use of fly ash within 300 km from Thermal Power Stations is mandatory** as per extra ordinary Gazette Notification No. S.O. 254 (E) Part Section – III – Sub Section (ii) dated 25th January, 2016 and subsequent amendment, if any of Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate change, New Delhi.
2. The Consultants shall carry out detailed analysis and design for all embankments of height greater than 6 m based on relevant IRC publications.
3. The design of embankments should include the requirements for protection works and traffic safety features.

4.12.6. Design of Bridges and Structures

1. The data collected and investigation results shall be analyzed to determine the following:
 - i. HFL
 - ii. LWL
 - iii. LBL
 - iv. Erodibility of bed/scour level
 - v. Design discharge
 - vi. Linear waterway and effective linear waterway
 - vii. Likely foundation depth
 - viii. Safe bearing capacity
 - ix. Engineering properties of sub soil

- x. Artesian conditions
 - xi. Settlement characteristics
 - xii. Vertical clearance
 - xiii. Horizontal clearance
 - xiv. Free board for approach road
 - xv. Severity of environment with reference to corrosion
 - xvi. Data pertaining to seismic and wind load
 - xvii. Requirement of model study etc.
2. The Consultant shall prepare General Arrangement Drawing (GAD) and Alignment Plan showing the salient features of the bridges and structures proposed to be constructed / reconstructed along the road sections covered under the Study. These salient features such as alignment, overall length, span arrangement, cross section, deck level, founding level, type of bridge components(superstructure, substructure, foundations, bearings, expansion joint, return walls etc.) shall be finalized based upon hydraulic and geotechnical studies, cost effectiveness and ease of construction. The GAD shall be supplemented by Preliminary designs. In respect of span arrangement and type of bridge a few alternatives with cost-benefit implications should be submitted to enable NHIDCL to approve the best alternative. After approval of alignment and GAD the Consultant shall prepare detailed design as per IRC codes /guidelines and working drawings for all components of bridges and structures.
 3. The location of all at-grade level crossings shall be identified falling across the existing level crossings for providing ROB at these locations. The Consultants shall prepare preliminary GAD for necessary construction separately to the Client. The Consultant shall pursue the Indian Railways Authorities or/and any statutory authority of State/Central Government for approval of the GAD from concerned Authorities.
 4. GAD for bridges/structures across irrigation/water way channels shall be got approved from the concerned Irrigation/Water way Authorities. Subsequent to approval of GAD and alignment plan by NHIDCL, the Consultants shall prepare detailed design as per IRC codes/guidelines for all components of the bridges and structures.
 5. Subsequent to the approval of the GAD and Alignment Plan by NHIDCL and Railways, the Consultant shall prepare detailed design as per IRC and Railways guidelines and working drawings for all components of the bridges and structures. The Consultant shall furnish the design and working drawings for suitable protection works and/or river training works wherever required.
 6. Dismantling/ reconstruction of existing structures shall be avoided as far as possible except where considered essential in view of their poor structural conditions/ inadequacy of the provisions etc.
 7. The existing structures having inadequate carriageway width shall be widened/reconstructed in part or fully as per the latest MoRT&H guidelines. The Consultant shall furnish the detailed design and working drawings for carrying out the above improvements.

8. Suitable repair / rehabilitation measures shall be suggested in respect of the existing structures as per IRC-SP:40 along with their specifications, drawings and cost estimate in the form of a report. The rehabilitation or reconstruction of the structures shall be suggested based on broad guidelines for rehabilitation and strengthening of existing bridges contained in IRC-SP:35 and IRC-SP:40.
9. Subsequent to the approval of the GAD and the alignment plan by NHIDCL, detailed design shall also be carried out for the proposed underpasses, overpasses and interchanges.
10. The Consultants shall also carry out the design and make suitable recommendations for protection works for bridges and drainage structures.
11. In case land available is not adequate for embankment slope, suitable design for RCC retaining wall shall be furnished. However, RES wall may also be considered depending upon techno-economic suitability to be approved by NHIDCL.
12. All the bridge structures having a length of 100 m or less can be used for tapping of water for serving dual purpose i.e., to cross the water body or to store water, if technically feasible. Therefore, such structures shall be designed as bridge cum barrage structures (bridge cum bandhara). Ministry's guidelines in this regard issued vide letter no. RW/NH-34066/89/2015-S&R(B) dated 18.04.2017 may be referred.

4.12.7. Drainage System

1. The requirement of roadside drainage system and the integration of the same with proposed cross-drainage system shall be worked out for the entire length of the project road section.
2. In addition to the roadside drainage system, the Consultants shall design the special drainage provisions for sections with super-elevated carriageways, high embankments and for road segments passing through cuts. The drainage provisions shall also be worked out for road segments passing through urban areas.
3. The designed drainage system should show locations of turnouts/outfall points with details of outfall structures fitting into natural contours. A separate drawing sheet covering every 5 km. stretch of road shall be prepared.
4. The project highway shall be designed to have well designed efficient drainage system, which shall be subsurface, as far as possible. While constructing the underpasses, the finished road level shall be determined so as to ensure that the accumulation of rain water does not take place and run-off flows at the natural ground level. The drains, wherever constructed, shall be provided with proper gradient and connected to the existing outlets for final disposal.
5. The rain water harvesting requirements be assessed taking into consideration the Ministry of Environment & Forest Notification Dt. 14.01.1997 (as amended on 13.01.1998, 05.01.1999 & 06.11.2000). The construction of rainwater harvesting structure is mandatory in and around water scarce / crisis areas notified by the Central Ground Water Board. The provisions for rainwater harvesting be executed

as per the requirements of IRC:SP:42-2014 (Guidelines for Road Drainage) and IRC:SP:50-2013 (Guidelines on Urban Drainage).

6. All the bridge structures having a length of 100m or less can be used for tapping of water for serving dual purpose i.e. to cross the water body and to store water, if technically feasible. Therefore, such structures should be designed as bridge cum barrage structures (bridge cum bandhara). Ministry's guidelines in this regard issued vide letter no. RW/NH-34066/59/2015-S&R(B) dated 18.04.2017 may be referred.
7. The locations of the culverts should be planned in such a way that the proposed culvert covers optimum catchment area & the location shall be decided on the basis of topographical survey, local rainfall data, gradient of natural ground and enquiry from the local habitants. All culverts should preferably be box culverts as pipe culverts get filled up with silt, which is rarely cleared.

4.12.8. Traffic Safety Features, Road Furniture and Road Markings

1. The Consultants shall design suitable traffic safety features and road furniture including traffic signals, signs, markings, overhead sign boards, crash barriers, delineators etc. The locations of these features shall be given in the reports and also shown in the drawings.
2. The Consultant should make the provisions for "the overhead (gantry-mounted) signs on roads with two or more lanes in the same direction" as per provisions of IRC-67. The minimum height of gantry mounted sign be 5.5 m above the highest point at the carriageway.
3. Road safety shall be the focus of design. The roads shall be forgiving, having selfexplaining alignment, safe designed intersections / interchanges segregation and safe crossing facilities for VRUs with crash barriers at hazardous locations. The details of traffic signs and pavement markings with their locations, types and configuration shall be shown on the plan so that they are correctly provided.
4. DPR shall undergo the exercise of Road Safety Audit through the Road Safety Auditor (separate from design team) and recommendations mentioned be incorporated.
5. Road markings and proper signage constitute another important aspect of the Road safety. The DPR shall contain a detailed signage plan, indicating the places, directions, distances and other features, duly marked on the chainage plan. It shall specify the suitable places where FoBs are to be provided. Road marking and signage plan shall be included in DPR and shall be specifically approved by the **NHIDCL**.
6. Advanced Traffic Management System (ATMS) shall be in place for all 4/6 lane roads of **NHIDCL** being put to tolling. This would provide real time information, guidance and emergency assistance to users. ATMS would include outdoor equipment including emergency call boxes, variable message sign systems, meteorological data system, close circuit TV camera (CCTV) system in addition to any other equipment required to meet the objective. Indoor equipment would include large display board, central computer with Network Management System, CCTV monitor system and management of call boxes system with uninterrupted

power supply, all housed in a central control centre. In this connection, NHIDCL's policy circular no.11041/218/2007-Admn dated 15.09.2016 may be referred.

7. As availability of suitable sight distance has a large effect on road safety, the alignment of all the NHs should be finalized in such a way so as to have double the stopping sight distance available to the road users at all locations.

4.12.9. Arboriculture and Landscaping

The Consultants shall work out appropriate plan for planting of trees (specifying type of plantation), horticulture, floriculture on the surplus land of the right-of way with a view to beautify the highway and making the environment along the highway pleasing. These activities should be included in the TOR for contractor/concessionaire and the cost of these activities shall also be added to the total project cost for civil works. The existing trees / plants shall be retained to the extent possible. The Transplantation of trees shall also be proposed wherever feasible.

4.12.10. Toll Plaza

1. The Consultants shall identify the possible toll plaza location(s) based on the data and information derived from the traffic studies and a study of the existing physical features including the availability of land. The location of the plaza should keep in view that the project road is to be developed as a partially access controlled highway facility and it is required to collect toll on rational basis from as much of the vehicular traffic as possible consistent with economy of collection and operations. The location of the toll plaza should be finalized in consultation with NHIDCL.
2. The minimum number of toll lanes at the toll plazas should be carefully designed taking into consideration the projected peak hour tollable traffic, permissible service time, adopted toll collection system and the capacity of service lanes. The number of lanes at any toll plaza would, however, be not less than four times the number of lanes for which the highway has been designed. Eventually, all the lanes have to be designed / equipped with Electronic Toll Collection (ETC) systems and one lane at the extreme outer side for Over Dimensioned Vehicles (ODV) should be earmarked in each direction.
3. Car lanes and lanes for commercial vehicles shall be earmarked at the toll plaza with outer lanes earmarked for the commercial vehicles. At least 50% of the total lanes on each side shall be equipped with weigh-in-motion facility for dedicated use by commercial vehicles followed by a static weigh bridge on either side. Number of lanes with weigh-in-motion facility may be suitably increased depending on proportion of commercial vehicles in total traffic. Provision should be kept for acquisition and earmarking of about one acre area for parking of the overloaded vehicles.
4. Toll Plaza shall be designed as per IRC 84.

4.12.11. Weighing Station, Parking Areas and Rest Areas

1. The consultant shall select suitable sites for weighing stations, parking areas and rest areas and prepare suitable separate designs in this regard. The common facilities like petrol pump, first-aid medical facilities, police office, restaurant,

vehicle parking etc. should be included in the general layout for planning. For petrol pump, the guidelines issued by OISD of Ministry of Petroleum shall be followed. The facilities should be planned to be at approximately 50 km interval. At least each facility (1 no.) is foreseen to be provided for this project stretch. Weighing stations can be located near toll plazas so that overloaded vehicles can be easily identified and suitably penalized and unloaded before being allowed to proceed further. The type of weighing system suitable for the project shall be brought out in the report giving merits of each type of the state-of-the art and basis of recommendations for the chosen system.

2. The Consultant should take into consideration the provisions for persons with disabilities (PwD) in way side amenity centres / rest areas and provide ramp facilities, exit / entrance door with minimum clear opening of 900 mm and special toilet facilities for use of handicapped persons. The consultant shall also take into consideration, the provisions for Pedestrians facilities as per IRC-103.

4.12.12 Miscellaneous Works

1. The Consultants shall make suitable designs and layout for miscellaneous works including rest areas, bus bays, vehicle parking areas, telecommunication facilities, helipads etc. wherever appropriate.
2. The Consultants shall prepare the detailed scheme and lay out plan for the works mentioned in Para 1.
3. The Consultants shall prepare detailed plan for the traffic management and safety during the construction period.

4.13 Environment and Social Impact Assessment

The consultant shall under take the detailed environmental and social impact assessment in accordance with the standard set by the Government of India for projects proposed to be funded by MORT&H /NHIDCL. In respect of projects proposed to be funded by ADB loan assistance, Environmental Assessment Requirements, Environmental Guidelines for selected infrastructure projects, 1993 of Asian Development Bank shall be followed. Similarly, for projects proposed to be funded by World Bank loan assistance, World Bank Guidelines shall be followed.

4.13.1 Environmental Impact Assessment

Environment impact assessment or initial environment examination be carried out in accordance with ADB's Environmental Assessment Requirements of ADB 1998 guidelines for selected infrastructure projects 1993 as amended from time to time /World Bank Guidelines / Government of India Guidelines, as applicable

1. The consultant should carry out the preliminary environmental screening to assess the direct and induced impacts due to the project.
2. The consultant shall ensure to document baseline conditions relevant to the project with the objective to establish the benchmarks.
3. The consultant shall assess the potential significant impacts and identify the mitigation measures to address these impacts adequately.

4. The consultant shall do the analysis of alternatives incorporating environmental concerns. This should include with and without scenario and modification incorporated in the proposed project due to environment considerations.
5. The consultant shall give special attention to the environmental enhancement measures in the project for the following:
 - (a) Cultural property enhancement along the highways
 - (b) Bus bays and bus shelters including a review of their location,
 - (c) Highway side landscape and enhancement of the road junctions,
 - (d) Enhancement of highway side water bodies, and
 - (e) Redevelopment of the borrow areas located on public land.
6. The consultant shall prepare the bill-of-quantities (BOQ) and technical specifications for all items of work in such a way that these may be readily integrated to the construction contracts.
7. The consultant shall establish a suitable monitoring network with regard to air, water and noise pollution. The consultant will also provide additional inputs in the areas of performance indicators and monitoring mechanisms for environmental components during construction and operational phase of the project.
8. The consultant shall provide the cost of mitigation measures and ensure that environmental related staffing, training and institutional requirements are budgeted in project cost.
9. The consultant shall prepare the application forms and obtain forestry and environmental clearances from the respective authorities including the SPCBs and the MOEF on behalf of NHIDCL. The consultants will make presentation, if required, in defending the project to the MOEF Infrastructure Committee.
10. The consultant shall identify and plan for plantation and Transplantation of the suitable trees along the existing highway in accordance with IRC guidelines.
11. The consultant shall assist in providing appropriate input in preparation of relevant environment and social sections of BPIP.
- 12 Provision should be made for Noise Barriers wherever (especially where project highway passes through dense habitation) required as a mitigation measure against noise pollution and nuisance. Their location, dimension, type, material and shapes should be determined and defined in environment impact assessment studies forming part of DPR.

4.13.2 Social Assessment

- 1 The consultant would conduct base line socio-economic and census survey to assess the impacts on the people, properties and loss of livelihood. The socioeconomic survey will establish the benchmark for monitoring of R&R activities. A social

assessment is conducted for the entire project to identify mechanisms to improve project designs to meet the needs of different stakeholders. A summary of stakeholder discussions, issue raised and how the project design was developed to meet stakeholders need would be prepared.

- 2 The consultant shall prepare Land Acquisition Plan and assist NHIDCL in acquisition of land under various Acts.

4.13.3 The consultant would prepare Resettlement and Rehabilitation Plan and assess feasibility and effectiveness of income restoration strategies and suitability and availability to relocation sites. The resettlement plan which accounts for land acquisition and resettlement impacts would be based on a 25% socio-economic survey and 100 % census survey of project affected people which provides the complete assessment of the number of affected households and persons, including common property resources. All untitled occupants are recorded at the initial stages and identify cards will be issued to ensure there is no further influx of people in to the project area. All consultations with affected persons (to include list of participants) should be fully documented and records made available to NHIDCL.

- Assessment on the impact of the project on the poor and vulnerable groups along the project road corridor.
- Based on the identified impacts, developing entitlement matrix for the project affected people.
- Assessment on social issues such as indigenous people, gender, HIV/AIDS, labourers including child labour.
- Implementation budgets, sources and timing of funding and schedule of tasks.
- Responsibility of tasks, institutional arrangements and personnel for delivering entitlement and plans to build institutional capacity.
- Internal and external monitoring plans, key monitoring indicators and grievance redress mechanism.
- Incorporating any other suggestions of the ADB/ World Bank/ NHIDCL, till the acceptance of the reports by the ADB/ World Bank/ NHIDCL

4.13.4 Reporting Requirements of EIA

- The consultant would prepare the stand-alone reports as per the requirement of the ADB/World Bank / NHIDCL, as applicable, with contents as per the following:
- Executive Summary
- Description of the Project
- Environmental setting of the project.
- Identification and categorization of the potential impacts (during pre-construction, construction and operation periods).
- Analysis of alternatives (this would include correlation amongst the finally selected alternative alignment/routing and designs with the avoidance and environmental management solutions).

- The public consultation process.
- Policy, legal and administrative framework. This would include mechanisms at the states and national level for operational policies. This would also include a description of the organizational and implementation mechanism recommended for this project.
- Typical plan or specific designs for all additional environmental items as described in the scope of work.
- Incorporating any other as per the suggestions of the ADB/ World Bank / NHIDCL, till the acceptance of the reports by the ADB/ World Bank / NHIDCL , as applicable.
- EMP Reports for Contract Package based on uniform methodology and processes. The consultant will also ensure that the EMP has all the elements for it to be a legal document. The EMP reports would include the following:
 - Brief description of the project, purpose of the EMP, commitments on incorporating environmental considerations in the design, construction and operations phases of the project and institutional arrangements for implementing the EMP.
 - A detailed EMP for construction and operational phases with recourse to the mitigation measures for all adverse impacts.
 - Detailed plans for highway-side tree plantation (as part of the compensatory afforestation component).
 - Environmental enhancement measure would be incorporated.
 - Enhancement measures would include items described in the scope of work and shall be complete with plans, designs, BOQ and technical specifications.
- Environmental monitoring plans during and after construction including scaling and measurement techniques for the performance indicators selected for monitoring.
 - The EMP should be amendable to be included in the contract documents for the works.
 - Incorporating any other as per the suggestions of the ADB/ World Bank / NHIDCL, till the acceptance of the reports by the ADB/ World Bank / NHIDCL as applicable.

4.13.5 Reporting requirements of RAP

Analysis on the resettlement plan be conducted based on ADBs Hand Book on Resettlement, A Guide to Good practice 1998 as amended time to time/ World Bank Guidelines / Government of India Guidelines, as applicable.

- Executive summary
- Description of project
- Objectives of the project.

- The need for Resettlement in the Project and evaluation of measures to minimize resettlement.
- Description and results of public consultation and plans for continued participation of PAPs.
- Definition of PAPs and the eligibility criteria.
- Census and survey results-number affected, how are they affected and what impacts will they experience.
- Legal and entitlement policy framework-support principles for different categories of impact.
- Arrangements for monitoring and evaluation (internal and external)
- Implementation schedule for resettlement which is linked to the civil works contract
- A matrix of scheduled activities linked to land acquisition procedures to indicate clearly what steps and actions will be taken at different stages and the time frame
- The payment of compensation and resettlement during the acquisition process
- An itemized budget (replacement value for all assets) and unit costs for different assets

5.1 Land Acquisition

5.1.1 Overall program management of all activities pertaining to Land Acquisition

5.1.1.1 Coordinate all activities necessary for accurate and timely publication of notifications as per NH Act including but not limited to

- Identify all land parcels that need to be acquired as part of project highway
- Conduct Joint Measurement Survey in conjunction with CALA, NHIDCL and state revenue department to verify land records
- Conduct valuation of land and associated assets (structures, trees, crops etc.) and liaison with authorities of State Government for authentication of the valuation

5.1.1.2 Liaison with relevant state departments throughout land acquisition process

- Liaison with State Government departments including but not limited to Land Revenue Office (or Tehsil), Sub - Registrar office, Directorate of Surveys and with other State departments (like Public works department, horticulture department etc.) to expedite the land acquisition process
- Co-ordinate collection of all the necessary land record documents and information required to support CALA/CALA staff during the LA process

5.1.1.3 Facilitate communication between NHIDCL (PMU) and CALA throughout land acquisition process

- Ensure prompt official communication (including delivery of documents and notifications) between the office of Competent Authority for Land Acquisition (CALA) and NHIDCL

5.1.1.4 Support CALA and PMU with manpower and resources CALA throughout land acquisition process

- i. Ensure presence of adequate manpower like surveyors, revenue inspectors, assistants, peons, computer operators as required to support CALA, PMU, RO in the LA process corresponding to respective project
- ii. Ensure comprehensive quality checks (4 Eye Checks) for all the notifications prepared before submission in the Bhoomi Rashi portal

5.1.2 Assist CALA and NHIDCL (PMU) in the publication of notifications

5.1.2.1 Provide copy of following documents to PMU - 1 soft copy (less than 3MB combined) + 1 hard copy, on finalization of alignment and approval of the alignment from the competent authority at NHIDCL HQ. Additional hard copies and soft copies shall be submitted to ED(T) and GM(T) at HQ.

- i. Index Map: Document showing alignment of proposed highway overlaid on a detailed political map of the region
- ii. Alignment plan: Engineering plan detailing relative position of Proposed Right of Way to existing road, bypasses, realignments significant structures, affected villages and chainage
- iii. NHIDCL project sanction document detailing chainage, length, scheme code and land acquisition requirements (Total Land Required, Land available, land to be acquired etc.)

5.1.2.2 Conduct enquiry at Village Administrative Office along approved alignment to ensure inclusion of all villages

5.1.2.3 Ensure correct spelling of taluks and villages according to local revenue records (Jamabandi) or State Government land record website. The same should be done for English and Hindi

5.1.2.4 Obtain approval of taluk names, village names and other details mentioned in 3a from CALA office

5.1.2.5 Co-ordinate with PIU and District Collector/State Government in obtaining appointment order for CALA

5.1.2.6 Co-ordinate with NIC to ensure correct village names and spelling are included in Bhoomi Rashi portal

5.1.2.7 Assist PMU in creating 3a notification and preamble on Bhoomi Rashi along with all supporting documents in format prescribed to be sent for approval to NHIDCL HQ

5.1.3 Assist CALA and NHIDCL (PMU) in the publication of 3A notification

5.1.3.1 Co-ordinate collection of all village maps from state land revenue department

- i. Ensure all village maps are collected from the Taluk Office/Regional Deputy Director of Survey and Land Records and bear a saleable copy mark.

5.1.3.2 Co-ordinate collection of all survey maps for all the affected survey numbers in the proposed right of way from state land revenue department

- i. Ensure collection of digitized survey maps from the state revenue department prepared using CollabLand software of NIC for the purposes of land acquisition activities, wherever available
- ii. Ensure all survey maps collected are scaled to 1:500, 1:1000 or 1:2000
- iii. Ensure survey maps contain all necessary information including boundary dimensions, ladder diagrams, topographical details, sub division details and adjoining survey numbers as available, in line with the norms of the State Government
- iv. Verify the level of accuracy in the maps and their suitability for the purposes of supporting the land acquisition effort for the project road in terms of both dimensional accuracy and details available
- v. Ensure consistency between the revenue maps and other land records (Record of Rights, Tenancy and Crops /A-Register etc.) and correct the maps/records in case of inconsistency. Ensure, the corrected maps are vetted by the Village Administrative Officer

5.1.3.3 Ensure collection of geo referenced control points capable of being imported into appropriate GIS system

- i. Conduct an alignment walk-through and ensure details of the ground control points include village stones, suitable land details and permanent geographical features are collected
- ii. Ensure a minimum of 10 control points are identified and geo-referenced for every 1 km
- iii. Ensure the Geo-location information from the control points are imported into the GIS system, to aid in superimposition of alignment map and the digitized village map. Suitable land details and features should also be added to the GIS system to enable review of individual land parcels.

5.1.3.4 Ensure accurate digitization and projection of village maps on GIS system

- i. Consultant should ensure complete digitization of the area containing the Proposed Right of Way
- ii. Where digitized revenue maps are unavailable or are deemed to be insufficient for the purposes of this project, the consultant shall digitize the survey maps of the area falling in and surrounding the existing and PROW, keeping the following in mind:
 1. Create digitized maps of individual survey numbers using the procedure used by the land revenue department to recreate revenue maps such as using ladder diagrams, grid dimensions etc., using CollabLand software, wherever possible
 2. Input numerical measurements mentioned in the ladder diagram/grid dimensions/survey boundaries in CollabLand or similar software to ensure accuracy of digital map
 3. Stitch the digitized survey maps to recreate a scaled and digitized village map depicting all the survey numbers affected by the proposed right of way
- iii. Ensure that the digitized map exactly matches the original map like a contact print and contain all information contained in the original survey map
- iv. Ensure an accuracy of 1mm or higher in a 1:1000 scale, as this translates into an accuracy of 1 m or higher on ground
- v. In digitization and feature addition, the consultant shall endeavor to follow any standards, requirements and formats laid down by the relevant state/ central

government agency for land ownership and revenue management or that set by the authority involved in digitization of land records

1. Where applicable, the consultant shall share back the digitized cadastral maps in both soft and hard copy with the relevant local agency or state government

5.1.3.5 Ensure accurate projection of survey revenue maps on Google Earth or similar GIS software necessarily having the following layers

- i. Alignment Map
- ii. Digitized Village Map
- iii. Topographical details as collected during topographical survey using LiDAR/Drone Imaging
- iv. Geo-referenced control points imported into GIS software

5.1.3.6 Ensure proper superimposition of the alignment map, digitized village map by accurately matching the topographical details and geo-referenced ground control points on both the layers.

- i. Divide the village maps at every 500 meters (in case of the same village) to ensure proper projection of the planar map on Google Earth or equivalent
- ii. Adjust the digitized map to exactly match the ground situation using the geo-referenced ground control points identified

5.1.3.7 Accurately identify extent of area encroached by alignment in survey numbers/sub division numbers using appropriate software (ArcGIS/AutoCAD, etc) based on the superimposition of the alignment map on the digitized village map

5.1.3.8 Co-ordinate collection all the relevant revenue records from state revenue department required to ascertain type and nature of land

- i. Collect the updated land revenue records with details on survey numbers, sub-division, land type, land nature and owner from the Taluk office

5.1.3.9 Prepare and submit 3A draft and LA plan in the format prescribed by NHIDCL

5.1.3.10 Co-ordinate submission of copies of LA plan and Alignment map to CALA offices through PIU required for verification of 3A draft in the format prescribed by the CALA Office

5.1.3.11 Facilitate CALA staff in verification of the draft 3A document

5.1.3.12 Assist CALA staff in preparation of 3A notification, preamble and forwarding letter to be forwarded to PIU

5.1.3.13 Assist PIU in uploading 3A notification (as declared by CALA) along with preamble on Bhoomi Rashi

- i. Provide computer operators to upload 3A notification on Bhoomi Rashi
- ii. Ensure the 3A submitted on Bhoomi Rashi matches the signed copy verbatim and no changes are made

- 5.1.3.14 Provide copy of 3A Gazette notification to the office of the CALA on publication in the Gazette
- 5.1.3.15 Prepare 3A notification in vernacular language to be sent to newspaper for 3A(3) notification
 - i. Ensure the translated 3A sent to the newspaper matches the 3A Gazette copy verbatim and no changes are made
- 5.1.3.16 Co-ordinate with the CALA to get a signed copy of the press ready version along with the file reference number needed for future reference at the CALA office
- 5.1.3.17 Assist PIU in coordinating with newspaper agency to ensure publication of 3A notification in 2 newspapers: 1 Vernacular + 1 Other
- 5.1.3.18 Provide copies of newspaper publication of 3A notification to the CALA and PIU
- 5.1.3.19 Ensure all activities are planned and adequate manpower is made available to ensure the prescribed timelines are adhered to
 - i. Ensure submission of 3A to the PIU in prescribed format within 30 days of 3a publication
 - ii. Ensure publishing of 3A in Gazette by pursuing the same with relevant stakeholder within 14 days of submission of final 3A to the PIU
 - iii. Provide adequate manpower including but not limited to AutoCAD draftsmen, liaison officers, computer operators, retired tahsildars, etc. to ensure mandated timelines are met
 - iv. Ensure adequate resources including but not limited to computers, software licenses, scanner, printer etc. are deployed to ensure mandated timelines are met

5.1.4 Assist CALA and NHIDCL (PMU) in conduction of 3C enquiry and compilation of final orders

- 5.1.4.1 Co-ordinate with CALA for scheduling public hearings as necessitated by section 3C of NH Act 1956
- 5.1.4.2 Assist CALA staff in sending notices to petitioners on respective hearing dates either through newspaper notifications to be published in 2 newspapers: 1 Vernacular + 1 other or through respective village administrative offices
- 5.1.4.3 Provide copies of newspaper publication/ notices of 3C notification to the office of the CALA
- 5.1.4.4 Assist CALA staff in receiving and compiling of objections
- 5.1.4.5 Assist CALA during objection hearings, recording of hearings, ensuring compliance of corresponding orders and notification of final CALA order to petitioners
- 5.1.4.6 Assist CALA staff in dispatching and ensuring delivery of final 3C orders to petitioners in a timely manner and obtain acknowledgement of receipt of 3C orders from the aggrieved parties

5.1.5 Assist CALA and NHIDCL (PMU) in conducting Joint Measurement Survey

5.1.5.1 Co-ordinate with the CALA office and state government departments and obtain all permissions necessary to conduct JMS and center line marking

5.1.5.2 Ensure laying of boundary pillars in an accurate and expedited manner

- i. Ensure use of Differential GPS or Total Station systems to conduct center line marking
- ii. Ensure placing of boundary pillars (left and right) and the center line peg (in case of brownfield sections), center line pillar (in case of greenfield sections) at 50-meter intervals, clearly demarcating the Proposed Right of Way.
- iii. Ensure all boundary pillars are provided and planted as per IRC:25:1967
- iv. Ensure that the boundary stones are secured at location
- v. Provide daily reports to PIU and CALA office by mail indicating progress of boundary stone marking in terms of length and chainage covered
- vi. Retain a Total Station system, controller and a prism holder for the entire duration of the JMS to ensure prompt assistance to the survey team

5.1.5.3 Ensure accurate and timely conduction of JMS for the complete length of the project

- i. Provide scaled revenue maps, latest ownership records, village map and other revenue documents necessary for conducting JMS
- ii. Arrange retired revenue sub inspectors of survey and chainmen to conduct Joint Measurement Survey at the consultant's cost
- iii. Ensure accurate measurement of revenue survey plots with respect to PROW of project, by identifying physical features present on the ground & the survey sketches, measuring the distance of the PROW stone from the physical features and marking the distance on the survey sketch
- iv. Ensure marking of PROW on scaled revenue maps indicating extent of encroachment into survey numbers/sub division numbers
- v. Ensure surveyors collect details of structures and trees present in sub-divisions during JMS
- vi. Ensure accurate calculation of area affected in each sub-division
- vii. Ensure sub-division records are prepared as per the guidelines of the state revenue surveyor clearly indicating the name of the land owner as per latest ownership record
- viii. Ensure sub-division records divide affected sub-divisions clearly indicating portion of land vested with the owner and portion of land acquired by NHIDCL
- ix. Ensure submission of JMS records in format expected by the CALA office along with all supporting documents
- x. Co-ordinate with local land revenue office in updating of all land records as per subdivision records submitted to CALA office, including vesting of acquired land in the name of Government of India, post publication of the 3D notification
- xi. Provide daily reports to PMU and CALA office by mail indicating progress of JMS in terms of length, villages and number survey numbers covered

5.1.5.4 Assist land revenue department in conducting pre-scrutiny

- i. Ensure all records are submitted at Taluk office in the correct format

- ii. Facilitate creation of new sub-divisions based on the sub division records submitted by the survey team, including vesting of acquired land in the name of Government of India, post publication of the 3D notification
- iii. Provide daily reports to PIU and CALA office by mail indicating progress of pre-scrutiny in terms of number of villages covered

5.1.5.5 Co-ordinate with CALA team and PMU to facilitate site inspection

5.1.6 Assist CALA and NHIDCL (PMU) in the publication of 3D notification

- 5.1.6.1 Prepare 3D draft based on 3A notification and scrutinized JMS statements in the format prescribed by NHIDCL
- 5.1.6.2 Co-ordinate submission of copies of 3D draft and scrutinized JMS Statements to the office of the CALA for verification
- 5.1.6.3 Facilitate CALA staff in verification of the draft 3D version
 - i. Ensure presence of surveyors to clarify/rectify any issue that may arise during verification, both during on-ground inspection as well as during the document verification
- 5.1.6.4 Assist CALA staff in preparation of 3D notification, preamble and forwarding letter to be forwarded to PIU
- 5.1.6.5 Assist PIU in uploading 3D notification (as declared by CALA) along with preamble on Bhoomirashi
 - i. Provide computer operators to upload 3D notification on Bhoomirashi
 - ii. Ensure the 3D submitted on Bhoomirashi matches the signed copy verbatim and no changes are made
- 5.1.6.6 Provide copy of 3D Gazette notification to the office of the CALA on publication in the Gazette
- 5.1.6.7 Prepare 3D notification in vernacular language to be sent to newspaper
 - i. Ensure the translated 3D sent to the newspaper matches the 3D Gazette copy verbatim and no changes are made
- 5.1.6.8 Co-ordinate with the CALA to get a signed copy of the press ready version along with the file reference number needed for future reference at the CALA office
- 5.1.6.9 Assist PIU in coordinating with newspaper agency to ensure publication of 3A notification in 2 newspapers: 1 Vernacular + 1 Other
- 5.1.6.10 Provide copies of newspaper publication of 3D notification to the CALA and PIU
- 5.1.6.11 Ensure all activities are planned and adequate manpower is made available to ensure the prescribed timelines are adhered to
 - i. Ensure submission of 3D statement along with sub-division records to the PIU in prescribed format within 45 days of 3A publication
 - ii. Ensure publishing of 3D in Gazette by pursuing the same with relevant stakeholder within 15 days of submission of final 3D to the PIU

- iii. Provide adequate manpower including but not limited to surveyors, revenue inspectors, chain-men, liaison officers, computer operators, central line marking teams, helpers, etc. to ensure mandated timelines are met
- iv. Ensure adequate resources including but not limited to computers, boundary pillars, Total Station/DGPS systems, vehicles etc. are deployed to ensure mandated timelines are met

5.1.7 Assist the CALA in the declaration of award (3G)

- 5.1.7.1 Assist CALA in drafting public notice inviting claims (under sub-section 3 of section 3G) from all persons interested in the land to be acquired and 3D notification to be published in 2 local newspaper - 1 vernacular and 1 other.
- 5.1.7.2 Co-ordinate with NHIDCL /CALA on publishing of claim invitation notification in 2 local newspapers - 1 vernacular and 1 other. The public notice inviting claims (under sub-section 3 of section 3G) from all persons interested in the land to be acquired can be issued along with the newspaper publication of 3D notification
- 5.1.7.3 Provide 1 copy of newspaper notification of 3D and claim invitation to CALA, Ward, Panchayat, Circle office, police station and Collector office.
- 5.1.7.4 Assist CALA during claim hearings, record hearings and compliance of corresponding orders
 - i. Collate ownership claims and the documents received during the claim hearings
 - ii. Assist the office of the CALA in verifying the claims and in finalizing the land owners
- 5.1.7.5 Assist CALA office in collection of sales statistics and market value (Guideline value/ Collector rates) from the relevant State Government department
 - i. Collect the sales statistics for 3 years prior to the date of the 3A notification from the Sub-Registrar's Office
 - ii. Assess the sales statistics to evaluate the nature of land for all the sale deeds based on the land records available with the State Government (Chitta/ A-Register, etc.)
 - iii. Compute the average of the top 50% of the sales statistics after eliminating the outliers, with proper justification
 - iv. Collect the Guideline Value/ Prevalent market rates, as issued by the order of the Competent Authority of the State Government for all the relevant villages
 - v. Collect the details of the sales of land for public purpose through private negotiation in the recent past for similar type of land
- 5.1.7.6 Compute land valuation for the all the affected survey numbers in line with RFCTLARR Act and the guidelines issued by MoRTH
- 5.1.7.7 Conduct valuation of land related assets (Structures, trees, crops etc.) and liaison with respective State authority including but not limited to State Public Works Department, Agriculture, Horticulture, Forest Department, etc. for authentication of the valuation.
- 5.1.7.8 Assist CALA in 3G award preparation and in drafting 3G award documents along with the required annexures including but not limited to preparation of field book

which contains award by each beneficiary, list of sales statistics considered for finalizing the market value, etc.

5.1.8 Assist NHIDCL in obtaining possession of land

- 5.1.8.1 Co-ordinate delivery of confirmation letter of deposit from PIU to CALA
- 5.1.8.2 Assist CALA staff in drafting notification for beneficiaries for award collection and vacating the land within 60 days (under section 3E)
- 5.1.8.3 Co-ordinate serving of notice to all beneficiaries for collection of award and to vacate the land within 60 days (under section 3E)
- 5.1.8.4 Co-ordinate collection of certificate of possession from CALA

5.1.9 Publication of Gazette Notifications relating to Land Acquisition:

- 5.1.9.1 Cost for publication of Gazette Notifications relating to land acquisition in Newspapers shall be borne by the NHIDCL.

5.2 Utility shifting proposal and estimates

5.2.1 Identify type and location of all existing utilities within the proposed ROW

1. Consultant will review information available with all utilities agencies in the region, consult maps/plans available with NHIDCL, MoRTH and state road agencies, consult with locals and municipal bodies to ascertain the presence and location of utilities , including but not limited to water-mains, gas, telephone, electricity and fiber-optic installations in and around the project road
2. Deploy ground penetrating radar, inductor locators or better technology to accurately map the location, type and size of utilities in the ROW of the project road as required in the section of this TOR
3. Develop a detailed strip plan and digitized maps showing:
 - i. type, size and current location of all the utilities identified
 - ii. relative offset from the centerline
 - iii. existing right of way

5.2.2 Plan for utilities in future road design

1. Consultants need to identify utilities that will require shifting to enable construction of the proposed project road
2. Incorporate space required for elevated and under-ground utilities corridors and utilities crossings as required for existing and future utilities in consultation with user departments

5.2.3 Develop a utilities relocation plan

1. Consultants need to develop and submit a utilities relocation plan in consultation with NHIDCL and user departments clearly identifying current utilities and suggested relocations along with crossings as required
2. Plan and conduct discussions, consultations and joint site visits required for the planning of utilities shifting and the development of required drawings and proposals
3. Prepare necessary details, documents and suggested relocation plan to be submitted to user department
4. Develop initial cost estimates based on suggested relocation plan and the latest available schedule of rates for inclusion in the cost of the project at the time of approval

5.2.4 Estimates and approvals

1. Consultants need to obtain draft utilities shifting proposal from user departments for all utilities identified for shifting along project road
2. Prepare utility shifting cost estimates using latest schedule of rates and obtain approval from user departments
3. Review final designs submitted, cost estimates, complete checklist, obtain required declarations and submit to NHIDCL for approval
4. Work with user department, NHIDCL as required to incorporate any changes requested in shifting proposal and cost estimate
5. Obtain all required utilities shifting proposal estimates and required approvals from both user departments and NHIDCL within the time stipulated in DPR contract

5.3 Estimation of Quantities and Project Costs

1. The Consultants shall prepare detailed estimates for quantities (considering designs and mass haul diagram) and project cost for the entire project (civil packages wise), including the cost of environmental and social safeguards proposed based on MoRT&H's Standard Data Book and market rate for the inputs. The estimation of quantities shall be based on detailed design of various components of the projects. The estimation of quantities and costs would have to be worked out separately for civil work Package as defined in this TOR.
2. The Consultants shall make detailed analysis for computing the unit rates for the different items of works. The unit rate analysis shall duly take into account the various inputs and their basic rates, suggested location of plants and respective lead distances for mechanized construction. The unit rate for each item of works shall be worked out in terms of manpower, machinery and materials.
3. The project cost estimates so prepared for NHIDCL /ADB/WB projects are to be checked against rates for similar on-going works in India under NHIDCL /World Bank/ ADB financed road sector projects.

4. The Consultant should work out the quantity of Bitumen, Steel and Cement likely to be used in the project and indicate in the summary sheet.

6. Viability and Financing Options and Bidding process

1. The Project Road should be divided into the traffic homogenous links based on the findings of the traffic studies. The homogenous links of the Project Road should be further subdivided into sections based on physical features of road and pavement, subgrade and drainage characteristics etc. The economic and commercial analysis shall be carried out separately for each traffic homogenous link as well as for the Project Road.
2. The values of input parameters and the rationale for their selection for the economic and commercial analyses shall be clearly brought out and got approved by NHIDCL.
3. For models to be used for the economic and the commercial analyses, the calibration methodology and the basic parameters adapted to the local conditions shall be clearly brought out and got approved by NHIDCL.
4. The economic and commercial analyses should bring out the priority of the different homogenous links in terms of project implementation.

6.1. Economic Analysis

1. The Consultants shall carry out economic analysis for the project. The analysis should be for each of the sections covered under this TOR. The benefit and cost streams should be worked out for the project using HDM-IV or other internationally recognized lifecycle costing model.
2. The economic analysis shall cover but be not limited to be following aspects:
 - i. assess the capacity of existing roads and the effects of capacity constraints on vehicle operating costs (VOC);
 - ii. calculate VOCs for the existing road situation and those for the project; iii. quantify all economic benefits, including those from reduced congestion, travel distance, road maintenance cost savings and reduced incidence of road accidents; and,
 - iv. estimate the economic internal rate of return (EIRR) for the project over a 30-year period. In calculating the EIRRs, identify the tradable and non- tradable components of projects costs and the border price value of the tradable components.
 - v. Saving in time value.
3. Economic Internal Rate of Return (EIRR) and Net Present Value (NPV), “with “and “without time and accident savings” should be worked out based on these cost-benefit stream. Furthermore, sensitivity of EIRR and NPV worked out forth different scenarios as given under:

Scenario – I	Base Costs and Base Benefits
Scenario - II	Base Costs plus 15% and Base Benefits
Scenario - III	Base Costs and Base Benefits minus 15%
Scenario – IV	Base Costs plus 15% and Base Benefits minus 15%

The sensitivity scenarios given above are only indicative. The Consultants shall select the sensitivity scenarios taking into account possible construction delays, construction costs overrun, traffic volume, revenue shortfalls, operating costs, exchange rate variations, convertibility of foreign exchange, interest rate volatility, non-compliance or default by contractors, political risks and force majeure.

4. The economic analysis shall take into account all on-going and future road and transport infrastructure projects and future development plans in the project area.

6.2 Financial Analysis

6.2.1 Need for financial analysis

1. It is envisaged that project stretches should be implemented in a commercial, PPP funded format
2. Therefore, the Consultant will need to study the financial viability of the project under various available commercial formats and suggest a mode of funding and execution that is most likely to be successful
3. The consultant shall study the financial viability of the project under several different traffic volume, user fee scenarios and funding options to arrive at the optimal execution mode and funding modalities

6.2.2 Financial analysis of the project

1. The Consultants shall in consultation with **NHIDCL** finalize the format for the analysis and the primary parameters and scenarios that should be taken into account while carrying out the commercial analysis
2. The Financial analysis for the project should cover financial internal rate of return, projected income statements, balance sheets and fund flow statements and should bring out all relevant assumptions.
3. The financial analysis should cover identification, assessment, and mitigating measures for all risks associated with the project. The analysis shall cover, but be not limited to, risks related to construction delays, construction costs overrun, traffic volume, revenue shortfalls, operating costs, exchange rate variations, convertibility of foreign exchange, interest rate volatility, non-compliance or default by contractors, political risks and force majeure.
4. The sensitivity analysis should be carried out for a number of probabilistic scenarios.

6.2.3 Outputs from financial analysis

1. The financial model so developed shall be handed over to and be the property of **NHIDCL**.
2. The consultant shall also suggest positive ways of enhancing the project viability and furnish different financial models for implementing on BOT format

6.3 Bidding process

- 6.3.1 Consultant shall assist the authority in preparing the required bid documents and support the authority through the bidding process

6.3.2 Preparation of documents

1. The consultant shall prepare all required bid documents and technical schedules required for the bidding of the project
2. The Consultants shall prepare separate documents for each type of contract (EPC/PPP) for each package of the DPR assignment
3. The consultant shall assist authority in reviewing bid documents and in making any changes required basis their findings or the and finalising bid documents
4. The consultant shall assist the authority in collecting and providing all required supporting documents for initiating bid as defined by the SOP for contracting
5. The DPR consultant may be required to prepare the Bid Documents, based on the feasibility report, due to exigency of the project for execution if desired by NHIDCL.
 - a. To enable this, consultant should study the financial viability and financial options for the project for modes such as BOT Toll/ Annuity during the feasibility stage.
6. Provide any and all clarifications required by the authority or other functionaries such as the financial consultant and legal advisor as required for the financial appraisal and legal scrutiny of the Project Highway and Bid Documents.
7. The consultant shall be guided in its assignment by the Model Concession/ Contract Agreements for PPP/ EPC projects, as applicable and the Manual of Specifications and Standards for two/ four/ six laning of highways published by IRC (IRC:SP:73 or IRC:SP:84 or IRC:SP:87, as applicable) along with relevant IRC codes for design of long bridges.
 - a. It is suggested that consultant should go through the EPC/ PPP documents of ministry before bidding the project.

6.3.3 Support during the bidding process

1. Consultant shall support NHIDCL through the entire bid process and shall be responsible for sharing the findings from the preparation stages during the bid process
2. The consultant shall ensure participation of senior team members of the consultant during all interaction with potential bidders including pre-bid conference, meetings, site visits etc.
3. During the bid process for a project, the consultant shall support the authority in:
 - a. Responding to all pre-bid technical queries
 - b. Preparation of detailed responses to the written queries raised by the bidders

4. The consultant shall assist **NHIDCL** and its functionaries as needed in the evaluation of technical bids

7. Time period for the service

1. Time period envisaged for the study of the project is indicated in Annex-I to LOI. The final reports, drawings and documentation shall be completed within this time schedule.
2. **NHIDCL** shall arrange to give approval on all sketches, drawings, reports and recommendations and other matters and proposals submitted for decision by the Consultant in such reasonable time so as not to delay or disrupt the performance of the Consultant's services.

8. Project Team and Project Office of the Consultant

1. The Consultants shall be required to form a multi-disciplinary team for this assignment. The consultants' team shall be manned by adequate number of experts with relevant experience in the execution of similar detailed design assignments.
2. List of suggested key personnel to be fielded by the consultant with appropriate manmonth of consultancy services is given in Enclosure-I as per client's assessment and shall be stationed at the Project Site.
3. A Manning Schedule for key personnel mentioned above is enclosed as Enclosure-I along with broad job- description and qualification as Enclosure-II. The information furnished in Enclosures-I & II are to assist the Consultants to understand the client's perception about these requirements and shall be taken by the Consultants for the purpose of Financial Proposal and deployment schedule etc. in technical proposal to be submitted by them. Any deviation proposed may be recorded in the comments on TOR. All the key personnel mentioned will be evaluated at the time of evaluation of technical proposal. Consultants are advised in their own interest to frame the technical proposal in an objective manner as far as possible so that these could be properly assessed in respect of points to be given as part of evaluation criteria as mentioned in Data sheet. The bio-data of the key personnel should be signed on every sheet by the personnel concerned and the last sheet of each bio-data should also be signed by the authorized signatory of the Consultants.
4. The Consultants shall establish an office at the project site manned by all the key personnel for entire duration of project. All the project related office work shall be carried out by the consultant in their site office unless there are special reasons for carrying out part of the office work elsewhere for which prior approval of **NHIDCL** shall be obtained. The address of the site office including the personnel manning it including their Telephone and FAX numbers will be intimated by the Consultant to **NHIDCL** before commencement of the services.
5. All key personnel and sub professional staff of the DPR Consultants shall use the net based fingerprint based (biometric) attendance system for marking their daily attendance so that the attendance can be verified online. Attendance shall be marked at least once a day and anytime during the day. Biometric Attendance System shall be installed by the DPR Consultants at its own cost at the site office and design office in order to facilitate the attendance marking. A copy of

attendance records shall be attached at the time of submission of their bills to the NHIDCL from time to time. Proper justification shall be provided for cases of absence of key personnel/ sub-professional staff which do not have prior approval from GM/Project Director of Concerned stretch. If NHIDCL so desires, it shall facilitate electronic linking of the attendance system with the Central Monitoring System of NHIDCL.

9. Reports to be submitted by the Consultant to NHIDCL

9.1 All reports, documents and drawings are to be submitted separately for each of the traffic homogenous link of the Project Road. The analysis of data and the design proposals shall be based on the data derived from the primary surveys and investigations carried out during the period of assignment. The sources of data and model relationships used in the reports shall be indicated with complete details for easy reference.

9.2 Project preparation activities will be split into eight stages as brought out below.

No	Stage	Key activities	Report/deliverable submitted
1	Inception	Project planning and mobilization	Inception Report and QAP
2	Feasibility	Alignment finalization, preliminary surveys	Alignment Options Report and Feasibility Report
3	LA and Clearances I	LA, utilities identification; creation of draft notifications and proposals	Strip Plan, LA Report (3a, 3A), Clearances and Utility Shifting proposals
4	DPR	Detailed design of highway, preparation of detailed project report with drawings	Draft DPR Report, Final DPR Report, documents and drawings
5	Technical Schedules	Preparation of bid documents and technical schedules	Civil Works Contract Agreement and Schedules
6	(i) LA II (ii) Project Clearances	Land acquisition process, obtaining final utilities estimates and required clearances	JMS and 3D Report, Final Project Clearances and Utilities Report
7	LA III- Award Determination	Land acquisition award determination	3G Report
8	LA IV- Possession	Obtaining possession of land	Land Possession Report

Preliminary design work should commence without waiting for feasibility study to be completed. Stage 3, 5 and 6 shall run in parallel with Stage 2 and 4

For stages 7 and 8 consultant will be required to submit a report at the completion of 90% of the activities for that stage. In addition, an updated report will need to be submitted at the completion of all land acquisition activities covering receipt of 100% of the land possession certificates for the land parcels pertaining to the project road.

9.3 **Timelines for the submission of reports and documents**

Consultant shall be required to complete, to the satisfaction of the client, all the different stages of study within the time frame indicated in the schedule of submission in para 10 pertaining to Reports and Documents for becoming eligible for payment for any part of the next stage.

10 Reports and Documents to be submitted by the Consultant to NHIDCL

1. The Consultant shall submit to the client the reports and documents in bound volumes (and not spiral binding form) after completion of each stage of work as per the schedule and in the number of copies as given in Enclosure-III. Further, the reports shall also be submitted in soft copy in addition to the hardcopies as mentioned in Enclosure-III. Consultant shall submit all other reports mentioned specifically in the preceding paras of the TOR.
2. The time schedule for various submissions prescribed at Sl. No.1 above shall be strictly adhered to. No time overrun in respect of these submissions will normally be permitted. Consultant is advised to go through the entire terms of reference carefully and plan his work method in such a manner that various activities followed by respective submissions as brought out at Sl.No.1 above are completed as stipulated.

Consultant is, therefore, advised to deploy sufficient number of supporting personnel, both technical and administrative, to undertake the project preparation activities in construction package (Section) simultaneously. As far as possible, the proposal should include complete information such as number of such persons, name, position, period of engagement, remuneration rate etc. The Consultant is also advised to start necessary survey works from the beginning so as to gain time in respect of various other activities in that stage.

3. **DPR Deliverables in each stage of project**

1. The key stages, activities and deliverables for the detailed project report are as described in these documents
2. The following section describes the detailed requirements for each report that needs to be submitted
3. Consultants are also advised to refer to ENCLOSURE-IV
4. Formats for submission of Reports and Documents to understand any additional format and content requirements
5. All reports must be submitted along with the relevant checklist form completed and signed off by the consultant

STAGE 1

10.1 Quality Assurance Plan (QAP) Document

1. Immediately upon the award, the Consultants shall submit four copies of the QAP document covering all aspects of field studies, investigations design and economic financial analysis. The quality assurance plans/procedures for different field

studies, engineering surveys and investigation, design and documentation activities should be presented as separate sections like engineering surveys and investigations, traffic surveys, material geo-technical and sub-soil investigations, road and pavement investigations, investigation and design of bridges & structures, environment and R&R assessment, economic & financial analysis, drawings and documentation; preparation, checking, approval and filing of calculations, identification and traceability of project documents etc. Further, additional information as per format shall be furnished regarding the details of personnel who shall be responsible for carrying out/preparing and checking/verifying various activities forming part of feasibility study and project preparation, since inception to the completion of work. The field and design activities shall start after the QAP is approved by **NHIDCL**

2. Data formats for report and investigation result submission

- i. Required data formats for some reports, investigations and documents are discussed in ENCLOSURE-IV
- ii. Formats for submission of Reports and Documents.
- iii. The consultants will need to propose data formats for use in all other field studies and investigations not covered in enclosure IV.
- iv. The proposed data forms will need to be submitted for the approval of **<Agency>** after the commencement of services.

10.2 Inception Report (IR)

1. The report shall cover the following major aspects:

- i. Project appreciation;
- ii. Detailed methodology to meet the requirements of the TOR finalized in consultation with the **NHIDCL** officers; including scheduling of various sub activities to be carried out for completion of various stages of the work; stating out clearly their approach & methodology for project preparation after due inspection of the entire project stretch and collection/ collation of necessary information;
- iii. Task Assignment and Manning Schedule;
- iv. Work programme;
- v. Proforma for data collection;
- vi. Design standards and proposed cross-sections;
- vii. Key plan and Linear Plan;
- viii. Development plans being implemented and / or proposed for implementation in the near future by the local bodies and the possible impact of such development plans on the overall scheme for field work and design for the study;
- ix. Quality Assurance Plan (QAP) finalized in consultation with **NHIDCL**;
- x. Draft design standards; and

2. The requirements, if any, for the construction of bypasses should be identified on the basis of data derived from reconnaissance and traffic studies. The available alignment options should be worked out on the basis of available maps. The most appropriate alignment option for bypasses should be identified on the basis of site conditions and techno-economic considerations. Inception Report should include the

details regarding these aspects concerning the construction of bypasses for approval by NHIDCL.

- i. Bypasses should be identified on the basis of data derived from reconnaissance and initial traffic information/traffic studies
- ii. The available alignment options should be worked out on the basis of available topographic maps, publicly available mapping services or remote sensing based topography and land use maps
- iii. The most appropriate alignment option for bypasses should be identified on the basis of site conditions and techno-economic considerations

STAGE 2: Alignment & Feasibility Report

10.3 Alignment options report

1. Basis review of the existing project road, local traffic patterns and initial reconnaissance surveys, the consultant shall present possible alignment alternatives for the project road
2. Alignment options should include but not be limited to:
 - (i) Greenfield sections of the road
 - (ii) New alignments due to lack of RoW, opportunity to shorten road etc.
 - (iii) New/Re-alignment to cater to local traffic and o-d points
 - (iv) Re-alignment due to changes in local network and/or surrounding road network
 - (v) Bypasses as suggested and approved in alignment report
 - (vi) Re-alignment due to need to improve road geometry
 - (vii) Provision of ROBs, flyovers and other structures
3. The alignment report shall contain:
 - i. Drivers for re-alignment of road and re-alignment needed as discussed in para 2 above ii. Alignment alternatives for each section where re-alignment of road is needed iii. Analysis of alignment alternatives bringing out the pros and cons of each alternative including, but not limited to: new construction required, land acquisition requirements, environmental impact, utilities and structures affected, cost of construction, road geometry and road safety aspects, input from local consultation, NHIDCL views
 - iv. Recommendations from among the alignment options presented for the authority to consider
 - a. Consultant will enable authority to visualize and compare alignment options by providing alignment options in a GIS environment that should include, but not be limited to:
 - i. Road alignment alternative centerlines
 - ii. Digital elevation model of the region
 - iii. Land use / land cover information
 - iv. Hydrology information

- v. Surrounding road network including key NH, SH, MDR and ODRs
- vi. Key O/D points and urban settlements
- vii. High resolution satellite/airborne imagery of the region

10.4 Feasibility Report

1. The consultant shall commence the Feasibility Study of the project in accordance with the accepted IR and the report shall contain the following:
 - i. Executive summary
 - ii. Overview of NHIDCL organization and activities, and project financing and cost recovery mechanisms
 - iii. Project description including possible alternative alignments/bypasses and technical/engineering alternatives
 - iv. Methodology adopted for the feasibility study
 - v. Socioeconomic profile of the project areas
 - vi. Indicative design standards, methodologies and specifications
 - vii. Traffic surveys and analysis
 - viii. Environmental screening and preliminary environmental assessment
 - ix. Initial social assessment and preliminary land acquisition/resettlement plan
 - x. Cost estimates based on preliminary rate analysis and bill of quantities,
 - xi. Cost analysis of all alternate identified alignments
 - xii. Economic and financial analysis
 - xiii. Conclusions and recommendations
2. In view of para 1 above the consultant has to submit the following documents in six sets:
 - i. **Technical Specifications:** The MORT&H's Technical Specifications for Road and Bridge works shall be followed for this study. However, Volume-IV: Technical Specifications shall contain the special technical specifications which are not covered by MORT&H Specifications for Roads and Bridges (latest edition / revision) and also specific quality control norms for the construction of works.
 - ii. **Rate Analysis:** This volume will present the analysis of rates for all items of works. The details of unit rate of materials at source, carriage charges, any other applicable charges, labour rates, and machine charges as considered in arriving at unit rates will be included in this volume.
 - iii. **Cost Estimates:** This volume will present the each item of work as well as a summary of total cost.
 - iv. **Bill of Quantities:** This volume shall contain the detailed Bill of Quantities for all items of works
3. The basic data obtained from the field studies and investigations shall be submitted in a separate volume as an Appendix to Feasibility Report.

4. The Final Feasibility Study Report incorporating comments, revisions and modifications suggested by NHIDCL shall be submitted within 15 days of receipt of comments from NHIDCL on draft feasibility study report.

STAGE 3:

10.5 Strip Plan and Clearances

1. The Consultants shall submit the following documents:
 - i. Details of the center line of the proposed widened NH along with the existing and proposed right-of-way limits to appreciate the requirements of land acquisition;
 - ii. The information concerning the area including ownership of land to be acquired for the implementation of the project shall be collected from the revenue and other concerned authorities and presented along with the strip plans;
 - iii. Strip plans showing the position of existing utilities and services indicating clearly the position of their relocation;
 - iv. Details for various clearances such as environment and forest clearances;
 - v. Separate strip plan showing shifting / relocation of each utility services in consultation with the concerned local authorities;
 - vi. The utility relocation plans should clearly show existing right-of-way and pertinent topographic details including buildings, major trees, fences and other installations such as water-mains, telephone, telegraph and electricity poles, and suggest relocation of the services along with their crossings the highway at designated locations as required and prepare necessary details for submission to the Service Departments;
 - vii. Detail schedules for acquisition of additional land and additional properties in consultation with the revenue authorities; and
 - viii. Land Acquisition Plan shall be prepared after digitization of cadastral / land revenue maps. The digitized map shall exactly match the original map, like a contact print, since the dimensions and area of plots, or the whole village is to be extracted from the map itself. An accuracy of 1mm or higher in a 1:1000 scale map shall be ensured, as this translates into an accuracy of 1 m or higher on ground.
2. The strip plans and land acquisition plan shall be prepared on the basis of data from reconnaissance and detailed topographic surveys.
3. The Report accompanying the strip plans should cover the essential aspects as given under:
 - i. Kilometre-wise Land Acquisition Plan (LAP) and schedule of ownership thereof and Costs as per Revenue Authorities and also based on realistic rates.
 - ii. Details of properties, such as buildings and structures falling within the rightof way and costs of acquisition based on realistic rates.
 - iii. Kilometre-wise Utility Relocation Plan (URP) and costs for relocation per civil construction package as per concerned authorities.

- iv. Kilometre-wise account in regard to felling of trees of different type and girth and value estimate of such trees based on realistic rates obtainable from concerned District forest office.
- v.
- 4. The strip plans shall clearly indicate the scheme for widening. The views and suggestions of the concerned State PWDs should be duly taken into account while working out the widening scheme (left, right or symmetrical). The widening scheme shall be finalized in consultation with **NHIDCL**.
- 5. Kilometre-wise Strip Plans for section (Package) shall be prepared separately for each concerned agency and suggested by **NHIDCL**

10.6 Land Acquisition Report

- 1. Consultant shall submit a detailed land acquisition plan that provides details on kilometre-wise land acquisition requirements, all required details and draft notifications made.
- 2. The Land acquisition plan and report shall be prepared and submitted for each section (package). Details shall also be submitted in land acquisition proforma to be supplied by **NHIDCL**, in both Hindi and English languages.
- 3. The Land Acquisition Plan shall be prepared after digitization of cadastral/land revenue maps as per clause of this TOR
 - i. Land parcels identification should be verified by superimposing the proposed road corridor RoW on the geo-located cadastral map to ensure all affected land parcels have been accounted for and land area to be acquired is accurately determined
- 4. The land acquisition plan shall present details concerning the land area to be acquired in conjunction with the strip plan:
 - i. Kilometer-wise existing and proposed RoW on either side of the proposed centreline
 - ii. Detail schedules of additional land to be acquired, land ownership and other required details as per revenue records
 - iii. Details of properties, such as buildings and structures falling within the right-of way
 - iv. Costs of acquisition as per revenue authorities and also based on realistic market derived rates
 - v. Detail schedules for acquisition of additional land and additional properties in consultation with the revenue authorities;
- 5. The land acquisition plan shall report the progress of the land acquisition process under the NH Land Acquisition act
 - i. All required details on land parcels to be acquired
 - ii. Copies draft 3a and 3A notifications and approvals from **NHIDCL**
 - iii. Copies of published notifications, communication with CALAs and current status land acquisition process
 - iv. Village, district and CALA wise summary of land to be acquired, current status of process and notifications published

6. The estimated cost of land acquisition shall invariably be worked out realistically for all projects before finalization of 3(D) notifications for publication so as enable taking a conscious decision regarding the feasibility of acquiring the land or exploring of other alternatives (such as following alternative alignments, etc.).
7. The land acquisition report should be prepared in consultation with affected persons, non-governmental organisations and concerned government agencies and should cover land acquisition and resettlement plan and estimated costs of resettlement and rehabilitation of affected persons.

10.7 Utility relocation plan

1. The consultant shall prepare a kilometre-wise Utility Relocation Plan (URP) and costs for relocation per civil construction package as per estimates from concerned authorities
2. The utility relocation shall contain details regarding:
 - i. All utilities identified in the existing and proposed road RoW such as water-mains, telephone, telegraph and electricity poles
 - ii. Those utilities that will require shifting to enable construction of the project road
 - iii. All necessary details required for submission of utilities shifting proposals to the concerned user agencies
 - iv. Copies of utilities shifting proposals made to the concerned user agencies along with suggested relocation of services along with their crossings across the project road at designated locations as required
 - v. Details of consultations made with local people and user agencies
 - vi. Preliminary scheme for shifting and cost estimates for shifting as per the concerned authorities
 - vii. Separate strip plan showing shifting/relocation of each utility services prepared in consultation with the concerned local authorities
 - viii. Draft map and plans showing road centerline, existing right of way, proposed right of way, pertinent topographic details and existing and proposed location of utilities

10.8 Clearances report

1. The consultant shall prepare a report regarding all other clearances required to enable the construction of the project road such as environment, forest, tree cutting and railways clearances
2. The clearances report shall include kilometre-wise requirement of all clearances required presented along with the strip plan including, but not limited to:
 - i. Requirements for environmental clearances along the project corridor
 - ii. Requirements for forest clearances including type of forest affected, extent of land area needing diversion
 - iii. Account of required felling of trees of different type and girth and value estimate of such trees based on realistic rates obtainable from concerned District forest office

- iv. Plan of compensating afforestation, its land requirement with specific locations and cost involved for undertaking all activities in this regard.
 - v. Requirements for wildlife clearances
 - vi. Requirements for CRZ clearances
 - vii. ROB/RUBs along the project corridor to be constructed, widened or modified in any form requiring clearances from the railways
 - viii. Clearances from Irrigation Authorities regarding Irrigation structures, etc.
3. The clearances report shall also include:
- i. Details of proposals made to concerned agencies and departments
 - ii. Date of submission of clearances proposals, Environmental impact assessment report to the competent authority
 - iii. Copies of all actual clearance proposals made or drafts of proposals yet to be submitted
 - iv. Information regarding points of contact, current status of proposals made, key issues raised and clear next steps to obtaining clearances
4. The consultant shall also assist in attending to queries raised/ furnishing of clarifications towards securing applicable clearances.

STAGE: 4

10.9 Draft Detailed Project Report (DPR)

1. The draft DPR Submission shall consist of construction package-wise Main Report, Design Report, Materials Report, Engineering Report, Drainage Design Report, Economic and Financial Analysis Report, Environmental Assessment Report including Resettlement Action Plan (RAP), Package-wise bid Documents and Drawings.
2. The Report volumes shall be submitted as tabulated in para 10 above.
3. The Documents and Drawings shall be submitted for the Package and shall be in the following format:

Reports

- i. **Volume-I, Main Report:** This report will present the project background, social analysis of the project, details of surveys and investigations carried out, analysis and interpretation of survey and investigation data, traffic studies and demand forecasts designs, cost estimation, environmental aspects, economic and commercial analyses and conclusions. The report shall include Executive Summary giving brief accounts of the findings of the study and recommendations. A sample executive summary has been enclosed in Appendix VIII.

The Report shall also include maps, charts and diagrams showing locations and details of existing features and the essential features of improvement and upgrading. The Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Report for contract package shall be submitted as a part of the main report.

The basic data obtained from the field studies and investigations and input data used for the preliminary design shall be submitted in a separate volume as an Appendix to Main Report.

- ii. **Volume - II, Design Report:** This volume shall contain design calculations, supported by computer printout of calculations wherever applicable. The Report shall clearly bring out the various features of design standards adopted for the study. The design report will be in two parts. Part-I shall primarily deal with the design of road features and pavement composition while Part-II shall deal with the design of bridges, tunnels and cross-drainage structures. The sub-soil exploration report including the complete details of boring done, analyses and interpretation of data and the selection of design parameters shall be included as an Appendix to the Design Report.

The detailed design for all features should be carried out as per the requirements of the Design Standards for the project. However, there may be situations wherein it has not been possible to strictly adhere to the design standards due to the existing site conditions, restrictions and other considerations. The report should clearly bring out the details of these aspect and the standards adopted.

- iii. **Volume - III, Materials Report:** The Materials Report shall contain details concerning the proposed borrow areas and quarries for construction materials and possible sources of water for construction purposes. The report shall include details on locations of borrow areas and quarries shown on maps and charts and also the estimated quantities with mass haul diagram including possible end use with leads involved, the details of sampling and testing carried out and results in the form of important index values with possible end use thereof.

The materials Report shall also include details of sampling, testing and test results obtained in respect physical properties of subgrade soils. The information shall be presented in tabular as well as in graphical representations and schematic diagrams. The Report shall present soil profiles along the alignment.

The material Report should also clearly indicate the locations of areas with problematic soils. Recommendations concerning the improvement of such soils for use in the proposed construction works, such as stabilization (cement, lime, mechanical) should be included in the Report.

- iv. **Volume - IV, Environmental Assessment Report including Environmental Management Plan (EMP) & Resettlement Action Plan (RAP):** The Report shall be prepared conforming to the Guidelines of the Government of India, State Government and World Bank / ADB as appropriate for construction package.
- v. **Volume-V, Technical Specifications:** The MORT&H's Technical Specifications for Road and Bridge works shall be followed for this study. However, Volume IV: Technical Specifications shall contain the special technical specifications which are not covered by MOST Specifications for Roads and Bridges (latest edition / revision) and also specific quality control norms for the construction of works.

- vi. **Volume - VI, Rate Analysis:** This volume will present the analysis of rates for all items of works. The details of unit rate of materials at source, carriage charges, any other applicable charges, labour rates, machine charges as considered in arriving at unit rates will be included in this volume.
- vii. **Volume - VII, Cost Estimates:** This volume will present the contract package wise cost of each item of work as well as a summary of total cost.
- viii. **Volume - VIII, Bill of Quantities:** This volume shall contain the package-wise detailed Bill of Quantities for all items of works.
- ix. **Volume - IX, Drawing Volume:** All drawings forming part of this volume shall be 'good for construction' drawings. All plan and profile drawings will be prepared in scale 1:250V and 1:2500H scale to cover one km in one sheet. In addition this volume will contain 'good for construction' drawings for the following:
 - Horizontal Alignment and Longitudinal Profile.
 - Cross-section @ 50m interval along the alignment within ROW
 - Typical Cross-Sections with details of pavement structure.
 - Detailed Working Drawings for individual Culverts and Cross Drainage Structures.
 - Detailed Working Drawings for individual Bridges, tunnels and Structures.
 - Detailed Drawings for Improvement of At-Grade and Grade-Separated Intersections and Interchanges.
 - Drawings for Road Sign, Markings, Toll Plazas, and other Facilities.
 - Schematic Diagrams (linear chart) indicating but be not limited to be following:
 - Widening scheme;
 - Locations of median openings, intersections, interchanges, underpasses, overpasses, bypasses;
 - Locations of service roads;
 - Location of traffic signals, traffic signs, road markings, safety features; and,
 - Locations of toll plaza, parking areas, weighing stations, bus bays, rest areas, if any.
 - Drawings for toll plaza, Bus Bays, Parking areas, Rest areas, weighing stations etc. All drawings will be prepared in A2 size sheets. The format for plan, cross section and profile drawings shall be finalized in consultation with the concerned **NHIDCL** officers. The drawings shall also include details of all BM and reference pillars, HIP and VIP. The co-ordinates of all points should be referenced to a common datum, preferably GTS referencing system. The drawings shall also include the locations of all traffic safety features including traffic signals, signs, markings, crash barriers, delineators and rest areas, busbays, parking areas etc.
 - The typical cross-section drawings should indicate the scheme for future widening of the carriageway. The proposed cross-sections of road segment passing through urban areas should indicate the provisions for pedestrian

movements and suitable measures for surface and sub-surface drainage and lighting, as required.

- Digital drawings of proposed highway and features
- a. The consultant shall deliver the final road alignment geometry, proposed road way model and all proposed structures in a 3D engineered model with all the required features as proposed in Enclosure IV
- b. The consultant shall also provide digital versions of all drawings stated in para 1 above in the format proposed in Enclosure IV
- 4. The draft Detailed Project report of specialized projects will be scrutinized by the Peer Review consultant appointed by NHIDCL. The peer Review Consultant will be retired professional in the field, drawn from the various Central/State Highway/Road Work departments having adequate knowledge in the field. One professional will be earmarked from the standing panel of Peer Review consultant approved by NHIDCL for each DPR. The Peer Review consultant will scrutinize the draft DPR within 15 days of submission and the observations will be complied with and incorporated in the final DPR.

10.10 Final Detailed Project Report, Documents and Drawings (6 Sets)

1. The Final package-wise DPR consisting of Main Report, Design Report, Drainage Design Report and Materials Report, incorporating all revisions deemed relevant following receipt of the comments from NHIDCL on the draft DPR shall be submitted as per the schedule given in Enclosure-III.

STAGE: 5

10.11 Bid documents and Technical Schedules

1. Bid documents

- a. The consultant shall prepare bid documents for EPC, PPP or other modes of contracting as suggested by NHIDCL
- b. Individual bid documents will be submitted for each mode suggested and for each individual package or section identified for execution
- c. Consultant shall assemble and provide all supporting documents from the DPR assignment that will be required for the bid, in the format required by the contracting SOP in force at the time of bidding or as maybe required by the authority

2. Technical Schedules

- a. The consultant shall submit a Draft Contract/Concession Agreement derived from the Master Contract/Concession Agreement maintained by the authority with all required modifications and inclusions made with reference to the
- b. The agreement submitted shall contain all required technical schedules updated with the pertinent project details and data required

- c. Draft agreement and schedules shall be finalised in consultation with the authority and submitted for further processing and use with the contractor/concessionaire awarded the bid packages

STAGE: 6

10.12 LA & Clearances II Report

Land acquisition report II

1. The consultant shall prepare and submit a second report on Land Acquisition providing details of further land acquisition activity, relevant documentation and notifications until 3D and report the outcomes of the joint measurement survey
2. The land acquisition report shall contain:
 - i. Current status of land acquisition at a village, district and CALA level
 - ii. Dates and details of all land acquisition related notifications published, proceedings/hearings held and objections raised
 - iii. Draft, final (as declared by CALA where applicable) and published 3a, 3A and 3D notifications
 - iv. Date of joint measurement survey by village, key proceedings and outcomes
 - v. Detailed schedule of information regarding land to be acquired with information on land area, land type, nature of land use, ownership status, and area to be acquired by survey number and list of structures by plot
 - vi. The report shall also contain updated sketches of alignment, updated land parcels to be acquired
 - vii. All relevant information in this report shall be verified by the consultant with the land revenue department, and CALA office

Clearances Report II

1. The consultant shall obtain all the necessary project related clearances such as environment, forest and wildlife clearance from MOEF, Railways in respect of ROB/ RUBs, Irrigation Deptt, CRZ clearances from concerned authorities, and any other concerned agencies by the end of this stage
2. The final approvals shall be obtained and submitted to **NHIDCL** so that project implementation can begin straight away
3. The accompanying report on clearances shall include:
 - i. An updated list of all clearances required, current status, expected completion date in case the clearance is pending, key issues and suggested next steps
 - ii. Details of all public hearings, consultations and meetings conducted in the process of obtaining the required clearances
 - iii. Date/details of proposals submitted and estimated date for issue of clearances
 - iv. Date and details of all joint measurement and site inspection surveys completed

- v. Date of final approval of clearances if any
- vi. Copies of all clearances obtained

Utilities Report II

1. Consultant shall obtain final utility clearances from the relevant user agencies to enable shifting of the utilities from project road
2. A report shall be submitted on the final completion status and costs of utilities shifting along with other final clearances and land acquisition II report
3. The final utilities clearances report shall contain a summary view of utilities shifting: type and extent of utility, length of road affected, chainage, user agency, point of contact and approver at agency, date of approval at agency and **NHIDCL**, shifting estimate, agency/super vision fees, executing agency – user agency or **NHIDCL**
4. In addition, for each utility to be shifted, the report shall contain:
 - i. Copies of actual approvals granted at user agency and **NHIDCL**
 - ii. Cost estimates and shifting plans approved, demand note from agency
 - iii. Approved utilities shifting proposal including strip plan showing scheme of shifting
 - iv. Map and design/engineering drawings of existing utility and shifting to be executed
 - v. Details of approved contractors, schedule of rates for state and bank account/deposit details for agency
 - vi. Finance pro-forma, utilities checklist, no upgradation certificate and other documentation as maybe required by **NHIDCL** at the time of approval

Stage 7: Award Determination

10.13 Submission of Award Determination Report

- a. Consultant shall submit a a report on status of award upon approval by **NHIDCL** of award declared for 90% of area as per LA plan or as per the timeline as given in Enclosure III, whichever is earlier
- b. The Consultant shall also submit an updated report containing all required details upon approval of award by **NHIDCL** of 100% of land required to be acquired
- c. The Land award report shall contain details of:
 - i. Summary of compensation award status by village including:
 1. total private and public land being acquired for the project (sq. m) - by village
 2. date of 3A& 3D, final award by CALA, approval by **NHIDCL** by village
 3. variation of land area and nature of land use against that notified in 3D with reasons

4. Total award declared by village, claims made by beneficiaries and status of disbursement
- ii. In detail for each village:
 1. Updated land acquisition tracker containing parcel-wise status of each notification, award and disbursement
 2. Method used by CALA for arrival on market value
 3. Valuation report and details of Award calculation
 4. Claims report (received under sub-section 3 of 3G)
 5. Copies of notifications published, certificates received
 6. Deviations in area according to CALA from provisions under sec. 26-30 iii. Key issues being faced in completing land acquisition and tentative timeline for completion
- iv. A GIS map containing digitised details of land parcels shall be updated with all relevant land possession details and supplied in the agreed digital format

Stage 8: Land Possession

10.14 Submission of land possession report

- a) The consultant shall submit a report on status of land possession upon receiving land possession certificates for 90% of area as per LA plan or as per the timeline as given in Enclosure III, whichever is earlier
- b) The Consultant shall also submit an updated report containing all required details upon completion of 100% of land possession certificates
- c) The land possession report shall contain
 - i. Summary of land possession status by village including:
 - total private and public land being acquired for the project (sq. m) - by village
 - date of final award by CALA, approval by **NHIDCL**, notification (3E) to owners and receipt of land possession certificates from CALA by village
 - Status of disbursement on the date of receipt of land possession certificate
 - ii. Key issues being faced in completing land acquisition and tentative timeline for completion
 - iii. Land possession certificates as received from CALA by village
 - iv. Updated land acquisition tracker containing parcel-wise status of each notification and disbursement status
 - v. A GIS map containing digitised details of land parcels shall be updated with all relevant land possession details and supplied in the agreed digital format

11. Interaction with **NHIDCL**

1. During entire period of services, the Consultant shall interact continuously with NHIDCL and provide any clarification as regards methods being followed and carryout modification as suggested by NHIDCL .A programme of various activities shall be provided to NHIDCL and prior intimation shall be given to NHIDCL regarding start of key activities such as boring, survey etc. so that inspections of NHIDCL officials could be arranged in time.
2. The NHIDCL officers and other Government officers may visit the site at any time, individually or collectively to acquaint/ supervise the field investigation and survey works. NHIDCL may also appoint a Proof Consultant to supervise the work of the DPR consultant including inter-alia field investigation, survey work, Design work and preconstruction activities
3. The consultant shall be required to send 2 copies of concise monthly Progress Report by the 5th day of the following month to the designated officer at his Head Quarter so that progress could be monitored by the NHIDCL in addition to two copies to be submitted to the GM(P) and ED(P) at field level .These reports will indicate the dates of induction and de-induction of various key personnel and the activities performed by them. Frequent meetings with the consultant at site office or in Delhi are foreseen during the currency of project preparation.
4. All equipment, software and books etc. required for satisfactory services for this project shall be obtained by the Consultant at their own cost and shall be their property.

12. Payment Schedule

1. The Consultant will be paid consultancy fee as a percentage of the contract values as per the schedule given in the Draft Contract Agreement.

13. Data and Software

1.
 - a. Consultants shall also deliver to NHIDCL all basic as well as the processed data from all field studies and investigations, report, appendices, annexure, documents and drawings in a digital format as described in Enclosure IV over the course of this assignment and at the submission of the final report in the form of a removable storage device (CD or USB pen drive) and hosted in a secure online file hosting platform
 - b. If required by NHIDCL the consultant shall arrange at their own cost necessary software for viewing and measurement of imagery/ point cloud data.
 - i. **Engineering Investigations and Traffic Studies:** Road Inventory, Condition, Roughness, Test Pit (Pavement composition), Falling Weight Deflectometer (FWD) Material Investigation including test results for subgrade soils, Traffic Studies(traffic surveys), axle load surveys, Sub-soil Exploration, Drainage Inventory, Inventory data for bridge and culverts indicating rehabilitation, new construction requirement etc. in MS EXCEL or any other format which could be imported to widely used utility packages.
 - ii. **Topographic Surveys and Drawings:** All topographic data would be supplied in (x, y, z) format along with complete reference so that the data could be imported into any standard highway design software. The drawing files would be submitted in dxf or dwg format.

- iii. **Rate Analysis:** The Consultant shall submit the rate analysis for various works items including the data developed on computer in this relation so that it could be used by the Authority later for the purpose of updating the cost of the project.

iv. **Economic and Financial Analysis**

- 2. **Software:** The Consultant shall also hand-over to **NHIDCL** soft copies containing any general software including the financial model which has been specifically developed for the project.
- 3. The soft copies should be properly indexed and a catalogue giving contents of all floppies/CD's and print-outs of the contents (data from field studies topographic data and drawings) should be handed over to **NHIDCL** at the time of submission of the Final Report.
- 4. Consultant shall include editable soft copies of the final versions of all documents, including but not limited to the strip plan, plan & profile drawings, cross sections of right of way and details of structures as well as any cost workings.

SUPPLEMENT-I

ADDITIONAL POINTS TO BE CONSIDERED FOR HILL ROADS IN ADDITION TO POINTS COVERED IN MAIN TOR

Sr. No.	Clause No. of TOR	Additional points
1.	2.2	a) Provisions of tunnels if required.
2.	2.3	a) Design of tunnels, if required b) Design of protective works, slope stabilization measures, erosion control measures, land slide control/protection measures snow drift control/snow clearance measures, avalanche protection measures, if required
3.	3	Feasibility study and preparation of detailed project report for hill roads shall be done in accordance with best international practices and wherever practicable/feasible steep gradients and hair pin bends may be avoided by realignments by provision of structures and provision of tunnels if required
4.	4.1	a) Inventory and condition survey for tunnels, if required. b) Identification of faults in rock strata and impact of faults in design of tunnels, if required c) Detailed design of road considering and incorporating specific aspects related to hill region like terrain, topographic conditions, extreme weather conditions, altitude effects etc. d) Design of protective works, slope stabilization measures, erosion control measures, land slide control/protection measures, snow drift control/snow clearance measures, avalanche protection measures, if required e) Design of scenic overlooks/watering points etc.
5.	4.5 (1)	All activities related to field studies, design and documentation shall be done as per the latest guidelines/circulars of MORT&H and relevant publications of the Indian Roads Congress (IRC)/Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS) for hill roads. For aspects not covered by IRC and BIS, international standard practices, such as, British and American Standards may be adopted.

6.	4.7	Review of data and documents pertaining to a) Terrain and soil condition b) Condition of tunnels, if required. c) Sub-surface and geo-technical data for existing tunnels, if required. d) Drawing and details of existing tunnels, if required. e) Existing protective works, erosion control and land slide control/protection works, slope stabilization measures, snow drift control measures, avalanche protection measures f) Existing land slide and snow clearance facilities g) Geological details of rock strata in the area in case of tunnels
7.	4.11.1(1)	The Consultant should make an in depth study of available geological and Meteorological maps of the area.

8.	4.11.1(2)	The primary tasks to be accomplished during the reconnaissance survey shall also include: a) details of terrain (steep or mountainous), cliffs and gorges, general elevation of the road including maximum heights negotiated by main ascents and descents, total number of ascents and descents, hair pin bends, vegetation etc. b) Climatic conditions i.e. temperature, rainfall data, snowfall data, fog conditions, unusual weather conditions etc. c) Realignment requirements including provision of tunnels, if required. d) Inventory of tunnels and geologically sensitive areas like slip prone areas, areas subject to landslides, rockfall, snow drifts, erosion, avalanche activity etc.
9.	4.11.2.1 (3.ii)	Cross sections shall be taken at every 25 m. in case of hill roads and at points of appreciable changes in soil conditions. While taking cross sections, soil conditions shall also be recorded.
10.	4.11.3.1 (1)	The inventory data shall also include: a) General elevation of road indicating maximum & minimum heights negotiated by main ascents & descents and total no. of ascents & descents. b) Details of road gradients, lengths of gentle & steep slopes, lengths & location of stretches in unstable areas, areas with cliffs, areas with loose rocks, land slide prone areas, snow drift prone areas, no. & location of hairpin bends etc. c) Details of tunnels d) Details & types of protective structures, erosion & land slide control/protection measures, snow drift control measures, avalanche protection/control measures etc.

11.	4.11.3.2 (2)	Pavement: a) Location of crust failures along with their causes b) Conditions of camber/cross falls/super elevations etc., whether affected by subsidence Embankment: Extent of slope erosion on hill and valley side
12.	--	Condition Surveys & Investigation for Slope Stabilization, Erosion Control, Landslide Correction/Protection & Avalanche Protection Measures: a) Inventory & Condition Surveys of Existing Protective/Control Measures: The consultant shall make an inventory of all the structures related to Slope Stabilization, Erosion Control, Landslide Control/protection, Avalanche Protection etc. This shall include details of effectiveness of control measures already done and condition of protective/control structures. b) Landslide Investigation This shall be carried out to identify landslide prone areas, to suggest preventive measures or alternate routes that are less susceptible to landslide hazard. Further in existing slide areas this shall help to identify factors responsible for instability and to determine appropriate control measures needed to prevent or minimize recurring of instability problems. Initial preliminary studies shall be carried out using

		available contour maps, topographical maps, geological/geomorphological maps, aerial photographs etc. for general understanding of existing slide area and to identify potential slide areas. This shall be followed by further investigations like geological/geotechnical/hydrological investigation to determine specific site conditions prevailing in the slide area as per relevant IRC specifications/publications, MORT&H circulars and relevant recommendations of the international standards for hill roads. The result of the investigations shall provide basis for engineering analysis and the design of protection/remedial measures.
13.	4.11.4.4	a) For tunnels if required, geotechnical and subsurface investigation shall be done as per IRC:SP:91. b) Geotechnical and subsurface investigation and testing for tunnels shall be carried out through the geotechnical Consultants who have the experience of geotechnical and subsurface investigation in similar project.

14.	4.12.1 (1)	The Consultant shall also carry out detailed designs and prepare working designs for the following: a) cross sections at every 25 m intervals b) Slope stabilization and erosion control measures c) Design of protection/control structures in areas subject to subsidence, landslides, rock fall, rock slide, snow drifts, icing, scour, avalanche activity etc. d) Design of protective structures in slip prone and unstable areas e) Design of scenic overlooks, watering points etc. f) Safety features specific to hill roads
15.	4.12.2 (1)	The Consultant shall evolve Design Standards and material specifications for the Study primarily based on IRC publications, MORT&H Circulars and relevant recommendations of the international standards for hill roads for approval by NHIDCL.
	4.12.2 (2)	The Design Standards evolved for the project shall cover all aspects of detailed design including the design of geometric elements, pavement design, bridges and structures, tunnels if required, traffic safety and materials.
16.	4.12.3	Wherever practicable/feasible hairpin bends and steep gradients shall be avoided by realignments, provision of structures or any other suitable provisions.
17.	4.12.4	While designing pavement for hill roads specific aspects relevant to hill regions like terrain & topographic conditions, weather conditions, altitude effects etc. shall be duly considered and suitably incorporated in design so that pavement is able to perform well for the design traffic and service life. Effects of factors like heavy rainfall, frost action, intensive snow and avalanche activity, thermal stresses due to temperature difference in day and night, damage by tracked vehicles during snow clearance operations etc. must also be considered along with traffic intensity, its growth, axle loads and design life.
18.	4.12.5(3)	The design of embankments should include the requirements for protection works and traffic safety features including features specific to hill roads.
19.	4.12.6	Design and Drawing of Tunnels: The Consultant shall prepare design and drawings for tunnels, if required as per the results of feasibility study, as per the relevant specifications of IRC:SP:91/MORT&H and other international specifications.

20.	4.12.7	a) Topography of hills generates numerous water courses and this coupled with continuous gradients of roads in hills and high intensity of rainfall calls for effective drainage of roads. The drainage system shall be designed to ensure that the water flowing towards the road surface may be diverted and guided to follow a definite path by suitable provision of road side drains, catch water drains, interceptors etc. and flow on valley side is controlled so that stability is not affected. b) Further, adequate provision shall be made for sub-surface/subgrade drainage to take care of seepage through the adjacent hill face of the road & underground water flows.
21.	4.12.8	The Consultant shall design suitable traffic safety features and road furniture including traffic signals, signs, markings, overhead sign boards, crash barriers, delineators etc. including any feature specific to hill roads. The locations of these features shall be given in the reports and also shown in the drawings.
22.	4.12.11	The Consultant shall make suitable designs and layout for miscellaneous works including rest areas, bus bays, vehicle parking areas, telecommunication facilities, scenic overlooks, watering points etc. wherever appropriate.
23.	10.9.3	Volume II: Design Report : a) Inventory of protection measures and other structures b) Inventory of tunnels, if required. b) Proposed preliminary designs for tunnels, if required. Volume III: Drawings a) Drawings for protection/control measures and other structures b) Drawings for tunnels, if required.
24.	10.9.3	Volume II: Design Report (Part II) Part II of Design Report shall also deal with design of tunnels, if required and design of other protection/control structures. Volume IX: Drawing Volume This shall also include : a) Detailed working drawings for tunnels, if required. b) Detailed working drawings for protection/control structures

Additional Requirements for Bridges

S.No.	Clause No. of TOR	<i>Additional points</i>
1	4.1	For standalone bridge projects the scope of work shall include detailed design of approach road extending at least up to 2 km on either side of the bridge
	4.11.4.2(6)	Model Studies for Bridges
		1. Objective
		Physical/ Mathematical Model study for detailed Hydraulic / Hydrologic investigations regarding the proposed bridge for hydraulic design of the bridge and assessment and hydraulic design of required river training works. 2.Methodology Physical/Mathematical Model study shall be carried out at a reputed/recognized institution. The consultant will be responsible for identifying the institution, supplying Information /Documents /Data required for modal studies as indicated in para 4 below and coordinating the model study with the institution concerned 3.Scope of Work Physical Model study Physical modeling with appropriate model scale for Hydraulic and Hydrologic Investigations to : (i) Finalize span arrangement causing uniformity in flow distribution, and work out the alignment and orientation of river training works and bridge axis (ii) Provide information on estimated/observed maximum depth of scour. (iii) Provide information on required river training works for proposed bridge (iv) Provide hydraulic design for the bridge and the required river training works. (v) Quantify the general direction of river course through bridge, afflux,

		extent and magnitude of flood, effect of backwater, if any, aggradation/degradation of bed, evidence of scour etc. shall be used to augment the available hydrological data. The presence of flood control/irrigation structures, if affecting the hydraulic characteristics like causing obliquity, concentration of flow, scour, silting of bed, change in flow levels, bed levels etc. shall be studied and considered in Hydraulic design of proposed bridge. The details of any planned work in the immediate future that may affect the river hydraulics shall be studied and considered 3.2 Mathematical Model study Mathematical modeling for detailed Hydraulic / Hydrologic investigations regarding the proposed new bridge to: (i) Finalize the site/location of the proposed new bridge based on mathematical modeling. (ii) Provide information on estimated/observed maximum depth of scour. (ii) Provide information on required river training works for proposed bridge (iv) Provide hydraulic design for the bridge and the required river training works. (v) Quantify the general direction of river course through bridge, afflux, extent and magnitude of flood, effect of backwater, if any, aggradation/degradation of bed, evidence of scour etc. shall be used to augment the available hydrological data. The presence of flood control/irrigation structures, if affecting the hydraulic characteristics like causing obliquity, concentration of flow, scour, silting of bed, change in flow levels, bed levels etc. shall be studied and considered in Hydraulic design of proposed bridge. The details of any planned work in the immediate future that may affect the river hydraulics shall be studied and considered. 4. Information /Documents /Data required for Physical /Mathematical Model study i) Plan layouts showing the locations of the proposed bridge as well as the existing bridges / barrages etc., in the vicinity of the proposed bridge

		with the chainages with respect to a standard reference marked on it. ii) High flood discharges and corresponding flood levels at the locations of the existing bridges in the vicinity of the proposed bridge. iii) General arrangement drawing (GAD) of the existing bridges showing number of spans, pier and well dimensions, founding levels, maximum scour level, the design discharge and the HFL, guide bund details. On this, the plan form of the river course with the bridge alignment may also be shown as far as possible. iv) General arrangement drawing (GAD) of the proposed new bridge showing number of spans , pier and foundation dimensions. On this, the plan form of the river course with the bridge alignment may also be shown as for as possible. v) River cross sections at 500m longitudinal spacing (maximum) up to a distance of 2 times the bridge total length on the upstream side and up to a distance equal to the bridge total length on the downstream with right bank and left bank clearly marked on it. At least one cross section to be provided at the location of the proposed bridge. At each cross section, the bed levels to be taken at a maximum lateral distance of 8 m in flow section and at 25 m in non flow section respectively. The abrupt variations in the bed levels to be captured by taking measurements at closer locations both in longitudinal as well as lateral directions. vi) The cross sections, as for as possible, from high bank to high bank. vii) The longitudinal profile of the river along the length of the proposed alignment. viii) Size distribution of the river bed material and the bore log data at different locations at the site of the proposed bridge. ix)The series of annual peak flood of the river for at least 15 years period.

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENT FOR SAFETY AUDIT

The use of checklists is highly recommended as they provide a useful “aide memoire” for the audit team to check that no important safety aspects are being overlooked. They also give to the project manager and the design engineer a sense of understanding of the place of safety audit in the design process. The following lists have been drawn up based on the experience of undertaking systematic safety audit procedures overseas. This experience indicates that extensive lists of technical details has encouraged their use as “tick” sheets without sufficient thought being given to the processes behind the actions. Accordingly, the checklists provide guidelines on the principal issues that need to be examined during the course of the safety audits.

Stage F-During Feasibility Study

1. The audit team should review the proposed design from a road safety perspective and check the following aspects

CONTENTS	ITEMS
Aspects to be checked	A. Safety and operational implications of proposed alignment and junction strategy with particular references to expected road users and vehicle types likely to use the road.
	B. Width options considered for various sections.
	C. Departures from standards and action taken.
	D. Provision of pedestrians, cyclists and intermediate transport
	E. Safety implications of the scheme beyond its physical limits i.e. how the scheme fits into its environs and road hierarchy
A1 : General	➤ Departures from standards ➤ Cross-sectional variation ➤ Drainage ➤ Climatic conditions ➤ Landscaping ➤ Services apparatus ➤ Lay-byes

	➤ Footpath ➤ Pedestrian crossings ➤ Access (minimize number of private accesses) ➤ Emergency vehicles ➤ Public Transport ➤ Future widening ➤ Staging of contracts ➤ Adjacent development
A2: Local Alignment	➤ Visibility ➤ New/Existing road interface ➤ Safety Aids on steep hills
A3: Junctions	➤ Minimize potential conflicts ➤ Layout ➤ Visibility
A4 : Non-Motorised road users Provision	➤ Adjacent land ➤ Pedestrians ➤ Cyclists ➤ Non-motorised vehicles
A5: Signs and Lighting	➤ Lighting ➤ Signs/Markings
A6 : Construction and Operation	➤ Build ability ➤ Operational ➤ Network Management

Stage 1 – Completion of Preliminary Design

1. The audit team should review the proposed check the following aspects design from a road safety perspective and check the following aspects

CONTENTS	ITEMS
Aspects to be checked	A. Safety and operational implications of proposed alignment and junction strategy with particular references to expected road users and vehicle types likely to use the road. B. Width options considered for various sections. C. Departures from standards and action taken. D. Provision of pedestrians, cyclists and intermediate transport E. Safety implications of the scheme beyond its physical limits i.e. how the scheme fits into its environs and road hierarchy
B1 : General	➤ Departures from standards ➤ Cross-sectional variation ➤ Drainage ➤ Climatic conditions ➤ Landscaping ➤ Services apparatus ➤ Lay-byes ➤ Footpaths ➤ Pedestrian crossings ➤ Access (minimize number of private accesses) ➤ Emergency vehicles ➤ Public Transport ➤ Future widening ➤ Staging of contracts ➤ Adjacent development
B2 : Local Alignment	➤ Visibility ➤ New/Existing road interface ➤ Safety Aids on steep hills
B3 : Junctions	➤ Minimize potential conflicts ➤ Layout
	☐ Visibility
B4 : Non-Motorised road user Provision	➤ Adjacent land ➤ Pedestrians ➤ Cyclists ➤ Non-motorised vehicles
B5 : Signs and Lighting	☐ Lighting
	☐ Signs/Markings
B6: Construction and Operation	☐ Buildability
	☐ Operational
	☐ Network Management

Stage 2 – Completion of Detailed Design

1. The audit team should satisfy itself that all issues raised at Stage 1 have been resolved. Items may require further consideration where significant design changes have occurred.
2. If a scheme has not been subject to a stage 1 audit, the items listed in Checklists B1 to B6 should be considered together with the items listed below.

CONTENTS	ITEMS
Aspects to be checked	A. Any design changes since Stage 1. B. The detailed design from a road safety viewpoint, including the road safety implications of future maintenance (speed limits; road signs and markings; visibility; maintenance of street lighting and central reserves).
C1 : General	➤ Departures from standards ➤ Drainage ➤ Climatic conditions ➤ Landscaping ➤ Services apparatus ➤ Lay-byes ➤ Access ➤ Skid-resistance ➤ Agriculture ➤ Safety Fences
C2 : Local Alignment	➤ Adjacent development ➤ Visibility ➤ New/Existing road interface
C3 : Junctions	➤ Layout ➤ Visibility Signing ➤ Lighting ➤ Road Marking ➤ T,X,Y-junctions ➤ All roundabouts ➤ Traffic signals
C4 : Non-Motorised road users Provision	➤ Adjacent land ➤ Pedestrians ➤ Cyclists ➤ Non-motorised vehicles
C5 : Signs and Lighting	➤ Advanced direction signs ➤ Local traffic signs ➤ Variable message signs ➤ Other traffic signs ➤ Lighting
C6 : Construction and Operation	➤ Buildability ➤ Operational ➤ Network Management

Tentative Alignment

ABOUT THE AREAS TOUCHED BY PROPOSED ROAD

KERAN: Keran is a village in Jammu and Kashmir, on the bank of the Neelum (Kishanganga) river. Keran block includes three villages: Keran, Mundiyan and Pathran. The adjacent habitation on the Pakistani side is also called Keran. The river flowing through village acts as the natural border between the two habitations

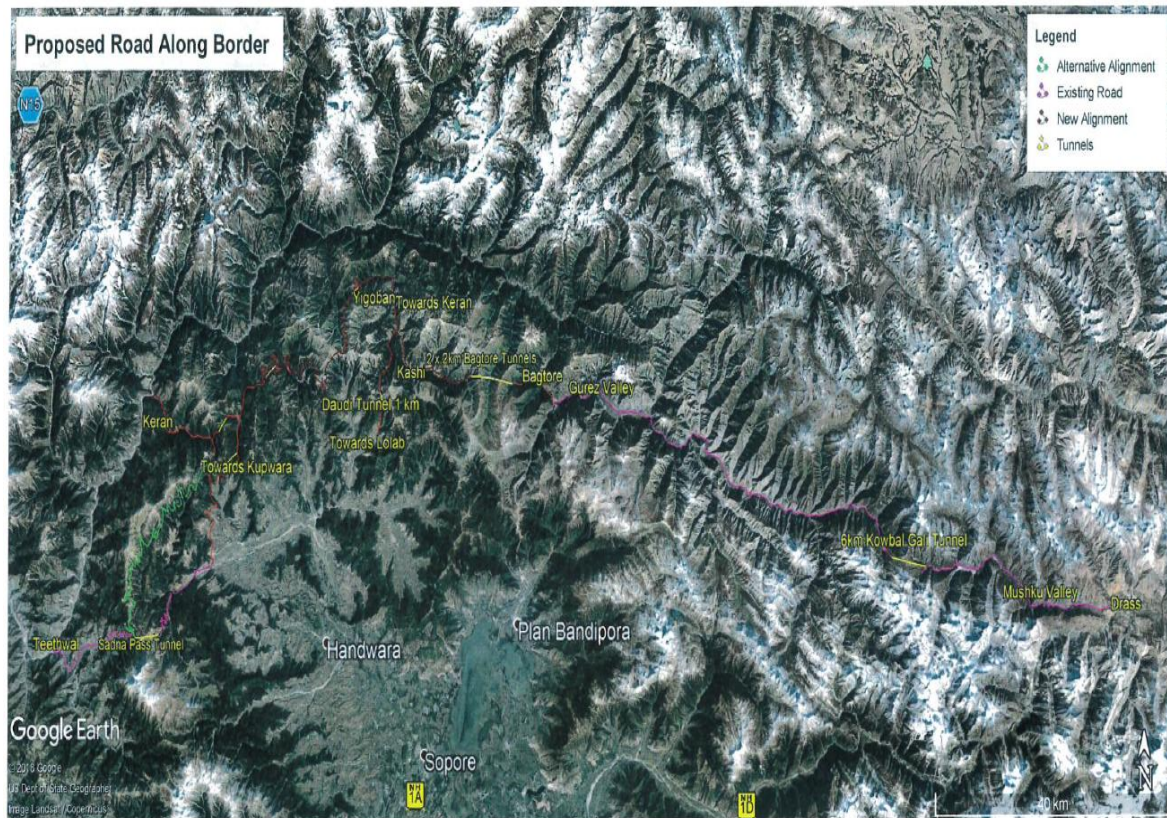
GUREZ: Gurez, is a gateway to the famous silk route across central Asia. The pyramid shaped peak named after famous Kashmiri poetess Habba Khatoon is most fascinating peak of Kashmir. The emperor Yousuf Shah Chak who is said to be a Dard from Gilgit entered into Kashmir through Gurez. It is believed that when emperor was imprisoned by the King Akbar, his beloved Habba Khafton used to wander near the peak to look for her lover.

MUSH KG VALLEY DRASS: The Mushkoh Valley is a valley in Drass Kargil. Considered to be glaciated and unsuitable for human habitation, it came into prominence in 1999 during the Kargil conflict when Pakistan infiltrated troops across the Line of Control. The Mushkoh valley is the limit of at the western extremity of Ladakh, west of which lies the northern reaches of the Kashmir valley.

Number of Bridges

Area Name	Nallah/River Name	Number of Bridges
Drass/Mushko Sector	Mushko-Drass River	2
Gurez Sector	Kishenganga River	4
Kashe – yegoban Sector	-	3
Yegoban – Keran Sector	-	4
Keran Sector to Tethwal	-	2

Satellite images of proposed Alignment Tethwal Kashmir to Drass Ladakh



ENCLOSURE-I

MANNING SCHEDULE.

Sr. No	Key Personnel	Total Project Assignment 10 months
		Total Time Period (man month)
A.	Key Professional Staff	
1	Team Leader cum Senior Highway Engineer	08
2	Senior Tunnel Expert	06
3	Tunnel Design Expert	04
4	Senior Highway cum Pavement Engineer	08
5	Senior Geotechnical Engineer	08
B.	Other Professional Staff	
6	Senior E& M Expert	02
7	Bridge / Structural Engineer	06
8	Senior Geologist	04
9	Senior Survey Engineer	08
10	Environmental Specialist	02
11	Material Engineer	04
12	Quantity Surveyor/Documentation Expert	08
13	Land Acquisition Expert	03
C.	Sub-Professional Staff	
C1	Sub-Professional Staff- Team-1	
14	Highway cum Pavement Engineer- 1	06
15	Survey Engineer – 1	06
16	Material Engineer – 1	06
17	Geologist/Geotechnical Engineer – 1	06
18	Quantity Surveyor - 1	06
C2	Sub-Professional Staff- Team-2	
19	Highway cum Pavement Engineer- 2	06
20	Survey Engineer – 2	06
21	Material Engineer – 2	06
22	Geologist/Geotechnical Engineer – 2	06
C3	Sub-Professional Staff- Team-3	
23	Highway cum Pavement Engineer- 3	06
24	Survey Engineer – 3	06
25	Material Engineer – 3	06
26	Geologist/Geotechnical Engineer – 3	06
	Total	161

1. Consultants have to provide a certificate that all the key personnel as envisaged in the Contract Agreement have been actually deployed in the projects. They have to furnish the certificate at the time of submission of their bills to NHIDCL from time to time.

2. The requirement of tunnel/s is to be assessed strictly as per site requirement during the detailed study after mobilisation of Consultant on site.

In case Tunnels are to be constructed, necessary input of Tunnel Experts (if not included in the financial proposal) shall be provided in addition to above mentioned Manpower requirement.

Tunnel expert, if required, the remuneration may be provided equivalent to Team Leader remuneration and time period shall be decided by Regional Officer, concerned, NHIDCL.

3. The Consultant shall provide one Land Acquisition Expert along with allied team and supporting logistic as envisaged in Clause 5.1.5.1 of TOR for each section/district on the stretches proposed for DPR preparation or part thereof

If delay in LA process occurs beyond the reasonable control of consultant, the extension of LA team staff/s along with logistic support/transportation shall be granted Regional Officer, NHIDCL who is empowered to grant extension to LA team staff/s.

ENCLOSURE-II

Qualification and Experience Requirement of Key Professional Staff

Team Leader cum Senior Highway Engineer

i)	Educational Qualification	
	Essential	Graduate in Civil Engineering or equivalent as approved by AICTE
	Desirable	Post graduate in Civil Engineering (highways / structures / traffic and transportation / soil mechanics and foundation engineering/ Construction Management /Transportation) {AICTE Approved}
ii)	Desirable Experience	
	a)Total Professional Experience	Min. 15 years
	b) Experience in Highway projects	Min. 12 years in Planning, project preparation and design of Highway projects , including 2/4/6 laning of NH/SH/ expressways. For hill roads, respective hill roads experience is required
	c) Experience in similar capacity (Either as Team Leader or in Similar capacity)	In Feasibility of two / Four/Six Laning works and DPR/IC/ Construction Supervision of Two/Four/six laning of major highway projects(NH/SH/Expressways)/ feasibility cum detailed project report of two/ four laning projects of minimum aggregate length of 80 km. For hill roads, respective hill roads experience is required.
iii)	Age Limit	65 years on the date of submission of proposal

Senior Tunnel Expert

I	Educational Qualification	
	Essential	Graduate in Civil Engineering/Tunnel Engineering/Mining Engineering from recognized university or equivalent as approved AICTE
	Desirable	Post Graduate in Civil Engineering/Tunnel Engineering/Mining Engineering from recognized university or equivalent as approved AICTE
II	Desirable Experience	
a)	Total Professional Experience	Min. 20 years
b)	Experience in Tunnel projects	(i) Professional experience in handling major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro) (ii) Experience in major tunnel construction/construction supervision projects (Road/Rail/Metro) (iii) Experience in preparation of DPR or Feasibility report of major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro) (iv) Experience in DPR preparation of minimum 5 km Tunnel length

		(v) Experience in construction/construction supervision/ preparation of DPR/feasibility report of major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/metro) using NATM
c)	Experience in similar capacity	(i) Experience as Team Leader or similar capacity in major tunnel construction/construction supervision projects (Road/Rail/Metro) (ii) Experience as Team Leader or similar capacity in preparation of DPR or Feasibility report of major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro)
III	Age Limit	65 years on the date of submission of proposal

Tunnel Design Expert

I	Educational Qualification	
	Essential	Degree in Civil/ Mining Engineering from recognized university or equivalent as approved AICTE
	Desirable	Post Graduation in Design/ Structural Engineering from recognized university or equivalent as approved AICTE.
II	Desirable Experience	
	a)Total Professional Experience	Min. 15 years
	b) Experience in Tunnel projects	(i) Professional Experience in handling major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro) (ii) Experience of major tunnel construction/construction supervision projects (Road/Rail/Metro) (iii) Experience in preparation of DPR or Feasibility report of major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro)
	c) Experience in similar capacity	(i) Professional Experience as Tunnel Design Engineer (Structural) (ii) Experience as Tunnel Design Engineer (Structural) of major tunnel construction/construction supervision projects (Road/Rail/Metro) (iii) Experience as Tunnel Design Engineer (Structural) of major tunnel for preparation of DPR projects (Road/Rail/Metro) (iv)Experience as Tunnel Design Engineer (Structural) in preparation of DPR/ Feasibility report of major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro) using NATM
III	Age Limit	65 years on the date of submission of Proposal

Senior Geotechnical Engineer

I	Educational Qualification	
	Essential	Civil Engineering/Mining Engineering / Engineering Geology from recognized university or equivalent as approved AICTE
	Desirable	Geotechnical Engineering /Foundation Engineering/Rock Mechanics/Geo science from recognized university or equivalent as approved AICTE
II	Desirable Experience	
	a) Total Professional Experience	Min. 15 years
	b) Experience in Tunnel Projects	(i) Professional experience in handling major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro)
		(ii) Experience in major tunnel construction/construction supervision projects (Road/Rail/Metro)
		(iii) Experience in preparation of DPR or Feasibility report of major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro)
	c) Experience in similar capacity	(i) Professional Experience as Senior Geotechnical Engineer
		(ii) Experience as Senior Geotechnical Engineer or similar capacity in major tunnel construction/construction supervision projects (Road/Rail/Metro)
		(iii) Experience as Senior Geotechnical Engineer or similar capacity in preparation of DPR or Feasibility report of major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro)
		(iv) Experience as Senior Geotechnical Engineer or similar capacity in preparation of DPR/ Feasibility report of major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro) using NATM
III	Age Limit	65 years on the date of submission of proposal

Qualification and Experience Requirement of Other Professional Staff

Senior E&M Expert

i)	Educational Qualification	
	Essential	Degree in Electrical/Mechanical Engineering from recognized university or equivalent as approved AICTE
	Desirable	Post Graduation in Degree in Electrical/Mech Engineering from recognized university or equivalent as approved AICTE
ii)	Desirable Experience	
	a) Total Professional Experience	Min. 15 years
	b) Experience in Tunnel projects	10 years in Tunnel Projects and should have worked for atleast five years as an E&M Expert for Tunnel Design/ Construction projects.
	c) Experience in similar capacity	He should have handled atleast two tunneling projects in similar capacity.
iii)	Age Limit	65 years on the date of submission of Proposal

Bridge/Structural Engineer

i)	Educational Qualification	
	Essential	Graduate in Civil Engineering or equivalent from recognized university or equivalent as approved AICTE
	Desirable	Masters in Bridge Engineering / Structural Engineering from recognized university or equivalent as approved AICTE
ii)	Desirable Experience	
	a) Total Professional Experience	Min. 8 years
	b) Experience in Bridge projects	Min. 05 years in project preparation and design of bridge projects.
	c) Experience in similar capacity	Bridge Engineer in highway design consultancy projects (2/4/6 lane NH/SH/Expressways)involving design of minimum two major bridges (length more than 200 m)
iii)	Age Limit	65 years on the date of submission of Proposal

Senior Geologist

i)	Educational Qualification	
	Essential	Post Graduate Degree in Geology/Related field from recognized university or equivalent as approved AICTE/UGC
	Desirable	Ph.d. in Geology/Related fields from recognized university or equivalent as approved AICTE/UGC
ii)	Desirable Experience	
	a) Total Professional Experience	Min. 15 years
	b) Experience in Tunnel projects	He should have a minimum 10 years of professional experience and should have involved in project preparation/ DPR/ Tunnel Design for atleast two major Tunnel projects.
	c) Experience in similar capacity	He should have experience in similar capacity per five years on Design/ Construction/ Supervision of Tunnel Projects. The minimum cost of the project handled in the similar capacity should be 2500 Millions
iii)	Age Limit	65 years on the date of submission of Proposal

Senior Survey Engineer

i)	Educational Qualification	
	Essential	Graduate or equivalent in Civil Engineering or Diploma in Civil Engg or Diploma in Surveying from recognized university or equivalent as approved AICTE
	Desirable	Masters in Survey Engineering/ Surveying / Remote Sensing from recognized university or equivalent as approved AICTE
ii)	Desirable Experience	
	a) Total Professional Experience	Min. 10 years
	b) Experience in Highway projects	Min. 8 years on similar projects in project preparation and construction & thorough understanding of modern computer based methods of surveying
	c) Experience in similar capacity	Survey Engineer for projects preparation of highway project (NH/SH/Expressways) involving 2/4/6- laning of minimum aggregate length of 80 km.
iii)	Age Limit	65 years on the date of submission of Proposal

Environmental specialist

i)	Educational Qualification	
	Essential	Graduate in Civil Engineering / Environment Engineering / Masters in Environment Science from recognized university or equivalent as approved AICTE
	Desirable	Post Graduate in Environmental Engineering from recognized university or equivalent as approved AICTE
ii)	Desirable Experience	
	a) Total Professional Experience	Min. 06 years
	b) Experience in Highway Projects	Min. 5 years in environment impact assessment and permitting of highway projects (2/4/6 laning)
	c) Experience in similar capacity	Environmental Specialist in at least two highway projects (2/4/6 laning)
iii)	Age Limit	65 years on the date of submission of bid

Material Engineer

i)	Educational Qualification	
	Essential	Graduate in Civil Engineering/Material Science and Engineering from recognized university or equivalent as approved AICTE
	Desirable	Post-graduation in Material Science and Engineering from recognized university or equivalent as approved AICTE/UGC
ii)	Desirable Experience	
	a) Total Professional Experience	Min. 15 years
	b) Experience in Highway Projects	Minimum 8 years on Tunnel projects in design and /or construction. Experience on Tunnel projects shall be preferred.
	c) Experience in similar capacity	Material Engineer on highway projects (2/4/6 lane NH/SH/Expressway) of minimum aggregate length of 80 km.
iii)	Age Limit	65 years on the date of submission of proposal

Quantity Surveyor/Documentation Expert

i)	Educational Qualification	
	Essential	Graduate or equivalent in Civil Engineering / Certificate course from 'Institution of Quantity Surveying' from recognized university or equivalent
	Desirable	Post Graduate in Civil Engineering from recognized university or equivalent as approved AICTE
ii)	Desirable Experience	
	a) Total Professional Experience	Min. 10 years
	b) Experience in Highway Projects	Min. 8 years in Preparation of Bill of Quantities, Contract documents and documentation for major highway projects involving two/ four laning
	c) Experience in similar capacity	Quantity Surveyor / Documentation Expert in highway projects (NH/SH/Expressways) involving two/four/six laning of minimum aggregate length of 80 km.
iii)	Age Limit	65 years on the date of submission of Proposal

Land Acquisition Expert

i)	Educational Qualification	
	Essential	Graduate from recognized university or equivalent as approved by UGC
ii)	Desirable Experience	
	a) Total Professional Experience	15 years as Deputy-Tehsildar or above Desirable: Ex-revenue officers like Ex-ADM/SDM, Ex-Tehsildar, Ex-Deputy Tehsildar etc.
	b) Role specific experience	Min 10 years in Land acquisition for government/ authority projects
iii)	Age Limit	65 years on the date of submission of bid

Note: Degree obtained from Open University/Distance Learning etc. will not be considered for the technical evaluation purpose and no marks will be awarded for such qualification.

ENCLOSURE-III

Schedule for submission of Reports and Documents

Stage No.	Activity	No. of hard copies in addition to soft copies		Time Period in days from date of commencement
		At NHIDCL HQ	At Field Unit of NHIDCL	
1	Monthly Reports	2	2	By 10 th day of every month
2	Inception Report			
	(i) Draft Inception Report including QAP document	2	2	21
	(ii) Inception Report including QAP document	2	2	30
3	F.S. REPORT			
	i) Alignment Report	2	2	45
	ii) Draft Feasibility Study Report including option study report including draft 3(a) report	2	2	60
	iii) Final Feasibility Study Report incorporating compliance of comments of Client	2	2	90
4	LA & Clearances I Report			
	i) Draft LA & Clearances I Report including draft 3(A) report	2	2	105
	ii) Final LA & Clearances I Report incorporating compliance of comments of Client	2	2	135
5	Detailed Project Report			
	i) Draft DPR	2	2	180 (NHIDCL's comment will be submitted in 15 days)
	ii) Final DPR incorporating compliance of comments of Client	3	3	240
6	Technical Schedules			
	i) Draft Technical Schedules	2	2	180
	iii) Final technical schedule	3	3	240
7	Land Acquisition II Submission of draft 3D publication report	2	2	180

8	Land Acquisition III, Award determination (3G)			240
9	Project Clearances & LA IV Report Approval of Project clearances from Concerned agencies e.g. from MOEF; Rly for approval of GAD and detail engineering drawing of ROB/RUB; Irrigation Dept., Utility Report and Possession of Land	6 Original letters from the concerned agencies and 5 photocopies of each		240

The checklist for different stages of submission of report has been enclosed as under and the same shall be appended with proper references and page numbering. The checklist/s shall be appended with the report without which no payment shall be made.

Schedule for approval of Reports and Documents by ED after submission by Consultant.

Stage No.	Activity	Time Period in days from date of submission of Comment and acceptance by ED/RO
1	Inception Report	7 days
2	Feasibility Study Report i) Draft Feasibility Study Report including option study report including draft 3(a) report ii) Final feasibility Study report	15days 7 days
3	LA & Clearances Report i) Draft LA & Clearances Report ii) Final LA & Clearances Report incorporating compliance of comments of Client	15 days 7 days
4	Detailed Project Report i) Draft DPR ii) Final DPR incorporating compliance of comments of Client	30 days 7 days
5	Technical Schedules i) Draft Technical Schedules ii) Final technical schedule	30 days 7 days

The checklist for different stages of submission of report has been enclosed as under and the same shall be appended with proper references and page numbering. The checklist/s shall be appended with the report without which no payment shall be made.

ENCLOSURE-IV

Formats for submission of Reports and Documents

1. Standard formats for deliverables

- i. During the course of the assignment to prepare detailed project report, several reports, drawings and documents will need to be submitted by the consultants to NHIDCL.
- ii. For the purposes of submission, format requirements have been laid out for some of the reports and drawing deliverables in this enclosure, which shall be adhered to strictly
- iii. In addition, consultants are to align and agree with NHIDCL officials the format of submission for all reports, during the inception stage as mentioned in clause 10.2 of this terms of reference

2. Format for submission of report deliverables

2.1 Printed hard copies of reports

- i. All reports and documents shall be submitted in both printed hard copy and digital formats
- ii. For hard copies, the consultant shall submit bound volumes (and not in spiral binding form) after completion of each stage of work as per the schedule and in the number of copies as given in Enclosure III

2.2 Digital copies of reports

1. Every report shall also be submitted in digital format to the authority in the following formats:
 - i. The final report as submitted in the portable document format (.pdf) ii. An editable document in the relevant Open Document Format for Office Applications (ODF) and if available the relevant Microsoft Office document format (MS Office)
 - iii. All tables and models used to and referred to in the reports shall also be submitted as spread-sheets in the relevant ODF format and MS Office format
 - iv. The digital copies of reports shall be submitted in the form of removable storage devices (CD or USB pen drive) and also hosted on a secured online document storage and retrieval platform as described in clause 2 Data products
2. The removable storage device submitted at each deliverable stage shall contain:
 - i. Reports for that stage
 - ii. All draft and final reports previously submitted
 - iii. Correspondence with NHIDCL
 - iv. Clients' comments on submitted reports

- v. Any communication, letters and approvals to and from other government and local agencies and any other relevant body
 - vi. An updated index of all the contents on the removable storage device
3. Every submission will be accompanied by a table of contents and index of all documents submitted for ease of reference

2 Data products

1. During the course of the assignment, the consultant shall perform several surveys and collect data that will be used for the design of the road and delivered to the client.
2. Consultants are encouraged to keep commonly available software and data packages, and typical uses for data while deciding final formats of data within the constraints of this document or where a format has not been defined
3. As required in clause **Error! Reference source not found. Error! Reference source not found.**, consultants are required to agree with NHIDCL all actual data formats proposed to be used for the project
4. In order to standardise data formats and simplify hand over and re-use of data, some requirements for minimum content and format are laid down below.
- 5.

Sr No	Data product	Contents required (definition)	Data format
0	Formats to be used	List of data, drawing and design outputs, reporting format, digital format suggested, key data to be included (column headers), units and system to be used	CSV or ODF sheet, .xlsx optional
1	Traffic surveys		
1.1	List of traffic survey points	Point no, location coordinates (lat, long), location of survey point, chainage, no lanes/type of junction, type of survey, date of survey, length of survey, any commentary, equipment/technique used, link to survey output	CSV or ODF sheet, .xlsx optional
1.2	Classified traffic volume count survey	Survey point, survey location, location id (ihmcl), no of lanes, chainage, location coordinates (lat, long), date, time and period of survey	Raw data: IHMCL Traffic survey data format Processed, corrected with AADT: CSV or ODF sheet, .xlsx optional

1.3	O-D, turning movement, axle load and other surveys	Survey point, survey location, location lat, long, chainage, date, time, period of survey, technique/equipment used in addition to the survey data itself	CSV or ODF sheet, .xlsx optional
2	Engineering surveys and investigations		
2.1	Raw DGPS data	Notes must contain Date, time of survey, equipment	CSV or ODF, Receiver

		used, corrections applied is any. Data: Survey benchmarks, benchmark points, location data points	Independent Exchange Format (RINEX)
2.2	LiDAR point cloud	Notes must contain Date, time of survey, equipment, summary post processing applied. Data: Survey benchmarks, data points, point cloud of entire project corridor as defined in	LASer file format for exchange CSV sheet, .xlsx optional
2.3	Images	360 Deg/ ortho images of entire project road way	Geographic Tagged Image File Format (GeoTIFF)
2.4	Video	Traverse video of entire project length	Audio video interleave (.avi) or MPEG-4 file (.mp4)
2.5	Topographic map + contours	1:1000 scale map with 50 cm contours with roadway marked on maps	Contours: geo-referenced shape files (.shp) or .dxf files, .dwg/.dgn files options
2.6	Digital elevation model	Digital terrain modeled from aerial and ground surveys	Digital elevation model in USGS Spatial Data transfer standard (SDTS) format
2.7	Longitudinal and cross sections	Location of cross section - existing, design chainage, lat, long, Cross section drawing	.dxf files, .dwg/.dgn files options

2.8	As-is road map	3D digital map of as-is project highway containing earth surface, road layers, utilities, buildings and trees with feature data extracted and mapped in layers, marked on the map and tabulated data provided separately. All road, surface, sub surface inventory, pavement investigation and soil survey data to be super-imposed as layers	Digital terrain model and maps in LandXML/.dxf format, .dwg/.dgn files options Separate CSV or ODF sheet, .xlsx optional of feature data in addition to map
2.9	Details of utility	type of utility, no, class and category of utility installation (e.g. 66 kV xlpe), location, distance from centerline, user agency	CSV or ODF sheet, .xlsx optional
2.10	Utility maps	geo-referenced schematic map, existing and design road centerline, type of utility, size, no, class and category	georeferenced shape files (.shp) and drawings in .dxf format
2.11	Road inventory surveys	All data as required in clause 4.11.3.1, georeferencing for each row of data in lat, long form	CSV or ODF sheet

2.12	Pavement investigation	Test pit reference id, location, chainage, georeference (lat, long), pavement composition - layer no, material type, thickness, sub grade type, and condition	CSV or ODF sheet
2.13	Pavement condition survey	Data as required in clause 4.11.3.2, along with location/chainage and geo-reference for all data	CSV or ODF sheet
2.14	Pavement structural strength	FWD results as per IRC guidelines, geo-referencing for test points	CSV or ODF sheet
2.15	Sub-grade and soil strength	In the format of the testing lab, summary details must be tabulated and must include: test pit no, location, chainage, lat/long, date, time of test, tester/lab details, in-situ density, moisture content, field CBR, characterization, in-lab moisture and density, lab CBR	Summary in CSV or ODF sheet
3	Proposed roadway designs		

3.1	Proposed alignment geometry	Georeferenced centerline horizontal and vertical alignment for the road To be presented superimposed on surface map, satellite imagery and digital elevation model of region	Geometry or shape files : .shp/.dxf, .dwg/.dgn files options
3.2	Final alignment geometry	Georeferenced centerline horizontal and vertical alignment for the road. Additional detail on lanes, super elevation, junctions, structures, under/overpasses, PUP/CUP, wayside amenities etc	Geometry or shape files : .shp/.dxf, .dwg/.dgn files options
3.3	Proposed roadway model	Proposed digital roadway model and design data- including embankment, road way, road layers, roadside amenities, signals, road furniture, markings and other construction elements in 3D	.dxf/.dtm
3.4	Proposed structures	Geo referenced location and alignment, 3D model of structure and appurtenances, cross section, plan and profile drawings for construction as per IRC	.dxf/.dtm
3.5	Proposed highway cross sections	Roadway cross sections for homogenous sections	.dxf files Digital surface model in .dxf format
4	Other deliverables		
4.1	Digitized cadastral maps	Digitized revenue map overlaid with key landmarks, land size, survey number and ownership data. min 1:1000 scale map with >1mm accuracy	Geometry or shape files : .shp/.dxf, .dwg/.dgn files options
4.2	Financial analysis	Spreadsheet model with instructions, index and containing all inputs and assumptions, time series construction and operating costs, revenues, financing and equity cash flows, NPV/IRR, sensitivity scenarios and results	ODF sheets, MS office .xlsx optional

3 Online hosting and archival of deliverables

3.1 Hosting deliverables online

- i. The consultant shall store all deliverables from this assignment on a secure online file hosting platform that is remotely accessible by authorised users on the world wide web
- ii. The consultant shall provide read only access to all relevant officers of NHIDCL and provide further access to additional users as and when requested by NHIDCL.
- iii. Consultant shall provide a point of contact for access to these files, solving any technical issues and shall respond to all requests in a timely manner
- iv. Consultant shall ensure that the files are hosted in a platform that conforms to any file hosting and file sharing security standards as may be laid down by the government of India

3.2 Deliverables to be hosted

- i. Data and deliverables to be hosted in an online accessible format shall include but not be limited to:
- ii. All draft and final deliverables in the digital formats prescribed in this TOR and in file formats in wide use where formats are not specified
- iii. Data, images and videos from all surveys and investigations conducted of this enclosure
- iv. All correspondence to and from NHIDCL including clients' comments on submitted reports
- v. Any communication, letters and approvals to and from other government local agencies and any other relevant body
- vi. The platform shall also contain an index and table of contents of information being hosted for ease of access and use

3.3 Time period and costs

- i. Access to above mentioned files will be provided till the end of construction (final commercial operations date of contractor/ concessionaire) of all packages that form a part of this assignment at the cost of the consultant
- ii. Access to additional users shall also be at no additional cost to the authority

Proof of Eligibility

Form-E1

Letter of Proposal (On Applicant's letter head)

(Date and Reference)

**To,
The General Manager,
2nd Floor, PTI Building,
4, Parliament Street,
New Delhi-110001.**

Sub: Appointment of Consultant for “Consultancy Services for Preparation of Detailed Project Report for 2 lane road from Tetwal (Kashmir) to Drass (Ladakh) in the UT of Jammu & Kashmir and Ladakh”.

Dear Sir,

With reference to your RFP Document dated, I/we i.e M/s-----
----- (Name of Bidder) having examined all relevant documents and understood their contents, hereby submit our Proposal for selection as Consultant. The proposal is unconditional and unqualified.

2. All information provided in the Proposal uploaded on INFRACON and in the Appendices is true and correct and all documents accompanying such Proposal are true copies of their respective originals.
3. This statement is made for the express purpose of appointment as the Consultant for the aforesaid Project.
4. I/We shall make available to the Authority any additional information it may deem necessary or require for supplementing or authenticating the Proposal.
5. I/We acknowledge the right of the authority to reject our application without assigning any reason or otherwise and hereby waive our right to challenge the same on any account whatsoever.
6. I/We certify that in the last three years, we or any of our Associates have neither failed to perform on any contract, as evidenced by imposition of a penalty by an arbitral or judicial authority or a judicial pronouncement or arbitration award against the Applicant, nor been expelled from any project or contract by any public authority nor have had any contract terminated by any public authority for breach on our part.
7. I/We understand that you may cancel the Selection Process at any time and that you are neither bound to accept any Proposal that you may receive nor to select the Consultant, without incurring any liability to the Applicants in accordance with Clause 1.7 of the RFP document.
8. I/We declare that we/any member of the consortium, are/is not a Member of any other Consortium applying for Selection as a Consultant.

9. I/We certify that in regard to matters other than security and integrity of the country, we or any of our Associates have not been convicted by a Court of Law or indicted or adverse orders passed by a regulatory authority which would cast a doubt on our ability to undertake the Consultancy for the Project or which relates to a grave offence that outrages the moral sense of the community.
10. I/We further certify that in regard to matters relating to security and integrity of the country, we have not been charge-sheeted by any agency of the Government or convicted by a Court of Law for any offence committed by us or by any of our Associates.
11. I/We further certify that no investigation by a regulatory authority is pending either against us or against our Associates or against our CEO or any of our Directors/Managers/employees.
12. I/We hereby irrevocably waive any right or remedy which we may have at any stage at law or howsoever otherwise arising to challenge or question any decision taken by the Authority [and/ or the Government of India] in connection with the selection of Consultant or in connection with the Selection Process itself in respect of the above mentioned Project.
13. ~~Deleted.~~
14. I/We agree and understand that the proposal is subject to the provisions of the RFP document. In no case, shall I/we have any claim or right of whatsoever nature if the Consultancy for the Project is not awarded to me/us or our proposal is not opened or rejected.
15. I/We agree to keep this valid for 120 (One hundred and twenty) days from the Proposal Due Date specified in the RFP.
16. A Power of Attorney in favor of the authorized signatory to sign and submit this Proposal and documents is attached herewith.
17. In the event of my/our firm/consortium being selected as the Consultant, I/we agree to enter into any Agreement in accordance with the form Appendix V of the RFP. We agree not to seek any changes in the aforesaid form and agree to abide by the same.
18. I/We have studied RFP and all other documents carefully and also surveyed the Project site. We understand that except to the extent as expressly set forth in the Agreement, we shall have no claim, right or title arising out of and documents or information provided to us by the Authority or in respect of any matter arising out of or concerning or relating to the Selection Process including the award of Consultancy.
19. The Proof of Eligibility and Technical proposal are being submitted in separate covers in hard copy (as per clause 4.1 of LoI) and INFRACON Team I.D no._____. Financial Proposal is being submitted online only. This Proof of Eligibility read with Technical Proposal and Financial Proposal shall constitute the Application which shall be binding on us.
20. I/We agree and undertake to abide by all the terms and conditions of the RFP Document. In witness thereof, I/we submit this Proposal under and in accordance with the terms of the RFP Document.

Yours faithfully,
(Signature, name and designation of the authorized signatory)
(Name and seal of the Applicant/Lead Member)

APPENDIX-II

Form-E2/T3

FIRM'S REFERENCES

Relevant Services Carried out in the Last Seven Years (2010-11 onwards) Which Best Illustrate Qualifications

The following information should be provided in the format below for each reference assignment for which your firm, either individually as a corporate entity or as one of the major companies within a consortium, was legally contracted by the client:

Assignment Name:		Country:
Location within Country :		Professional Staff Provided by your firm:
Name of Client :		No. of Staff :
Address :		No. of Staff Months :
Start Date (Month / Year)	Completion Date (Month / Year)	Approx. Value of Services : (in INR/current USD) :
Name of JV/Association Firm(s) if any :		No. of Months of Professional Staff provided by Associated Firm(s)
Status of your Company in the Assignment i.e., Sole/Lead Member/Other Member/Associate		
Narrative Description of Project :		
Description of Actual Services Provided by your Company:		

Signature of Authorized Representative

(Certificate from Employer regarding experience should be furnished)

Form- E3**Financial Capacity of the Applicant**

Name of Applicant:

Sr. No.	[Financial Year]*	Annual Revenue (Rs.)
1	YEAR - 1	
2	YEAR - 2	
3	YEAR - 3	
4	YEAR - 4	
5	YEAR - 5	

Certificate from the Statutory Auditor \$

This is to certify that ----- (name of the Applicant) has received the payments shown above against the respective years on account of Consultancy Services.

Name of the audit firm Seal of the audit firm Date

(Signature, name and designation of the authorized signatory)

\$In case he Applicant does not have a statutory auditor, it shall provide the certificate from its chartered accountant that ordinarily audits the annual account of the Applicant.

Note:

*Financial year to be modified as applicable

Please do not attach any printed Annual Financial Statement.

APPENDIX-II

Form- E4

(Deleted)

(Form-T1)

TECHNICAL PROPOSAL**FROM:****TO:**

Sir:

Sub: Appointment of Consultant for “Consultancy Services for Preparation of Detailed Project Report for 2 lane road from Tetwal (Kashmir) to Drass (Ladakh) in the UT of Jammu & Kashmir and Ladakh”.

Regarding Technical Proposal

I/We _____ (name of Bidder) Consultant/ Consultancy firm herewith
enclose Technical Proposal for selection of my/our firm/organization as Consultant for

Yours faithfully,

Signature

Full Name

Designation

Address

(Authorized Representative)

(Form-T-2)

Details of projects for which Technical and Financial Proposals have been submitted

Sl. No.	Name of Project	Consultancy Package No.	Names of Proposed Key Personnel

Form-E2/T3

DELETED

Form- T4

DELETED

Form- T5

DELETED

DELETED

Details of Material Testing Facility

(Detail are to be uploaded on the INFRACON portal along with the certificates)

1. State whether the Applicant has in-house Material Testing Facility Available / Outsourced / Not Available
2. In case answer to 1 is Available, attach a list of Lab equipment and facility for testing of materials and location of laboratory
3. In case laboratory is located at a distance of more than 400 km from the project site, state arrangements made / proposed to be made for testing of materials
4. In case answer to 1 is Outsourced / Not Available state arrangements made / proposed to be made for testing of materials.

Facility for Field investigation and Testing

1. State whether the Applicant has in-house Facility for
 - a) Geo-technical investigation Available (created in-house at site)/ Outsourced/ Not Available
 - b) Pavement investigation Available (created in-house at site)/ Outsourced/ Not Available
2. In case answer to 1 is Available (created in-house at site) a list of field investigation and testing equipments available in-house
3. In case answer to 1 is Outsourced/ Not Available arrangements made/proposed to be made for each of above Field investigation and testing
4. For experience in LIDAR or better technology for topographic survey, GPR and Induction Locator or better technologies for detection of sub-surface utilities and digitization of cadastral maps for land acquisition, references need to be provided in following format:

REFERENCES

Relevant Services Carried Out Which Best Illustrate Qualifications

The following information should be provided in the format below for each reference assignment for which your firm, either individually as a corporate entity or as one of the major companies within a consortium, was legally contracted by the client:

Assignment Name:		Country:
Location within Country :		Professional Staff Provided by your firm:
Name of Client :		No. of Staff :
Address :		No. of Staff Months :
Technology Used:		
Start Date (Month / Year)	Completion Date (Month / Year)	Approx. Value of Services : (in INR/current USD) :
Name of JV/Association Firm(s) if any :		No. of Months of Professional Staff provided by Associated Firm(s)
Status of your Company in the Assignment i.e., Sole/Lead Member/Other Member/Associate		
Narrative Description of Project :		
Description of Actual Services Provided by your Company:		

Signature of Authorised Representative

(Certificate from Employer regarding experience should be furnished)

Office Equipment and software

Attach a list of office equipment and software owned by the Applicant

(Curriculum Vitae as per INFRACON)

CVs of the Key Personnel should be uploaded on INFRACON and the hard copies of the CVs as uploaded on the INFRACON is to be submitted along with the Technical Proposals.

[Upload on INFRACON (<http://infracon.nic.in/>). Provide information on each proposed key expert.]

Sample snap shots for details of CV on INFRACON Portal are as below:

(These are for reference purpose only. The Consultant should get registered all the proposed Key Expert, if not registered earlier, and furnish all relevant details on INFRACON Portal).

1. Basic details

The screenshot shows the 'Edit Basic Details' form on the INFRACON portal. The form is titled 'Edit Basic Details' and has a status of 'Pending for Submission'. It includes a 'Photo' upload section with a 'Choose File' button and a 'No file chosen' message. The form contains various input fields for personal and contact information, including Name, Date of Birth, Mother's Name, Current State, Current District, Current Address, Permanent State, Permanent District, Permanent Address, PAN Number, Passport Number, Aadhar Number, Mobile, Alternate Mobile, and Landline Number. A 'Submit' button is located at the bottom right of the form.

2. Company experience

The screenshot shows the 'Add New Company Experience' form on the INFRACON portal. The form includes a 'Select Company' dropdown menu, a 'Company Name' text field, a 'From Year' date field, a 'To Year' date field, and a 'Number of Projects Completed' text field. A red note states: 'Leave this field in case you are still working with this company'. A 'Submit' button is located at the bottom right of the form. Below the form is a table titled 'Company Experience Details' with columns for S.No., Company, From Year, To Year, and Projects Completed. The table currently shows 'No Records Found'.

3. Qualifications details

INFRACON
 Ministry of Road Transport & Highways

Welcome >>>
 Last Login >>>

Profile
Project Details
Search

ADD Qualifications DETAILS

Level	Certificate Course	
Qualification Level	Certificate course from Institution of Quantity Surveying	
College		
University/Board		
Year Of Passing		
Percentage	% Or CGPA Obtained	/ Out Of
Upload Certificate	Choose File No file chosen * Upload Supporting document/certificate in PDF upto 5MB	
Digilocker link for Certificate (Optional)	Please Provide Link of Digilocker Shared Document	
Submit		

Qualifications

Select Level:	Certificate Course ▾
Select Qualifications:	Certificate course from Institution of Quantity Surveying ▾

Qualifications DETAILS							Add New +
SNO	College	University/Board	Passing Year	Certificate	Digilocker Link		
No Records Found							

4. Work Experience

ADD DETAILED WORK

Major Activities	Highway Project ☐ Bridge Project ☐ Tunnel Project ☐ Revenue Work ☐ Others ☐ Expressway ☐ Airport Runway ☐ IT ☐
You can select multiple Major Activities	
Name of Work	
Country	-----Select----- ▾
Select State	--Select-- ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLANDS ANDHRA PRADESH ARUNACHAL PRADESH ▾
Use Ctrl Key to select multiple States	
Employer Name	
Employer Address	
Client	
Client Address	
Start Date	
Completion Date:	Or Leave this field in case of ongoing work
Project Cost	Cr The INR value for Project Cost/ Consultancy Fee (In foreign currency) shall be determined based on the prevailing exchange rate for USD on the Project Completion Date/ Date of receipt of Consultancy Fee as the case be.
Whether EPC or PPP or Hybrid Annuity Model	EPC ☒ PPP ☐ Hybrid Annuity Model ☐
Designation	-----Select----- ▾

Certification by the Candidate (To be uploaded on INFRACON portal)

I, the undersigned, certify to the best of my knowledge and belief that:

- (i) This CV correctly describes my qualifications and my experience;

- (ii) In the absence of medical incapacity, I will undertake this assignment for the duration and in terms of the inputs specified for me in the Expert Schedule in Form TECH-7 provided team mobilization takes place within the validity of this proposal or any agreed extension thereof;
- (iii) I am committed to undertake the assignment within the validity of Proposal;
- (iv) I am not part of the team who wrote the terms of reference for this consulting services assignment;
- (v) I am, pursuant to Clauses 3 and 4 of the ITC, eligible for engagement.
- (vi) My CV is being proposed for this project by ----- (the Consultant firm) and I have not given consent to any other consultant(s) to propose my CV for any position for this project.

..... Date
 : (Day/Month/Year)

(Signature of Key Expert)

..... Date: (Day/Month/Year)

[Signature of authorized representative of the Firm]

Note: Following documents are also to be uploaded on INFRACON portal:

- (i) Document for proof of age.
- (ii) Document for proof of qualification.
- (iii) Experience Certificates from Clients.

UNDERTAKING FROM THE PROFESSIONAL

Name of Work:

Position in the Team:

I, ... (Name and INFRACON registered ID) have not left any assignment with the consultants/ contractors engaged by Client viz. MoRT&H /NHAI/NHIDCL/ IAHE/BRO/ State PWD or any other MoRTH implementing agency without completing my assignment. I will be available for the entire duration of the current project for which I am being included in the team. If I leave this assignment in the middle of the completion of the work, I may be debarred for an appropriate period to be decided by Client. I shall also have no objection if my services are extended by Client for this work in future.

I, the undersigned, also certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief, my biodata, information and credentials uploaded on INFRACON portal truly describe myself, my qualification and my experience. I shall be liable for any action, as deemed fit, in case there is any mis-representation in this regard.

Date:

Place:

Signature

(Name of Key Personnel)

UNDERTAKING FROM CONSULTING FIRM

Name of Work:

The undersigned on behalf of(Name of Consulting Firm) with(INFRACON ID) certify that none of the Key Personnel included in our team to the best of our knowledge has left his/her assignment with any consulting/ contracting firm engaged by MoRT&H /NHAI/NHIDCL/ IAHE/BRO/ State PWD or any other MoRTH implementing agency. We also confirm the truthfulness of the credentials uploaded by our firm/JV Member/Associate and all the Key Personnel proposed in our team on INFRACON.

We understand that if any information about our firm/JV Member/Associate / Key Personnel is found contrary to what has been uploaded on INFRACON, the Client would be at liberty to remove the concerned personnel from the present assignment and debar our firm/JV Member/Associate / Key Personnel for an appropriate period to be decided by the Client.

Date:

Place:

Signature

(Name of Authorized Signatory)

APPENDIX-IV

(Form-I)

FINANCIAL PROPOSALS

FROM: _____	TO: _____
_____	_____
_____	_____

Sir:

Subject: Consultants' Services for

Regarding Price Proposal

I/We _____ Consultant/consultancy firm hereby confirms that we have submitted our financial proposal online as per the uploaded format for selection of my/our firm/organization as Consultant for _____

Yours faithfully,

Signature

Full Name_____

Designation_____

Address__

(Authorized Representative)

*The Financial proposal is to be filled strictly as per the uploaded format online on CPPP portal .

Format of Financial Proposal

Validate Print Help					
Tender Inviting Authority: MD, NHIDCL					
Name of the Project: Consultancy Services for Preparation of Detailed Project Report for 2 laning with/without paved shoulder from Tetwal (Kashmir) to Drass (Ladakh) in the UT of Jammu & Kashmir and Ladakh					
Contract No: NHIDCL/J&K/DPR/Tetwal-Drass/ 2020-21					
Name of the Bidder/ Bidding Firm / Company :					
<u>PRICE SCHEDULE</u> (This BOQ template must not be modified/replaced by the bidder and the same should be uploaded after filling the relevent columns, else the bidder is liable to be rejected for this tender. Bidders are allowed to enter the Bidder Name and Values only)					
NUMBER #	TEXT #	NUMBER #	TEXT #	TEXT #	NUMBER #
Sl. No.	Item Description	Quantity	Units	Quoted Currency in INR / Other Currency	BASIC RATE (excluding GST) In Figures To be entered by the Bidder in Rs.
1	2	4	5	12	13
1.1	Remuneration for Local Staff (including per diem allowance)				
1.11	PROFESSIONAL Staff				
1.111	Team Leader cum Senior Highway Engineer	8.000	Month	INR	
1.112	Senior Tunnel Expert	6.000	Month	INR	
1.113	Tunnel Design Expert	4.000	Month	INR	
1.114	Senior Highway cum Pavement Engineer	8.000	Month	INR	
1.115	Senior Geotechnical Engineer	8.000	Month	INR	
1.12	Other Professional Staff			INR	
1.121	Senior E&M Expert	2.000	Month	INR	
1.122	Bridge/Structural Engineer	6.000	Month	INR	
1.123	Senior Geologist	4.000	Month	INR	

1.124	Senior Survey Engineer	8.000	Month	INR	
1.125	Environmental Specialist	2.000	Month	INR	
1.126	Material Engineer	4.000	Month	INR	
1.127	Quantity Surveyor/Documentation Expert	8.000	Month	INR	
1.128	Land Acquisition Expert	3.000	Month	INR	
1.13	Sub-Professional Staff			INR	
1.131	Sub-Professional Staff - Team -1			INR	
1.1311	Highway cum Pavement Engineer - 1	6.000	Month	INR	
1.1312	Survey Engineer - 1	6.000	Month	INR	
1.1313	Material Engineer - 1	6.000	Month	INR	
1.1314	Geologist/Geotechnical Engineer - 1	6.000	Month	INR	
1.1315	Quantity Surveyor - 1	6.000	Month	INR	
1.132	Sub-Professional Staff - Team -2			INR	
1.1321	Highway cum Pavement Engineer - 2	6.000	Month	INR	
1.1322	Survey Engineer - 2	6.000	Month	INR	
1.1323	Material Engineer - 2	6.000	Month	INR	
1.1324	Geologist/Geotechnical Engineer - 2	6.000	Month	INR	
1.1325	Quantity Surveyor - 2	6.000	Month	INR	
1.133	Sub-Professional Staff - Team -3			INR	
1.1331	Highway cum Pavement Engineer - 3	6.000	Month	INR	
1.1332	Survey Engineer - 3	6.000	Month	INR	
1.1333	Material Engineer - 3	6.000	Month	INR	
1.1334	Geologist/Geotechnical Engineer - 3	6.000	Month	INR	
1.1335	Quantity Surveyor - 3	6.000	Month	INR	
1.14	Support Staff (Fixed Rates)			INR	
1.141	Office Manager (1 No.)	8.000	Month	INR	
1.142	Typist (4 No.)	24.000	Month	INR	
1.143	Office Boy (4 No.)	24.000	Month	INR	
1.144	Watchman (3 No.)	24.000	Month	INR	
1.15	Transportation (Fixed costs)				
1.151	The vehicles hired by the Consultants shall include the cost for rental, drivers, operation, maintenance, repairs, insurance, etc. for use of consultants (5 Vehicle for 8months each)	40.000	Month	INR	

1.16	Duty Travel to Site (Fixed Costs)				
1.161	All Trips	1.000	LS	INR	
1.17	Office Rent (Fixed Costs)				
1.171	Main Office : The rent cost includes operation & maintenance, cleaning, repairs, etc for entire duration of services.	8.000	Months	INR	
1.172	Sub-Office (03 Nos.) : The rent cost includes operation & maintenance, cleaning, repairs, etc for entire duration of services.	24.000	Months	INR	
1.18	Office Supplies, Utilities and Communication for all offices (Fixed Costs)				
1.181	Office Supplies, Drafting Supplies, Computer Running Costs, Domestic and International Communication	8.000	Months	INR	
1.19	Office Furniture and Equipment for all offices (Fixed costs)				
1.191	Office Furniture and Equipment	1.000	LS	INR	
1.2	Reports and Document (Fixed costs)				
1.21	All documents as per RFP in required number of sets	1.000	LS	INR	
1.3	Survey and Investigation				
1.31	A. Topographical Survey (Fixed Rate)				
1.311	Complete Topographic Survey using mobile/ aerial LiDAR or equivalent/better technology for project approach area including hire charges for equipment and supply of survey teams comprising of project survey filed staff etc. inclusive of cost of materials, labourer, preparation of Drawings and their submission as per contract provision.	1.000	LS	INR	
1.312	B. Investigation (Fixed cost)				
1.313	All investigations/surveys including Road and Bridge Inventory, FWD Test and Pavement Evaluation, Roughness Survey, Axle Load Survey, Material Survey and Investigation, Sub-grade Investigation, Traffic Survey, Socio-economic & Census Survey/Studies, Land Acquisition Studies, etc.	1.000	LS	INR	

1.4	Net Work Survey and GPR				
1.41	Net work Survey of the existing Highways as a repository for civil work as per directions from Authority.	1.000	LS	INR	
1.42	GPR Survey for detection of under ground utilities	1.000	LS	INR	
1.5	Sub-soil Investigation & Other Works				
1.51	Sub-Soil Investigation				
1.52	a) Boring in all type of soils (other than hard rock)	3000.000	Metre	INR	
1.53	b) Boring in hard rock	1500.000	Metre	INR	
1.6	Cost of supply and fixing Boundary Pillars				
1.61	Procuring and fixing boundary pillars and its installation, complete in all respect as per IRC:25,1967: Consultant shall fix boundary pillars along the proposed alignment on the extreme boundary on either side of the project road at 50 m interval.	1.000	LS	INR	
1.7	Land Acquisition Team including support staff and logistics/transportation for 04 Teams				
1.71	A. Land acquisition Team including support staff				
1.711	Ex-Land Revenue Inspector/Officer or equivalent (04 nos)	12.000	Months	INR	
1.712	Ex-Kanoongo/ Girdawar or equivalent (04 nos)	12.000	Months	INR	
1.713	Ex-Patwari or equivalent (04 nos)	12.000	Months	INR	
1.714	Typist (04 nos)	12.000	Months	INR	
1.715	Peon (04 nos)	12.000	Months	INR	
1.72	B. Logistics for Land acquisition Team				
1.721	Computer including necessary peripherals (04 sets)	12.000	Months	INR	

1.722	Printers (04 nos.)	12.000	Months	INR	
1.723	Vehicles (Bolero or equivalent) with monthly running limit of 4000 km (04 nos)	12.000	Months	INR	
Total in Figures	Grand Total				
Quoted Rate in Words					

(Form-III)

Deleted

(Form-IV)

Estimate of Costs for Expatriate Consultants (in Indian Rupees)

Deleted

(Form-V)

TENTATIVE QUANTITIES FOR SUB-SOIL INVESTIGATIONS

(BORING) (Form –V)

S. No	Stretch Proposed for DPR	NH No.	Approximate Length (in Km.)	Package No.	State	Cumulative Tentative Quantities (in m)	
						In Soils other than hard rock	In hard rock
1	Consultancy Services for Preparation of Detailed Project Report for 2 lane road from Tetwal (Kashmir) to Drass (Ladakh) in the UT of Jammu & Kashmir and Ladakh	As per List at Annex- 1	As per List at Annex- 1	As per List at Annex- 1	As per List at Annex- 1	3000	1500

Note: The DPR Consultant has to deploy minimum four boring machines per section i.e. minimum 12 machines in the entire section for completing the boring/coring.

APPENDIX-V

Self Evaluation Sheet

A Firm's Relevant Experience (40)

S. No.	Description	Maximum Points	Marks on Self Evaluation	Reference Page No.
1	Specific experience of the DPR consultancy related to the assignment for eligibility	15		
1.1	Aggregate Length of DPR / Feasibility study of 2/4/ 6 lane projects	8		
1.1.1	More than the indicative Length of the package applied for	6		
1.1.2	More than 2 times the indicative length of the package applied for	7		
1.1.3	More than 3 times the indicative length of the package applied for	8		
1.2	DPR for 2/4/6 laning projects each equal to or more than 40 % of indicative length of a package applied for (or Feasibility Study for 2/4/6 laning projects each equal to or more than 60 % of indicative length of a package applied for) Or DPR for at least one high altitude (2000 mtr or more above MSL) road project of 2/4/6 laning of minimum 5% of the indicative length of the package or feasibility study of 2/4/6 laning of minimum 7.5% of the indicative length of the package.	7		
1.2.1	1 project	5		
1.2.2	2 projects	6		
1.2.3	≥ 3 projects	7		
2	DPR of Bridge having length more than 200 m	5		
2.1	1 bridge	1		
2.2	2 bridges	2		
2.3	3 bridges	3		
2.4	4 bridges	4		
2.5	≥ 5 bridges	5		
3	Specific experience of firms in terms of turnover	5		
3.1	Firm's Average Turnover of last 5 years > 50 crore	5		

3.2	Firm Average Turnover of last 5 years 20-50 crore	4.5			
3.3	Firm Average Turnover of last 5 years > 5 crore but < 20 crore	4			
4	DPR of number of tunnels (if applicable)	5			
4.1	1 project	1			
4.2	2 projects	2			
4.3	3 projects	3			
4.4	4 projects	4			
4.5	≥ 5 projects	5			
5	Highway Professionals * working with the firm	10			
5.1	<10 nos.	0			
5.2	10-20 nos.	8			
5.3	>20-30 nos.	9			
5.4	>30 nos.	10			

B. Material testing, survey and investigation, equipment and software proposed to be used (20)

S. No.	Description	Maximum Points	Marks on Self Evaluation	Reference Page No.
1	Availability of Material Testing Facilities with persons/resources having operational skills of the equipment	3		
1.1	Owned* (Available In House)	3.00		
1.2	Outsourced (Hire basis/Through Associate)	2.25		
2	Availability of Field Investigation Facilities with persons/resources having operational skills of the equipment	2		
2.1	Owned** (Available In House)	2.00		
2.2	Outsourced (Hire basis/Through Associate)	1.5		
3	Availability of Office Equipment and Software with persons/resources having operational skills of the equipment	3		
3.1	Owned*** (Available In House)	3.00		
3.2	Outsourced (Hire basis/Through Associate)	2.25		

4	Experience in LiDAR or better technology for topographic survey (Infrastructure sector)		5		
4.1	1 project	1			
4.2	2 projects	2			
4.3	3 projects	3			
4.4	4 projects	4			
4.5	≥ 5 projects	5			
5	Experience in using GPR and Induction Locator or better technologies for detection of sub-surface utilities (Infrastructure sector)		4		
5.1	1 project	1			
5.2	2 projects	2			
5.3	3 projects	3			
5.4	≥ 4 projects	4			
6	Experience in digitization of cadastral maps for land surveys		3		
6.1	Area upto 100 ha	1			
6.2	Area between 100-500 ha	2			
6.3	Area > 500 ha	3			

2.4. Qualification and Competence of the Key Professional Staff (40)

2.4.1 TEAM LEADER cum SENIOR HIGHWAY ENGINEER

S. No.	Description	Max. Points	Marks on Self Evaluation	Reference Page No.
I	General Qualification	25		
i)	Degree in Civil Engineering or equivalent [AICTE Approved]	20		
ii)	Post Graduation in Highway Engg/ Structures/Traffic and Transportation/Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering/Construction Management/Transportation [AICTE Approved]	5		
II	Relevant Experience & Adequacy for the Project	70		
a)	Total Professional Experience	15		
	<15 years	0		

	15-18 years	11			
	>18-21 years	13			
	> 21 years	15			
(b)	Experience in Highway Projects - Experience in Planning, project preparation and design of Highway Projects (2/4/6 laning of NH/SH/Expressways)		25		
	<12 years	0			
	12-15 years	19			
	>15-18 years	22			
	>18 years	25			
c)	Experience in Similar Capacity		30		
(i)	In Feasibility of 2/4/6 laning works or DPR/IC/Construction Supervision of major highway projects i.e. 2/4/6 laning of NH/SH/Expressways in Similar Capacity (Minimum Aggregate length of 80 km)		20		
	< 80km	0			
	80 km-150km	15			
	>150km-250km	17			
	> 250km	20			
(ii)	In Feasibility of 2/4/6 laning works or DPR/IC/Construction Supervision of major highway projects i.e. 2/4/6 laning of NH/SH/Expressways in Similar Capacity- Number of Projects		10		
	< 2 projects	0			
	2 projects	8			
	3- 5 projects	9			
	> 5 projects	10			
III	Employment with Firm		5		
	> 1 Year	0			
	1 year	3			
	Add 0.5 marks for each subsequent year subject to maximum of 2 marks				
	Total		100		

SENIOR TUNNEL EXPERT

S. No.	Description	Max. Points	Self Evaluation Marks	Reference Page No.
I	General Qualification	25		
i)	Degree in Civil Engineering/Tunnel Engineering / Mining Engineering	20		
ii)	Post Graduation in Civil Engineering /Tunnel Engineering/Mining Engineering	5		
II	Relevant Experience & Adequacy for the Project	70		
a)	Total Professional Experience	10		
	<20 years	0		
	20-25 years	8		
	>25-28 years	9		
	>28 years	10		
(b)	Experience in Tunnel Projects	40		
	(i) Professional experience in handling major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro)	8		
	<12 years	0		
	>=12 – 14 years	6		
	>14 – 15 years	7		
	>15years	8		
	(ii) Experience in major tunnel construction/construction supervision projects(Road/Rail/Metro)	8		
	<10 years	0		
	>=10 – 12 years	7		
	>12 years	8		
	(iii)Experience in preparation of DPR or Feasibility report of major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro)	8		
	<10 years	0		
	>=10 – 12 years	7		
	>12 years	8		
	(iv) Experience in DPR preparation of minimum 5 km Tunnel length	8		

	< 3 projects	0			
	3 or more projects	8			
	(v) Experience in construction/construction supervision/ preparation of DPR/feasibility report of major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/metro) using NATM		8		
	<10 years	0			
	>=10 – 12 years	7			
	>12 years	8			
c)	Experience in Similar Capacity		20		
	(i) Experience as Team Leader or similar capacity in major tunnel construction/construction supervision projects (Road/Rail/Metro)		10		
	=2 projects	8			
	= 3 to 5 projects	9			
	> 5 or more	10			
	(ii) Experience as Team Leader or similar capacity in preparation of DPR or Feasibility report of major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro)		10		
	=2 projects	8			
	= 3 to 5 projects	9			
	> 5 or more	10			
III	Employment with Firm		5		
	Less than 1 Year	0			
	1-2 years	3			
	Add 0.5 marks for each subsequent year subject to maximum of 2.0 marks				
	Total		100		

TUNNEL DESIGN EXPERT

Sr. No.	Description	Max. Points	Self Evaluation Marks	Reference Page No.
I	General Qualification	25		

i)	Degree in Civil/ Mining Engineering	20		
ii)	Post Graduation in Design/Structural Engineering or equivalent	5		
II	Relevant Experience & Adequacy for the Project	70		
a)	Total Professional Experience	10		
	<15 years	0		
	15-20 years	8		
	>20 -25years	9		
	>25years	10		
b)	Experience in Tunnel Projects	30		
	(i) Professional Experience in handling major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro)	10		
	<10 years	0		
	>=10-12 years	6		
	>12 -14 years	8		
	>14 years	10		
	(ii) Experience of major tunnel construction/construction supervision projects (Road/Rail/Metro)	10		
	<10 years	0		
	>=10-12 years	6		
	>12 -14 years	8		
	>14 years	10		
	(iii) Experience in preparation of DPR or Feasibility report of major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro)	10		
	<10 years	0		
	>=10-12 years	6		

	>12 -14 years	8			
	>14 years	10			
c)	Experience in Similar Capacity		30		
	(i) Professional Experience as Tunnel Design Engineer (Structural)		8		
	<8 years	0			
	>=8-10 years	6			
	>10 – 12 years	7			
	>12 years	8			
	(ii) Experience as Tunnel Design Engineer (Structural) of major tunnel construction/construction supervision projects (Road/Rail/Metro)		8		
	<8 years	0			
	>=8 – 10 years	6			
	>10-12 years	7			
	>12 years	8			
	(iii) Experience as Tunnel Design Engineer (Structural) of major tunnel for preparation of DPR projects (Road/Rail/Metro)		7		
	<8 years	0			
	>=8 – 10 years	5			
	>10-12 years	6			
	>12 years	7			
	(iv) Experience as Tunnel Design Engineer (Structural) in preparation of DPR/ Feasibility report of major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro) using NATM		7		
	< 3 projects	0			
	>=3-5 projects	6			

	5 or more projects	7			
III	Employment with Firm		5		
	Less than 1 Year	0			
	1-2 years	3			
	Add 0.5 marks for each subsequent year subject to maximum of 2.0 marks				
	Total		100		

HIGHWAY cum PAVEMENT ENGINEER

Sr. No.	Description		Max. Points	Self Evaluation Marks	Reference Marks
I	General Qualification		25		
i)	Degree in Civil Engineering or equivalent [AICTE Approved]		20		
ii)	Post graduation in Highway Engg/Transportation Engineering[AICTE Approved]		5		
II	Relevant Experience & Adequacy for the Project		70		
a)	Total Professional Experience		15		
	<8 years	0			
	8-12 years	11			
	>12 -15 years	13			
	>15 years	15			
b)	Experience in Highway Projects - Experience in Design/ Pavement Design of Highway Projects (2/4/6 laning of NH/SH/Expressways)		25		
	<6 years	0			
	6-10 years	19			
	>10 -15 years	22			
	>15 years	25			
c)	Experience in Similar Capacity		30		
(i)	In Design/ Pavement Design of Highway Projects (2/4/6 laning of NH/SH/Expressways) in Similar Capacity (Minimum aggregate length 80 km)		20		

	<80km	0			
	80km-150km	15			
	>150km-250km	17			
	>250km	20			
(ii)	In Design/ Pavement Design of Highway Projects (2/4/6 laning of NH/SH/Expressways) in Similar Capacity – Number of Projects		10		
	2 projects	8			
	3-5 projects	9			
	>5 projects	10			
III	Employment with Firm		5		
	Less than 1 Year	0			
	1 year	3			
	Add 0.5 marks for each subsequent year subject to maximum of 2 marks				
	Total		100		

Senior Geotechnical Engineer

S. No.	Description	Max. Points	Self Evaluation Marks	Reference Page No.
I	General Qualification	25		
i)	Degree in Civil Engineering/Mining Engineering / Engineering Geology	20		
ii)	Post Graduation in Geotechnical Engineering /Foundation Engineering/Rock Mechanics/Geo science or equivalent	5		
II	Relevant Experience & Adequacy for the Project	70		
a)	Total Professional Experience	10		
	<15 years	0		
	15-20 years	8		
	>20 -25years	9		

	>25years	10			
(b)	Experience in Tunnel Projects		30		
	(i) Professional experience in handling major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro)		10		
	<10 years	0			
	>=10-12 years	6			
	>12 -14 years	8			
	>14 years	10			
	(ii) Experience in major tunnel construction/construction supervision projects (Road/Rail/Metro)		10		
	<10 years	0			
	>=10-12 years	6			
	>12 -14 years	8			
	>14 years	10			
	(iii) Experience in preparation of DPR or Feasibility report of major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro)		10		
	<10 years	0			
	>=10-12 years	6			
	>12 -14 years	8			
	>14 years	10			
c)	Experience in Similar Capacity		30		
	(i) Professional Experience as Senior Geotechnical Engineer		8		
	<8 years	0			
	>=8-10 years	6			
	>10 – 12 years	7			
	>12 yea	8			

	rs				
	(ii) Experience as Senior Geotechnical Engineer or similar capacity in major tunnel construction/construction supervision projects (Road/Rail/Metro)		8		
	<8 years	0			
	>=8 – 10 years	6			
	>10-12 years	7			
	>12 years	8			
	(iii) Experience as Senior Geotechnical Engineer or similar capacity in preparation of DPR or Feasibility report of major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/Metro)		7		
	<8 years	0			
	>=8 – 10 years	5			
	>10-12 years	6			
	>12 years	7			
	(iv) Experience in construction/construction supervision/ preparation of DPR/feasibility report of major tunnel projects (Road/Rail/metro) using NATM		7		
	<8 years	0			
	>=8 – 10 years	6			
	>10-12 years	7			
III	Employment with Firm		5		
	Less than 1 Year	0			
	1-2 years	3			
	Add 0.5 marks for each subsequent year subject to maximum of 2 marks				
	Total		100		

APPENDIX-VI

DRAFT CONTRACT AGREEMENT

Between

NHIDCL

PTI Building, 3rd Floor, 4 Parliament Street, Sansad Marg Area, New Delhi-110001

And

M/s in JV with M/s And in Association with M/s

For

“Consultancy Services for Preparation of Detailed Project Report for 2 lane road from Tetwal (Kashmir) to Drass (Ladakh) in the UT of Jammu & Kashmir and Ladakh”.

(From km _____ to km _____ of NH in the State of ...__)

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II. APPENDICES

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DRAFT CONTRACT FOR CONSULTANT'S SERVICES

CONTRACT FOR CONSULTANTS' SERVICES

“Consultancy Services for Preparation of Detailed Project Report for 2 lane road from Tetwal (Kashmir) to Drass (Ladakh) in the UT of Jammu & Kashmir and Ladakh”.

(From km _____ to km _____ Of NH in the State of)

This CONTRACT (hereinafter called the “Contract”) is made on the ----- day of the month of -----
-----2020 , between, on the one hand, NHIDCL, New Delhi (hereinafter called the
“Client”) and,

on the other hand, M/s ----- in JV with ----- and in
Association with (hereinafter called the “Consultants”).

WHEREAS

- (A) the Client has requested the Consultants to provide certain consulting services as defined in the General Conditions attached to this Contract (hereinafter called the “Services”);
- (B) the Consultants, having represented to the Client that they have the required professional skills, personnel and technical resources, have agreed to provide the Services on the terms and conditions set forth in this Contract;

NOW THEREFORE the parties hereto hereby agree as follows:

1 The following documents attached hereto shall be deemed to form an integral part of this Contract:

- (a) The General Conditions of Contract (hereinafter called “GC”);
- (b) The Special Conditions of contract (hereinafter called “SC”);
- (c) The following Appendices:

Appendix A: Terms of reference containing, inter-alia, the Description of the Services and Reporting Requirements

Appendix B: Consultants’ Sub consultants, Key Personnel and Sub Professional Personnel, Task assignment, work programme, manning schedule, qualification requirements of key personnel, and schedule for submission of various report.

Appendix C: Hours of work for Consultants’ Personnel

Appendix D: Duties of the Client

Appendix E: Cost Estimate

Appendix F: Copy of letter of invitation

Appendix G: Copy of letter of acceptance

Appendix H: Copy of Bank Guarantee for Performance Security

Appendix-I: Minutes of the pre-bid meeting

2. The mutual rights and obligations of the Client and the Consultants shall be as set forth in the Contract; in particular:

- (a) The Consultants shall carry out the Services in accordance with the provisions of the Contract; and
- (b) Client shall make payments to the Consultants in accordance with the provisions of the Contract.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have caused this Contract to be signed in their respective names as of the day and year first above written.

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF

Witness

NHIDCL

1. Signature Name

Address

By

Authorized Representative

2. Signature Name

Address

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF

Witness

(Consultant)

1. Signature

Name

Address

By

Authorized Representative
Name

2. Signature

Address

GENERAL CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT

1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

1.1 Definitions

Unless the context otherwise requires, the following terms whenever used in this Contract have the following meanings:

- (a) “Applicable Law” means the laws and any other instruments having the force of law in the Government’s country as they may be issued and in force from time to time;
- (b) “Contract” means the Contract signed by the Parties, to which these General Conditions of Contract are attached, together with all the documents listed in Clause 1 of such signed Contract;
- (c) “Effective Date” means the date on which this Contract comes into force and effect pursuant to Clause GC 2.1;
- (d) “foreign currency” means any currency other than the currency of the Government;
- (e) “GC” means these General Conditions of Contract;
- (f) “Government” means the Government of India;
- (g) “local currency” means the currency of the Government;
- (h) “Member”, in case the Consultants consist of a joint venture or consortium of more than one entity, means any of these entities, and “Members” means all of these entities;
- (i) “Personnel” means persons hired by the Consultants or by any Sub consultant as employees and assigned to the performance of the Services or any part thereof; “foreign Personnel” means such persons who at the time of being so hired had their domicile outside India; and “local Personnel” means such persons who at the time of being so hired had their domicile inside India;
- (j) “Party” means the Client or the Consultants, as the case may be, and Parties means both of them;
- (k) “Services” means the work to be performed by the Consultants pursuant to this Contract for the purposes of the Project, as described in Appendix A hereto;
- (l) “SC” means the Special Conditions of Contract by which these General Conditions of Contract may be amended or supplemented;
- (m) “Sub consultant” means any entity to which the Consultants subcontract any part of the Services in accordance with the provisions of Clause GC 3.7; and
- (n) “Third Party” means any person or entity other than the Government, the Client, the Consultants or a Sub consultant.

1.2 Relation between the Parties

Nothing contained herein shall be construed as establishing a relation of master and servant or of agent and principal as between the Client and the Consultants. The Consultants, subject to this Contract, have complete charge of Personnel performing the Services and shall be fully responsible for the Services performed by them or on their behalf hereunder.

1.3 Governing Law and Jurisdiction

This Contract, its meaning and interpretation, and the relation between the Parties shall be governed by the Applicable Laws of India and the Courts at shall have exclusive jurisdiction over matters arising out of or relating to this Agreement.

1.4 Language

This Contract has been executed in the language specified in the SC, which shall be the binding and controlling language for all matters relating to the meaning or interpretation of this Contract.

1.5 Table of Contents and Headings

The table of contents, headings or sub-headings in this agreement are for convenience for reference only and shall not be used in, and shall not limit, alter or affect the construction and interpretation of this Contract.

1.6 Notices

1.6.1 Any notice, request or consent required or permitted to be given or made pursuant to this Contract shall be in writing. Any such notice, request or consent shall be deemed to have been given or made when delivered in person to an authorized representative of the Party to whom the communication is addressed, or when sent by registered mail, facsimile or email to such Party at the address specified in the SC.

1.6.2 Notice will be deemed to be effective as specified in the SC.

1.6.3 A party may change its address for notice hereunder by giving the other Party notice of such change pursuant to the provisions listed in the SC with respect to Clause GC 1.6.2.

1.7 Location

The Services shall be performed at such locations as are specified in Letter of Acceptance (Appendix-G) hereto and, where the location of a particular task is not so specified, at such locations, whether in India or elsewhere, as the Client may approve.

1.8 Authority of Member in Charge

In case the Consultants consist of a joint venture of more than one entity, with or without an Associate the Members hereby authorize the entity specified in the SC to act on their behalf in exercising all the Consultants' rights and obligations towards the Client under this Contract, including without limitation the receiving of instructions and payments from the Client.

1.9 Authorized Representatives

Any action required or permitted to be taken, and any document required or permitted to be executed, under this Contract by the Client or the Consultants may be taken or executed by the officials specified in the SC.

1.10 Taxes and Duties

Unless otherwise specified in the SC, the Consultants shall pay all such taxes, duties, fees and other impositions as may be levied under the Applicable Law.

2. COMMENCEMENT, COMPLETION, MODIFICATION AND TERMINATION OF CONTRACT

2.1 Effectiveness of Contract

This Contract shall come into force and effect on the date of the Client's notice to the Consultants instructing the Consultants to begin carrying out the Services. This notice shall confirm that the effectiveness conditions, if any, listed in the SC have been met.

2.2 Termination of Contract for Failure to Become Effective

If this Contract has not become effective within such time period after the date of the Contract signed by the Parties as shall be specified in the SC, either Party may, by not less than four (4) weeks' written notice to the other Party, declare this Contract to be null and void, and in the event of such a declaration by either Party, neither Party shall have any claim against the other Party with respect hereto.

2.3 Commencement of Services

The Consultants shall begin carrying out the Services at the end of such time period after the Effective Date as shall be specified in the SC.

2.4 Expiration of Contract

Unless terminated earlier pursuant to Clause GC 2.9 hereof, this Contract shall expire when services have been completed and all payments have been made at the end of such time period after the Effective Date as shall be specified in the SC.

2.5 Entire Agreement

This Contract contains all covenants, stipulations and provisions agreed by the Parties. No agent or representative of either Party has authority to make, and the Parties shall not be bound by or be liable for, any statement, representation, promise or agreement not set forth herein.

2.6 Modification

Modification of the terms and conditions of this Contract, including any modification of the scope of the Services, may only be made by written agreement between the Parties. Pursuant to Clause GC 8.2 hereof, however, each party shall give due consideration to any proposals for modification made by the other Party.

2.7 Force Majeure

2.7.1 Definition

- (a) For the purposes of this Contract, “Force Majeure” means an event which is beyond the reasonable control of a Party, and which makes a Party’s performance of its obligations hereunder impossible or so impractical as reasonably to be considered impossible in the circumstances, and includes, but is not limited to, war, riots, civil disorder, earthquake, fire, explosion, storm, flood or other adverse weather conditions, strikes, lockouts or other industrial action (except where such strikes, lockouts or other industrial action are within the power of the Party invoking Force Majeure to prevent), confiscation or any other action by government agencies.
- (b) Force Majeure shall not include (i) any event which is caused by the negligence or intentional action of a Party or such Party’s Sub consultants or agents or employees, nor (ii) any event which a diligent Party could reasonably have been expected to both (A) take into account at the time of the conclusion of this Contract and (B) avoid or overcome in the carrying out of its obligations hereunder.
- (c) Force Majeure shall not include insufficiency of funds or failure to make any payment required hereunder.

2.7.2 No Breach of Contract

The failure of a Party to fulfill any of its obligations hereunder shall not be considered to be a breach of, or default under, this Contract insofar as such inability arises from an event of Force Majeure, provided that the Party affected by such an event has taken all reasonable precautions, due care and reasonable alternative measures, all with the objective of carrying out the terms and conditions of this Contract.

2.7.3 Measures to be Taken

- (a) A party affected by an event of Force Majeure shall take all reasonable measures to remove such Party’s inability to fulfill its obligations hereunder with a minimum of delay.
- (b) A party affected by an event of Force Majeure shall notify the other Party of such event as soon as possible, and in any event not later than fourteen (14) days following the occurrence of such event, providing evidence of the nature and cause of such event, and shall similarly give notice of the restoration of normal conditions as soon as possible.
- (c) The Parties shall take all reasonable measures to minimize the consequences of any event of Force Majeure.

2.7.4 Extension of Time

Any period within which a Party shall, pursuant to this Contract, complete any action or task, shall be extended for a period equal to the time during which such Party was unable to perform such action as a result of Force Majeure.

2.7.5 Payments

During the period of their inability to perform the Services as a result of an event of Force Majeure, the Consultants shall be entitled to be reimbursed for additional costs reasonably and

necessarily incurred by them during such period for the purposes of the Services and in reactivating the Services after the end of such period.

2.7.6 Consultation

Not later than thirty (30) days after the Consultants, as the result of an event of Force Majeure, have become unable to perform a material portion of the Services, the Parties shall consult with each other with a view to agreeing on appropriate measures to be taken in the circumstances.

2.8 Suspension

The Client may, by written notice of suspension to the Consultants, suspend all payments to the Consultants hereunder if the Consultants fail to perform any of their obligations under this Contract, including the carrying out of the Services, provided that such notice of suspension (i) shall specify the nature of the failure, and (ii) shall request the Consultants to remedy such failure within a period not exceeding thirty (30) days after receipt by the Consultants of such notice of suspension.

2.9 Termination

2.9.1 By the Client

The Client may, by not less than thirty (30) days' written notice of termination to the Consultants (except in the event listed in paragraph (f) below, for which there shall be a written notice of not less than sixty (60) days), such notice to be given after the occurrence of any of the events specified in paragraphs (a) through (f) of this Clause 2.9.1, terminate this Contract:

- (a) if the Consultants fail to remedy a failure in the performance of their obligations are under, as specified in a notice of suspension pursuant to Clause 2.8 hereinabove, within thirty (30) days of receipt of such notice of suspension or within such further period as the Client may have subsequently approved in writing;
- (b) if the Consultants become (or, if the Consultants consist of more than one entity, if any of their Members becomes) insolvent or bankrupt or enter into any agreements with their creditors for relief of debt or take advantage of any law for the benefit of debtors or go into liquidation or receivership whether compulsory or voluntary;
- (c) if the Consultants fail to comply with any final decision reached as a result of arbitration proceedings pursuant to Clause 8 hereof;
- (d) if the Consultants submit to the Client a statement which has a material effect on the rights, obligations or interests of the Client and which the Consultants know to be false;
- (e) if, as the result of Force Majeure, the Consultants are unable to perform a material portion of the Services for a period of not less than sixty (60) days; or
- (f) if the Client, in its sole discretion and for any reason whatsoever, decides to terminate this Contract.

2.9.2 By the Consultants

The Consultants may, by not less than thirty (30) day's written notice to the Client, such notice to be given after the occurrence of any of the events specified in paragraphs (a) through (d) of this Clause 2.9.2, terminate this Contract:

- (a) if the Client fails to pay any money due to the Consultants pursuant to this contract and not subject to dispute pursuant to Clause 8 hereof within fortyfive(45) days after receiving written notice from the Consultants that such payment is overdue;
- (b) if the Client is in material breach of its obligations pursuant to this Contract and has not remedied the same within forty-five (45) days (or such longer period as the Consultants may have subsequently approved in writing) following the receipt by the Client of the Consultants' notice specifying such breach;
- (c) if, as the result of Force Majeure, the Consultant are unable to perform a material portion of the Services for a period of not less than sixty (60) days; or
- (d) if the Client fails to comply with any final decision reached as a result of arbitration pursuant to Clause 8 hereof.

2.9.3 Cessation of Rights and Obligations

Upon termination of this Contract pursuant to Clauses 2.2 or 2.9 hereof, or upon expiration of this Contract pursuant to Clause 2.4 hereof, all rights and obligations of the Parties hereunder shall cease, except (i) such rights and obligations as may have accrued on the date of termination or expiration, (ii) the obligation of confidentiality set forth in Clause 3.3 hereof, (iii) the Consultant's obligation to permit inspection, copying and auditing of their accounts and records set forth in Clause 3.6 (ii) hereof, and (iv) any right which a Party may have under the Applicable Law.

2.9.4 Cessation of Services

Upon termination of this Contract by notice of either Party to the other pursuant to Clauses 2.9.1 or 2.9.2 hereof, the Consultants shall, immediately upon dispatch or receipt of such notice, take all necessary steps to bring the Services to a close in a prompt and orderly manner and shall make every reasonable effort to keep expenditures for this purpose to a minimum. With respect to documents prepared by the Consultants and equipment and materials furnished by the Client, the Consultants shall proceed as provided, respectively, by Clauses 3.9 or 3.10 hereof.

2.9.5 Payment upon Termination

Upon termination of this Contract pursuant to Clauses 2.9.1 or 2.9.2 hereof, the Client shall make the following payments to the Consultants (after offsetting against these payments any amount that may be due from the Consultant to the Client):

- (i) remuneration pursuant to Clause 6 hereof for Services satisfactorily performed prior to the effective date of termination.
- (ii) reimbursable expenditures pursuant to Clause 6 hereof for expenditures actually incurred prior to the effective date of termination; and
- (iii) except in the case of termination pursuant to paragraphs (a) through (d) of Clause 2.9.1 hereof, reimbursement of any reasonable cost incident to the prompt and orderly

termination of the Contract including the cost of the return travel of the Consultants' personnel and their eligible dependents.

2.9.6 Disputes about Events of Termination

If either Party disputes whether an event specified in paragraphs (a) through (e) of Clause 2.9.1 or in Clause 2.9.2 hereof has occurred, such Party may, within forty-five (45) days after receipt of notice of termination from the other Party, refer the matter to arbitration pursuant to Clause 8 hereof, and this Contract shall not be terminated on account of such event except in accordance with the terms of any resulting arbitral award.

3. OBLIGATIONS OF THE CONSULTANTS

3.1 General

3.1.1 Standard of Performance

The Consultants shall perform the Services and carry out their obligations here under with all due diligence, efficiency and economy, in accordance with generally accepted professional techniques and practices, and shall observe sound management practices, and employ appropriate advanced technology and safe and effective equipment, machinery, materials and methods. The Consultants shall always act, in respect of any matter relating to this Contract or to the Services, as faithful advisers to the Client, and shall at all times support and safeguard the Client's legitimate interests in any dealings with Sub consultants or Third Parties.

3.1.2 Law Governing Services

The Consultants shall perform the Services in accordance with the Applicable Law and shall take all practicable steps to ensure that any Sub consultants, as well as the Personnel and agents of the Consultants and any Sub consultants, comply with the Applicable Law. The Client shall advise the Consultants in writing of relevant local customs and the Consultants shall, after such notifications, respect such customs.

3.2 Conflict of Interests

3.2.1 Consultants not to Benefit from Commissions, Discounts, etc.

The remuneration of the Consultants pursuant to Clause 6 hereof shall constitute the Consultants' sole remuneration in connection with this Contract or the Services and the Consultants shall not accept for their own benefit any trade commission, discount or similar payment in connection with activities pursuant to this Contract or to the Services or in the Discharge of their obligations hereunder, and the Consultants shall use their best efforts to ensure that any Sub consultants, as well as the Personnel and agents of either of them, similarly shall not receive any such additional remuneration.

3.2.2 Consultants and Affiliates not to be otherwise interested in Project

The Consultants agree that, during the term of this Contract and after its termination, the Consultants and any entity affiliated with the Consultants, as well as any Sub consultant and any entity affiliated with such Sub consultant, shall be disqualified from providing goods, works or services (other than the Services and any continuation thereof) for any project resulting from or closely related to the Services.

3.2.3 Prohibition of Conflicting Activities

Neither the Consultants nor their Sub consultants nor the Personnel of either of them shall engage, either directly or indirectly, in any of the following activities:

- (a) during the term of this Contract, any business or professional activities in the Government's country which would conflict with the activities assigned to them under this Contract; or
- (b) after the termination of this Contract, such other activities as may be specified in the SC.

3.3 Confidentiality

The Consultants, their Sub consultants and the Personnel of either of them shall not, either during the term or within two (2) years after the expiration of this Contract, disclose any proprietary or confidential information relation to the Project, the Services, this Contract or the Client's business or operations without the prior written consent of the Client.

3.4 Liability of the Consultants

Subject to additional provisions, if any, set forth in the SC, the Consultants' liability under this Contract shall be as provided by the Applicable Law.

3.5 Insurance to be taken out by the Consultants

The Consultants (i) shall take out and maintain, and shall cause any Sub consultants to take out and maintain, at their (or the Sub consultants', as the case may be) own cost but on terms and conditions approved by the Client, insurance against the risks, and for the coverage, as shall be specified in the Special Conditions (SC), and (ii) at the Client's request, shall provide evidence to the Client showing that such insurance has been taken out and maintained and that the current premiums therefore have been paid.

3.6 Accounting, Inspection and Auditing

The Consultants (i) shall keep accurate and systematic accounts and records in respect of the Services hereunder, in accordance with internationally accepted accounting principles and in such form and detail as will clearly identify all relevant time charges and cost, and the bases thereof (including the bases of the Consultants' costs and charges), and (ii) shall permit the Client or its designated representative periodically, and up to one year from the expiration or termination of this Contract, to inspect the same and make copies thereof as well as to have them audited by auditors appointed by the Client.

3.7 Consultants' Actions requiring Client's prior Approval

The Consultants shall obtain the Client's prior approval in writing before taking any of the following actions:

- (a) appointing such members of the Personnel as are listed in Appendix B;
- (b) entering into a subcontract for the performance of any part of the Services, it being understood (i) that the selection of the Sub-consultant and the terms and conditions of the subcontract shall have been approved in writing by the Client prior to the execution of the

subcontract, and (ii) that the Consultants shall remain fully liable for the performance of the Services by the Sub-consultant and its Personnel pursuant to this Contract;

- (c) any other action that may be specified in the SC.

3.8 Reporting Obligations

The Consultants shall submit to the Client the reports and documents specified in Appendix A/E here to, in the form, in the numbers and within the time periods set forth in the said Appendix. Reporting stages, review progress and checklist shall be as reflected in the DPR.

3.9 Documents prepared by the Consultants to be the Property of the Client

All plans, drawings, specifications, designs, reports and other documents prepared by the Consultants in performing the Services shall become and remain the property of the Client, and the Consultants shall, not later than upon termination or expiration of this Contract, deliver all such documents to the Client, together with a detailed inventory thereof. The Consultants may retain a copy of such documents. Restrictions about the future use of these documents, shall be as specified in the SC.

3.10 Equipment and Materials furnished by the Client

Equipment and materials made available to the Consultants by the Client, or purchased by the Consultants with funds provided by the Client, shall be the property of the Client and shall be marked accordingly. Upon termination or expiration of this Contract, the Consultants shall make available to the Client an inventory of such equipment and materials and shall dispose of such equipment and materials in accordance with the Client's instructions. While in possession of such equipment and materials, the Consultants, unless otherwise instructed by the Client in writing, shall insure them in an amount equal to their full replacement value.

4. CONSULTANTS' PERSONNEL

4.1 General

The Consultants shall employ and provide such qualified and experienced Personnel as are required to carry out the Services.

4.2 Description of Personnel

- (a) The titles, agreed job descriptions, minimum qualification and estimated periods of engagement in the carrying out of the Services of each of the Consultants' Key Professional / Sub Professional Personnel are described in Appendix B.
- (b) If required to comply with the provisions of Clause 3.1.1 of this Contract, adjustments with respect to the estimated periods of engagement of Key Professional / Sub Professional Personnel set forth in Appendix B may be made by the Consultants by written notice to the Client, provided
 - (i) that such adjustments shall not alter the originally estimated period of engagement of any individual by more than 10% or one week, whichever is larger, and
 - (ii) that the aggregate of such adjustments shall not cause payments under this Contract to exceed the ceilings set forth in Clause 6.1 (b) of this Contract. Any other such adjustments shall only be made with the Client's written approval.

- (c) If additional work is required beyond the scope of the Services specified in Appendix A, the estimated periods of engagement of Key Personnel set forth in Appendix B may be increased by agreement in writing between the Client and the Consultants.

4.3 Approval of Personnel

The Key Personnel and Sub consultants listed by title as well as by name in Appendix B are hereby approved by the Client. In respect of other Key Personnel which the Consultants propose to use in the carrying out of the Services, the Consultants shall submit to the Client for review and approval a copy of their biographical data. If the Client does not object in writing (stating the reasons for the objection) within twentyone (21) calendar days from the date of receipt of such biographical data, such Key Personnel shall be deemed to have been approved by the Client.

4.4 Working Hours, Overtime, Leave, etc.

- (a) Working hours and holidays for Key Professional / Sub Professional Personnel are set forth in Appendix C hereto. To account for travel time, foreign Personnel carrying out Services inside the Government's country shall be deemed to have commenced (or finished) work in respect of the Services such number of days before their arrival in (or after their departure from) the Government's country is specified in Appendix C hereto.
- (b) The Key Professional / Sub Professional Personnel shall not be entitled to be paid for overtime nor to take paid sick leave or vacation leave except as specified in Appendix C hereto, and except as specified in such Appendix, the Consultants' remuneration shall be deemed to cover these items. All leave to be allowed to the Personnel is included in the staff- months of service set for in Appendix B. Any taking of leave by Personnel shall be subject to the prior approval of the Client by the Consultants, who shall ensure that absence for leave purposes will not delay the progress and adequate supervision of the Services.

4.5 Removal and/or Replacement of Key Personnel

Removal and/or replacement of Key Personnel shall be regulated as under:

- 4.5.1** In case notice to commence services pursuant to Clause 2.1 of this Contract is not ordered by Client within 120 days of signing of contract the key personnel can excuse themselves on valid grounds, e.g., selection on some other assignment, health problem developed after signing of contract, etc. In such a case no penalty shall be levied on the Firm or on the person concerned. The firm shall however be asked to give a replacement by an equal or better scoring person, whenever mobilization is ordered.
- 4.5.2** In case notice to commence services is given within 120 days of signing of contract the, the Authority expects all the Key Personnel specified in the Proposal to be available during implementation of the Agreement. The Authority will not consider any substitution of Key Personnel except under compelling circumstances beyond the control of the Consultant and the concerned Key Personnel. Such substitution shall be limited to not more than three Key Personnel subject to equally or better qualified and experienced personnel being provided to the satisfaction of the Authority. Replacement of the Team Leader will not normally be considered and may lead to disqualification of the Applicant or termination of the Agreement. Replacement of one Key Personnel shall be permitted subject to reduction of remuneration equal to 5 % (five per cent) of the total remuneration specified for the Key Personnel who is proposed to be replaced. In case of second replacement the

reduction in remuneration shall be equal to 10% (ten per cent) and for third and subsequent replacement, such reduction shall be equal to 15% (fifteen per cent). The maximum age limit of replaced key personnel shall be 65 years as on the date of submission of proposal for such replacement.

4.5.3 If the consultant finds that any of the personnel had made false representation regarding his qualification and experience, he may request the Employer for replacement of the personnel. There shall be no reduction in remuneration for such replacement. The replacement shall however be of equal or better score. The personnel so replaced shall be debarred from future projects for 2 years.

4.5.4 Replacement after original contract period is over:

There shall be no limit on the replacements and no reduction in remunerations shall be made. The replacement shall however be of equal or better score.

4.5.5 If the Employer (i) finds that any of the Personnel has committed serious misconduct or has been charged with having committed a criminal action or (ii) has reasonable ground to be dissatisfied with the performance of any of the Personnel, then the consultant shall, at the Employer's written request specifying the grounds therefore, forthwith provide a replacement with qualifications and experience acceptable to him. For such replacement there will be no reduction in remuneration.

4.5.6 If any member of the approved team of a consultant engaged by NHIDCL leaves that consultant before completion of the job, he shall be barred for a period of 6 months to 24 months from being engaged as a team member of any other consultant working (or to be appointed) for any other NHIDCL / MoRTH projects.

4.6 Resident Team Leader and Coordinator

The person designated as the Team Leader of the Consultant's Personnel shall be responsible for the coordinated, timely and efficient functioning of the Personnel. In addition, the Consultant shall designate a suitable person from its Head Office as Project Coordinator who shall be responsible for day to day performance of the Services.

5. OBLIGATION OF THE CLIENT

5.1 Assistance and Exemptions unless otherwise specified in the SC, the Client shall use its best efforts to ensure that the Government shall:

- (a) provide the Consultants, Sub consultants and Personnel with work permits and such other documents as shall be necessary to enable the Consultants, Sub consultants or Personnel to perform the Services;
- (b) assist for the Personnel and, if appropriate, their eligible dependents to be provided promptly with all supporting papers for necessary entry and exit visas, residence permits, exchange permits and any other documents required for their stay in India;
- (c) facilitate prompt clearance through customs of any property required for the Services;
- (d) issue to officials, agents and representatives of the Government all such instructions as may be necessary or appropriate for the prompt and effective implementation of the Services;

5.2 Access to Land

The Client warrants that the Consultants shall have, free of charge, unimpeded access to all land in the Government's country in respect of which access is required for the performance of the Services. The Client will be responsible for any damage to such land or any property thereon resulting from such access and will indemnify the Consultants and each of the Personnel in respect of liability for any such damage, unless such damage is caused by the default or negligence of the Consultants or any Sub consultants or the Personnel of either of them.

5.3 Change in the Applicable Law

If, after the date of this Contract, there is any change in the Applicable Law with respect to taxes and duties which increases or decreases the cost or reimbursable expenses incurred by the Consultants in performing the Services, then the remuneration and reimbursable expenses otherwise payable to the Consultants under this Contract shall be increased or decreased accordingly by agreement between the Parties hereto, and corresponding adjustments shall be made to the ceiling amounts specified in Clause 6.1(b),

5.4 Services, Facilities and Property of the Client

The client shall make available to the Consultants and the Personnel, for the purposes of the Services and free of any charge, the services, facilities and property described in Appendix D at the times and in the manner specified in said Appendix D, provided that if such services, facilities and property shall not be made available to the Consultants as and when so specified, the Parties shall agree on (i) any time extension that may be appropriate to grant to the Consultants for the performance of the Services, (ii) the manner in which the Consultants shall procure any such services, facilities and property from other sources, and (iii) the additional payments, if any, to be made to the Consultants as a result thereof pursuant to Clause 6.1(c) hereinafter.

5.5 Payment

In consideration of the Services performed by the Consultants under this Contract, the Client shall make to the Consultants such payments and in such manner as is provided by Clause 6 of this Contract.

6. PAYMENT TO THE CONSULTANTS

6.1 Cost Estimates: Ceiling Amount

- (a) An abstract of the cost of the Services payable in local currency (Indian Rupees) is set forth in Appendix E.
- (b) Except as may be otherwise agreed under Clause 2.6 and subject to Clause 6.1(c), the payments under this Contract shall not exceed the ceiling specified in the SC. The Consultants shall notify the Client as soon as cumulative charges incurred for the Services have reached 80% of the ceiling.
- (c) Notwithstanding Clause 6.1(b) hereof, if pursuant to Clauses 5.4 hereof, the Parties shall agree that additional payments shall be made to the Consultants in order to cover any necessary additional expenditures not envisaged in the cost estimates referred to in Clause 6.1(a) above, the ceiling set forth in Clause 6.1(b) above shall be increased by the amount or amounts, as the case may be, of any such additional payments.

6.2 Currency of Payment

- (a) The payment shall be made in Indian Rupees.

6.3 Mode of Billing and Payment

Billing and payments in respect of the Services shall be made as follows:-

- (a) The Client shall cause to be paid to the Consultants an advance payment as specified in the SC, and as otherwise set forth below. The advance payment will be due after provision by the Consultants to the Client of a bank guarantee by a bank acceptable to the Client in an amount (or amounts) and in a currency (or currencies) specified in the SC, such bank guarantee (i) to remain effective until the advance payment has been fully set off as provided in the SC, and ii) in such form as the Client shall have approved in writing.

(b) **Payment Schedule**

Sr. No.	Item	Payment %
1	Submission of final QAP and Inception Report	10%
2	Approval of final Alignment Report	5%
3	Submission of final feasibility Report	5%
4	Submission Of 3a Notification, Draft 3 A And Approval Of Final Land Acquisition Report containing details of 3a, 3A	5%
5	Submission of all utilities shifting proposals to user agencies and submission of utilities relocation plan to Executing Authority	2.5%
6	Submission of all stage I clearance proposals and submission of clearances report to Executing Authority	5%
7	Approval of final DPR report, documents and drawings	10%
8	Approval of bid documents and draft civil works contract agreement along with technical schedules.	5%
9	3D publication for all land parcels identified in item 4 above and submission of Land Acquisition II report	10%
10	Stage II clearance approval and submission of final clearances II report	5%
11	Final approval of utilities shifting estimates and submission of Utilities II report	2.5%
12	Completion of award declaration (3G) for 90% of land parcels identified in item 9 and submission of Land Award report	10%
13	Earlier of award of package to contractor/concessionaire or 6 months from launch of tender process	10%
14	Receipt of land possession certificates (3E) for 90% of all land parcels identified in LA II report and submission of Land Possession report	10%

15	Amount to be released at earlier of projects COD or 3 years from start of civil work	5%
	Total :	100%
16	Bonus on submission of draft 3A within 15 days of alignment finalization	1 % bonus
17	Bonus on submission of draft 3D within 60 days of draft 3 A.	2.5% bonus
18	Bonus on receipt of possession certificate (3E) for more than 90% of land identified in item 9 above within 165 days of draft 3 A.	5% bonus
19	Bonus on submission of utility shifting proposal including clearance within 60 days of alignment finalization.	1% bonus

Note: Consultants have to provide a certificate that all key personnel as envisaged in the Contract Agreement has been actually deployed in the project. They have to submit this certificate at the time of submission of bills to NHIDCL from time to time.

* The Concerned Project Director or his authorized representative shall ensure and certify at least 5% test check of all the data collected by the Consultant before releasing the payment to the Consultant.

- (c) No payment shall become eligible for the next stage till the consultant completes to the satisfaction of the client the work pertaining to the preceding stage. The payment for the work of sub-soil investigation (Boring) will be as per plan approved by the client and will be paid as per actual at the rates quoted by the consultants. The payment for the quantity given by the client for boring will be deemed to be included in the above mentioned payment schedule. Any adjustment in the payment to the consultants will be made in the final payment only.
- (d) The Client shall cause the payment of the Consultants in Para 6.3 (b) above as given in schedule of payment within thirty (30) days after the receipt by the Client of bills. Interests at the rate specified in the SC shall become payable as from the above due date on any amount due by, but not paid on, such due date.
- (e) The final payment under this Clause shall be made only after the final report and a final statement, identified as such, shall have been submitted by the Consultants and approved as satisfactory by the Client. The Services shall be deemed completed and finally accepted by the Client and the final report and final statement shall be deemed approved by the Client as satisfactory one hundred and eighty (180) calendar days after receipt of the final report and final statement by the Client unless the Client, within ninety(90) day period, gives written notice to the Consultants specifying in detailed deficiencies in the Services, the final report or final statement. The Consultants shall thereupon promptly make any necessary corrections, and upon completion of such corrections, the foregoing process shall be repeated. Any amount which the Client has paid or caused to be paid in accordance with this Clause in excess of the amounts actually payable in accordance with the provisions of this Contract shall be reimbursed by the Consultants to the Client within thirty (30) days after receipt by the Consultants of notice thereof. Any such claim by the Client for reimbursement must be made within twelve (12) calendar months after receipt by the Client of a final report and a final statement approved by the Client in accordance with the above.
- (f) All payments under this Contract shall be made to the account of the Consultants specified in the SC.

- (g) Efforts need to be made by the Consultant to submit the schedule reports of each road stretch / s of a package. However, due to reasons beyond the reasonable control of Consultant, if the schedule submission of reports / documents of each road stretch /s of a package is not done, the payment shall be made on pro-rata basis.

7. Responsibility for Accuracy of Project Documents

7.1 General

- 7.1.1** The Consultant shall be responsible for accuracy of the data collected, by him directly or procured from other agencies/authorities, the designs, drawings, estimates and all other details prepared by him as part of these services. He shall indemnify the Authority against any inaccuracy in the work which might surface during implementation of the project. The Consultant will also be responsible for correcting, at his own cost and risk, the drawings including any re-survey / investigations and correcting layout etc. if required during the execution of the Services.
- 7.1.2** The Consultant shall be fully responsible for the accuracy of design and drawings of the bridges and structures. All the designs and drawings for bridges and structures including all their components shall be fully checked by a Senior Engineer after completion of the designs. All drawings for bridges and structures shall be duly signed by the (a) Designer, (b) Senior Checking Engineer, and (c) Senior Bridge / Structure Expert. The designs and drawings not signed by the three persons mentioned above shall not be accepted. The Consultant shall indemnify the Client against any inaccuracy / deficiency in the designs and drawings of the bridges and structures noticed during the construction and even thereafter and the Client shall bear no responsibility for the accuracy of the designs and drawings submitted by the Consultants.
- 7.1.3** The survey control points established by the Consultant shall be protected by the Consultants till the completion of the Consultancy Services.

7.2 Retention Money

An amount equivalent to 10% of the contract value shall be retained at the end of the contract for accuracy of design and quantities submitted and the same will be released after the completion of civil contract works or after 3 years from completion of consultancy services, whichever is earlier. The retention money will however be released by the Client on substitution by Bank Guarantee of the same amount valid upto the period as above. Out of this 15%, 10% shall be in the form of Bank Guarantee and 5% shall be the amount retained from Consultancy fee payable to the Consultant.

7.3 Penalty

7.3.1 Penalty for Error/Variation

- i. If variation in project cost occurs due to Change of scope requests of more than 10% of the total project cost as estimated by the consultant and these change of scope requests arise due to deficiencies in the design provided by the consultant, the penalty equivalent to 4% of the contract value shall be imposed. For this purpose retention money equivalent to 4% of the contract value will be forfeited. This shall exclude any additional/deletion of items/works ordered by the client during the execution

- ii. If there is a discrepancy in land to be acquired during the execution of the project upto an extent of +/- 2% of the area of land, a penalty equivalent to 3% of the contract value shall be imposed. For this purpose retention money equivalent to 3% of the contract value will be forfeited. This shall exclude any additional/deletion of items/works ordered by the client during the execution. For discrepancy of more than + / - 2% of the area of land to be acquired, the firm shall be declared as non performing as per para 7.4.2.
- iii. If there is a variation in quantities of various itmes of utilities shifting during the execution of the project upto an extent of +/- 10% of the quantity estimated by the design consultant, a penalty equivalent to 3% of the contract value shall be imposed. For this purpose retention money equivalent to 3% of the contract value will be forfeited. This shall exclude any additional/deletion of items/works ordered by the client during the execution
- iv) For inaccuracies in survey/investigation/design work the penalties shall be imposed as per details given in Table below:

Sr. No.	Item	Penalty (%age of contract value)
1	Topographic Surveys	1.0 to 1.5
	a) The horizontal alignment does not match with ground condition.	
	b) The cross sections do not match with existing ground.	
	c) The co-ordinates are defective as instruments of desired accuracy not used.	
2	Geotechnical Surveys	1.0 to 1.5
	a)-Incomplete surveys	
	b) Data not analyzed properly	
	c) The substrata substantially different from the actual strata found during construction.	
Sr. No.	Item	Penalty (%age of contract value)
3	Traffic data found to be varying by more than 25% on resurvey at a later date, unless there are justifiable reasons.	0.5 to 1.0
4	Axle load data found to be varying by more than 25% on resurvey at a later date, unless there are justifiable reasons.	0.5 to 1.0
5	Structural Designs found to be unsafe or grossly over designed	The firm shall be considered as nonperforming as per para 7.4.2.

7.3.2 Penalty for delay

In case of delay in completion of services, a penalty equal to 0.05% of the contract price per day subject to a maximum 5% of the contract value will be imposed and shall be recovered from

payments due/performance security. However in case of delay due to reasons beyond the control of the consultant, suitable extension of time will be granted on case to case basis.

7.3.3 Total amount of recovery from all penalties shall be limited to 15% of the Consultancy Fee.

7.3.4 NHIDCL is in process of evolving performance based rating system for DPR Consultants. Performance of Consultants shall be monitored by NHIDCL and will be taken into account in technical evaluation of future DPR projects. For this purpose, performance of Consultant in the current project shall also be taken into account to create rating of Consultant.

7.4 ACTION FOR DEFICIENCY IN SERVICES

7.4.1 Consultants liability towards the Client

Consultant shall be liable to indemnify the client for any direct loss or damage accrued or likely to accrue due to deficiency in service rendered by him.

7.4.2 Debarring / Non Performing

In the case of major deficiencies in the Detailed Project Report involving time and cost overrun and adverse effect on reputation of NHIDCL, the firm shall be declared as non-performing and the firm will not be eligible for participating in future projects of the Ministry (including NHAI, NHIDCL, BRO, etc.) for a period of 5 years.

8. FAIRNESS AND GOOD FAITH

8.1 Good Faith

The Parties undertake to act in good faith with respect to each other's rights under this Contract and to adopt all reasonable measures to ensure the realization of the objectives of this Contract.

8.2 Operation of the Contract

The Parties recognize that it is impractical in this Contract to provide for every contingency which may arise during the life of the Contract, and the Parties hereby agree that it is their intention that this Contract shall operate fairly as between them, and without detriment to the interest of either of them, and that, if during the term of this Contract either Party believes that this Contract is operating unfairly, the Parties will use their best efforts to agree on such action as may be necessary to remove the cause or causes of such unfairness, but no failure to agree on any action pursuant to this Clause shall give rise to a dispute subject to arbitration in accordance with Clause 9 hereof.

9. SETTLEMENT OF DISPUTES

9.1 Amicable Settlement

The Parties shall use their best efforts to settle amicably all disputes arising out of or in connection with this Contract or the interpretation thereof.

9.2 Dispute Resolution

9.2.1 Any dispute, difference or controversy of whatever nature howsoever arising under or out of or in relation to this Agreement (including its interpretation) between the Parties, and so notified in writing by either Party to the other Party (the “Dispute”) shall, in the first instance, be attempted to be resolved amicably in accordance with the conciliation procedure set forth in Clause 9.3.

9.2.2 The Parties agree to use their best efforts for resolving all Disputes arising under or in respect of this Agreement promptly, equitably and in good faith, and further agree to provide each other with reasonable access during normal business hours to all non – privileged records, information and data pertaining to any dispute.

9.3 Conciliation

In the event of any Dispute between the Parties, either Party may call upon [Chairman of NHIDCL] and the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Consultant or a substitute thereof for amicable settlement, and upon such reference, the said persons shall meet no later than 10(ten) days from the date of reference to discuss and attempt to amicably resolve the Dispute. If such meeting does not take place within the 10(ten) day period or the Dispute is not amicably settled within 15(fifteen) days of the meeting or the Dispute is not resolved as evidenced by the signing of written terms of settlement within 30 (thirty) days of the notice in writing referred to in Clause 9.2.1 or such longer period as may be mutually agreed by the Parties, either Party may refer the Dispute to arbitration in accordance with the Provisions of Clause 9.4.

9.4 Arbitration

9.4.1 Any Dispute which is not resolved amicably by conciliation, as provided in Clause 9.3, shall be finally decided by reference to arbitration by an Arbitral Tribunal appointed in accordance with Clause 9.4.2. Such arbitration shall be held in accordance with the Rules of Arbitration of the International Centre for Alternative Dispute Resolution, New Delhi (the “Rules”), or such other rules as may be mutually agreed by the Parties, and shall be subject to the provisions of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 as amended. The venue of such arbitration shall be ***** and the language of arbitration proceedings shall be English.

9.4.2 Each dispute submitted by a Party to arbitration shall be heard by a sole arbitrator to be appointed as per the procedure below

- a) Parties may agree to appoint a sole arbitrator or, failing agreement on the identity of such sole arbitrator within thirty(30) days after receipt by the other Party of the proposal of a name for such an appointment by the Party who initiated the proceedings, either Party may apply to the President, Indian Roads Congress, New Delhi for a list of not fewer than five nominees and, on receipt of such list, the Parties shall alternately strike names therefrom, and the last remaining nominee on the list shall be sole arbitrator for the matter in dispute. If the last remaining nominee has not been determined in this manner within sixty (60) days of the date of the list, the president, Indian Roads Congress, New Delhi, shall appoint, upon the request of either Party and from such list or otherwise, a sole arbitrator for the matter in dispute.

9.4.3 Substitute Arbitrator

If for any reason an arbitrator is unable to perform his function, a substitute shall be appointed in the same manner as the original arbitrator.

9.4.4 Qualifications of Arbitrator

The sole arbitrator selected pursuant to Clause 9.4.2 hereof shall be expert with extensive experience in relation to the matter in dispute.

9.4.5 The Arbitrators shall make a reasoned award (the “Award”). Any Award made in any arbitration held pursuant to this Clause 9 shall be final and binding on the Parties as from the date it is made, and the Consultant and the Authority agree and undertake to carry out such Award without delay.

9.4.6 The Consultant and the Authority agree that an Award may be enforced against the Consultant and/or the Authority, as the case may be, and their respective assets wherever situated.

9.4.7 This Agreement and the rights and obligations of the Parties shall remain in full force and effect, pending the Award in any arbitration proceedings hereunder

9.4.8 Miscellaneous

In any arbitration proceeding hereunder:

- (a) Proceedings shall, unless otherwise agreed by the parties be held in Delhi.
- (b) The English language shall be the official language for all purposes;
- (c) The decision of sole arbitrator shall be final and binding and shall be enforceable in any court of competent jurisdiction, and the Parties hereby waive any objections to or claims of immunity in respect of such enforcement; and
- (d) The schedule of Expenses and Fee payable to the Arbitrator shall be as under

Sr.No.	Particulars of Fees and Expenses	Maximum amount payable per case
1	Fee	(i) Rs. 25,000/- per day (ii) 25% extra on fee at (i) above in case of fast-track procedure as per Section -29 (B) of A&C Act; Or 10% extra on fee at (i) above if award is published within 6 months from date of entering the reference by AT; Alternatively, the Arbitrator may opt for a lump – sum fee of Rs. 5.00 Lakh per case including counter claims.
2	Reading charges- One Time	Rs 25,000/- per case including counter claims.

3	One –time charges for Secretarial Assistance and Incidental charges (telephone, fax, postage ets.)	Rs. 25,000/- per case
4	One time Charges for publishing/declaration of the award	Rs. 40,000/-
5	Other expenses (As per actual against bills subject to celling given below	
	Travelling expenses	Economy class (by air), First class AC (by train) and AC Car (by road)
	Lodging and Boarding	a)Rs. 15,000/-per day (in metro cities); or a) Rs. 8000 per day (in other cities); or b) Rs. 5,000/- per day if any Arbitrator makes their own arrangements.
6.	Local travel	Rs. 2000 /- per day
7	Extra charges for days other than meeting days (maximum for 2 X ½ days)	Rs. 5000 /- per day for outstation Arbitrator
Note	1. Lodging boarding and travelling expenses shall be allowed only for those arbitrator who is residing 100 kms. Away from the venue of meeting,	
	2. Delhi, Mumbai, Chennai, Kolkata, Bangalore and Hyderabad shall be considered as Metro cities.	

In exceptional cases, such as cases involving major legal implications/wider ramifications/higher financial stakes etc. a special fee structure could be fixed in consultation with the Contractor/Supervision Consultants and with the specific approval of the <Agency> before appointment of the Arbitrator,

10. Change of Scope

The change of Scope on account of variation of total length as well as 4 laned length of project Highway from the indicative length as given at Annex-1 of Letter of Invitation of the RFP shall be dealt as follows

- i) During the course of consultancy services in case it is considered necessary to increase/decrease the scope of services (of total length or 4 laned length as compared to indicative Length as given in the RFP) by the client the same shall be notified by Change of scope notice. Similarly, if the Consultant determines that change of scope is needed, he shall inform of the same to the Client. The Client will examine and shall either reject the proposal or issue change of scope notice.
- ii) The Consultancy fee shall be revised on account of change of scope as below:

In case the total length of project increase/ decrease up to 10% of indicative length given in the RFP: No change in Consultancy Fees.

In case the increase/ decrease in total length of project is more than 10 % of the indicative length as given in the RFP: The consultancy fee shall be increased/ decreased in the same proportion in which the length of the project road is increased/ decreased beyond 10% .

- iii) Increase/decrease in length on account of bypasses shall not be considered as change of scope. However, the total length of the project highway (including bypasses and realignment) along the finally approved alignment shall be compared with the indicative length in the RFP for the purpose of variation.

10.1 The Consultancy fee shall be increased on account of change of scope as below:

- a) In case of increase in configuration of Lanes in the project after the submission of Final Report: 10% of the original consultancy charges
- b) In case of change of mode of delivery is involved after submission of Final Report / due to revision of specifications / IRC Codes etc.

(i)	Revision of DPR after submission due to changes in IRC codes / specification etc.	2.5% of the original Consultancy charges.
(ii)	Revision of DPR due to changes in mode EPC / BOT / HAM etc	2.5% of the original Consultancy charges.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT

Number of GC Clause

A. Amendments of, and Supplements to, Clauses in the General Conditions

1. 1(a) The words “in the Government’s country” are amended to read “in INDIA”

1.4 The language is: English

1.6.1 The addresses are:

For the Client : Managing Director
PTI Building, 3rd Floor, NHIDCL, 4 Parliament Street, Sansad Marg Area,
New Delhi-110001.

Attention : General Manager (Technical)
PTI Building, 2nd Floor, NHIDCL, 4 Parliament Street, Sansad Marg Area,
New Delhi-110001.
Email: shivprasad.152p@govin

For the Consultants:

Attention:	Name	Designation	Address	Tel:	Fax:	E-mail address

1.6.2 Notice will be deemed to be effective as follows:

- (a) in the case of personal delivery or registered mail, on delivery;
- (b) In the case of facsimiles, 24 hours following confirmed transmission.
- (c) In case of E mail, 24 hours following confirmed transmission.

1.8 Entity to Act as Member in charge (In case of Joint Venture of Consultants) with or without an Associate: -

1.9 The Authorized Representatives are:

For the Client : (--)

Director, NHIDCL (--)

For the Consultant: Name

Designation

1.10 The Consultants and the personnel shall pay the taxes, duties, fees, levies and other impositions levied under the existing, amended or enacted laws (prevailing 7 days

before the last date of submission of bids) during life of this contract and the Client shall perform such duties in regard to the deduction of such tax as may be lawfully imposed.

2.1 **The effectiveness conditions are the following:**

- a) The contract has been approved by NHIDCL.
- b) The consultant will furnish within 15 days of the issue of Letter of Acceptance (LOA), an unconditional Bank Guarantee equivalent to **3% of the total contract value** from **Public Sector Banks or Scheduled Private Banks having the Net Worth of Rs 1,000/- crores or more as per the latest annual report of the bank, in favour of the Authority. The list of such banks is given in clause 6.1 of LOI. The Authority reserves the right to add or remove any of names bank on which BG shall be accepted based on advisories from the Govt./RBI. The BGs issued by 'Foreign Banks' and Banks not mentioned in the given list shall not be accepted.** In case of JV, the BG shall be furnished on behalf of the JV or by the lead member of the JVs for an amount equivalent to 3% of the total contract value towards Performance Security valid for a period of three years beyond the date of completion of services, or end of civil works contract, whichever earlier. **The Bank Guarantee will be released by NHIDCL upon expiry of 3 years beyond the date of completion of services, or end of civil works contract, whichever earlier, provided rectification of errors if any, found during implementation of the contract for civil work and satisfactory report by NHIDCL in this regard is issued. However, if contract is foreclosed / terminated by NHIDCL at Inception Stage, with no fault of Consultant, Performance Security shall be released within three months from date of foreclosure / termination.**

2.2 The time period shall be "four months" or such other time period as the parties may agree in writing.

2.3 The time period shall be "fifteen days" or such other time period as the Parties may agree in writing.

2.4 The time period shall be **10 months** or such other time period as the parties may agree in writing.

3.4 **Limitation of the Consultants' Liability towards the Client**

(a) Except in case of negligence or willful misconduct on the part of the Consultants or on the part of any person or firm acting on behalf of the Consultants in carrying out the Services, the Consultants, with respect to damage caused by the Consultants to the Client's property, shall not be liable to the Client:

- (i) for any indirect or consequential loss or damage; and
- (ii) for any direct loss or damage that exceeds (A) the total payments for Professional Fees and Reimbursable Expenditure made or expected to be made to the Consultants hereunder, or (B) the proceeds the Consultants may be entitled to receive from any insurance maintained by the Consultants to cover such a liability, whichever of (A) or (B) is higher.

- (b) This limitation of liability shall not affect the Consultants' liability, if any, for damage to Third Parties caused by the Consultants or any person or firm acting on behalf of the Consultants in carrying out the Services.

3.5 The risks and the coverage shall be as follows:

- (a) Third Party motor vehicle liability insurance as required under Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 in respect of motor vehicles operated in India by the Consultants or their Personnel or any Sub consultants or their Personnel for the period of consultancy.
- (b) Third Party liability insurance with a minimum coverage, for Rs.1.00 million for the period of consultancy.
- (c)
 - (i) The Consultant shall provide to NHIDCL Professional Liability Insurance (PLI) for a period of Five years beyond completion of Consultancy services or as per Applicable Law, whichever is higher.
 - (ii) The Consultant will maintain at its expense PLI including coverage for errors and omissions caused by Consultant's negligence in the performance of its duties under this agreement, (A) For the amount not exceeding total payments for Professional Fees and Reimbursable Expenditures made or expected to be made to the Consultants hereunder OR (B) the proceeds, the Consultants may be entitled to receive from any insurance maintained by the Consultants to cover such a liability, whichever of (A) or (B) is higher.
 - (iii) The policy should be issued only from an Insurance Company operating in India.
 - (iv) The policy must clearly indicate the limit of indemnity in terms of "Any One Accident" (AOA) and "Aggregate limit on the policy" (AOP) and in no case should be for an amount less than stated in the contract.
 - (v) If the Consultant enters into an agreement with NHIDCL in a joint venture or 'in association', the policy must be procured and provided to NHIDCL by the joint venture/in association entity and not by the individual partners of the joint venture/ association.
 - (vi) The contract may include a provision whereby the Consultant does not cancel the policy midterm without the consent of NHIDCL. The insurance company may provide an undertaking in this regard.
- (d) Employer's liability and workers' compensation insurance in respect of the Personnel of the Consultants and of any Sub consultant, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Applicable Law, as well as, with respect to such Personnel, any such life, health, accident, travel or other insurance as may be appropriate; and all insurances and policies should start from the date of commencement of services and remain effective as per relevant requirements of contract agreement.

3.9 The Consultants shall not use these documents for purposes unrelated to this Contract without the prior written approval of the Client.

4.6 The person designated as Team Leader cum Senior Highway Engineer in Appendix B shall serve in that capacity, as specified in Clause 4.6.

6.1 (b) The ceiling amount in local currency is **Rs. Excluding Goods & Service Tax)**

6.3 (a) No advance payment will be made.

6.3 (e) The interest rate is: @ 12% per annum

6.3 (f) **The account is:**

Account Number : _____

IFSC Code : _____

9.2 Disputes shall be settled by arbitration in accordance with the following provisions:

9.2.1 Selection of Arbitrators

Each dispute submitted by a Party to arbitration shall be heard by a sole arbitrator to be appointed as per the procedure below

- a) Parties may agree to appoint a sole arbitrator or, failing agreement on the identity of such sole arbitrator within thirty(30) days after receipt by the other Party of the proposal of a name for such an appointment by the Party who initiated the proceedings, either Party may apply to the President, Indian Roads Congress, New Delhi for a list of not fewer than five nominees and, on receipt of such list, the Parties shall alternately strike names therefrom, and the last remaining nominee on the list shall be sole arbitrator for the matter in dispute. If the last remaining nominee has not been determined in this manner within sixty (60) days of the date of the list, the president, Indian Roads Congress, New Delhi, shall appoint, upon the request of either Party and from such list or otherwise, a sole arbitrator for the matter in dispute.

Appendix A

Terms of reference containing, inter-alia, the Description of the Services and Reporting Requirements

Appendix B

Consultants' Sub consultants, Key Personnel and Sub Professional Personnel

Appendix C

Hours of work for Consultants' Personnel

The Consultant's personnel shall normally work for 8 hours in a day and six days a week. Normally Sundays shall be closed for working. In addition they shall also be allowed to avail holidays as observed by the Client's office in the relevant state without deduction of remunerations. In case any person is required to work on Sunday or Holiday due to exigency of work, he/she shall be given compensatory leave within the next 15 days.

Appendix D

Duties of the Client

Appendix E

Cost Estimate

Appendix F:

Copy of letter of invitation

Appendix G:

Copy of letter of acceptance

Appendix – H

Format for Bank Guarantee for Performance Security

To,

Managing Director,
NHIDCL
PTI Building, 3rd Floor,
4 Parliament Street, Sansad Marg Area,
New Delhi-110001,

In consideration of NHIDCL (here in after referred as the “Client”, which expression shall, unless repugnant to the context or meaning thereof include its successors, administrators and assigns) having awarded to M/s.....having its office at (Hereinafter referred to as the “Consultant” which expression shall repugnant to the context or meaning thereof, include its successors, administrators, executors and assigns), a contract by issue of client’s Contract Agreement no. / Letter of Acceptance No. dated and the same having been unequivocally accepted by the Consultant, resulting in a Contract valued at Rs...../- (Rupees.....) excluding Goods & service tax **“Consultancy Services for Preparation of Detailed Project Report for 2 lane road from Tetwal (Kashmir) to Drass (Ladakh) in the UT of Jammu & Kashmir and Ladakh”**. (Hereinafter called the “Contract”), and the Consultant having agreed to furnish a Bank Guarantee to the Client as “Performance Security as stipulated by the Client in the said contract for performance of the above Contract amounting to Rs...../- (Rupees.....).

We, ...having registered office at, a body registered/constituted under the(hereinafter referred to as the Bank), which expression shall, unless repugnant to the context or meaning thereof, include its successors, administrators, executors and assigns) do hereby guarantee and undertake to pay the client immediately on demand any or, all money payable by the Consultant to the extent of Rs.(Rupees.....) as aforesaid at any time up to without any demur, reservation, contest, recourse or protest and/or without any reference to the consultant. Any such demand made by the client on the bank shall be conclusive and binding notwithstanding any difference between the Client and the Consultant or any dispute pending before any Court, Tribunal, Arbitrator or any other authority. We agree that the Guarantee herein contained shall be irrevocable and shall continue to be enforceable till the Client discharges this guarantee.

The Client shall have the fullest liberty without affecting in any way the liability of the Bank under this Guarantee, from time to time to vary or to extend the time for performance of the contract by the Consultant. The Client shall have the fullest liberty without affecting this guarantee, to postpone from time to time the exercise of any powers vested in them or of any right which they might have against the consultant and to exercise the same at any time in any manner, and either to enforce or to forbear to enforce any covenants, contained or implied, in the Contract between the Client and the Consultant any other course or remedy or security available to the Client. The bank shall not be relieved of its obligations under these presents by any exercise by the Client of its liberty with reference to the matters aforesaid or any of them or by reason of any other act or forbearance or other acts of omission or commission on the part of the Client or any other indulgence shown by the Client or by any other matter or thing whatsoever which under law would but for this provision have the effect of relieving the Bank.

The Bank also agrees that the Client at its option shall be entitled to enforce this Guarantee against the Bank as a principal debtor, in the first instance without proceeding against the Consultant and notwithstanding any security or other guarantee that the Client may have in relation to the Consultant’s liabilities.

Notwithstanding anything contained herein,

- a) Our liability under this Bank Guarantee is limited to Rs.(Rupees.....) and it shall remain in force up to and including and shall be extended from time to time for such period as may be desired by M/s....., on whose behalf this guarantee has been given.
- b) This Bank Guarantee shall be valid up to
- c) We are liable to pay the guaranteed amount or any part thereof under this Bank Guarantee only and only if you serve upon us a written claim or demand on or before(date of expiry of Guarantee).

(Signature of the Authorized Official)

(Name & Designation with Bank Stamp)

This guarantee shall also be operable at our Branch, New Delhi office, from whom, confirmation regarding the issue of this guarantee or extension / renewal thereof shall be made available on demand. In the contingency of this guarantee being invoked and payment there under claimed, the said branch shall accept such invocation letter and make payment of amounts so demanded under the said invocation.

The liability of bank under this Guarantee shall not be affected by any change in the constitution of the consultant or of the Bank.

NOTE:

(i) The bank guarantee(s) contains the name, designation and code number of the officer(s) signing the guarantee(s).

(ii) The address, telephone no. and other details of the Head Office of the Bank as well as of issuing branch should be mentioned on the covering letter of issuing Branch.

(iii) The bank guarantee for Rs 10,000 and above is signed by at least two officials (or as per the norms prescribed by the RBI in this regard).

(iv) The Bank Guarantee shall be transmitted through SFMS gateway to our banker with following details:

S. No.	Particulars	Details
1	Name of Beneficiary	National Highways & Infrastructure Development Corporation Limited
2	Beneficiary Bank Account No.	90621010002659
3	Beneficiary Bank Branch IFSC	SYNB0009062
4	Beneficiary Bank Branch Name	Transport Bhawan, New Delhi
5	Beneficiary Bank Address	Canara bank (erstwhile Syndicate Bank), Transport Bhawan, 1 Parliament Street, New Delhi-110001

(v) The confirmation with supporting details if any shall be specifically mentioned in the covering letter issued with the Bank Guarantee.

Appendix I: Minutes of Pre-Proposal Meeting

APPENDIX-VII

DPR Checklist – Stage 1 – Inception Report (Pavements)

General Details	
Project Name	
Consultant's Name	
Date of Review	

S.No	SECTION OF THE REPORT	YES/NO/NA	Details / Specifications	Remarks
1	Executive Summary	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2	Project Appreciation	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.1	Location of site office	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
2.2	Review of scope of ToR and gap identification	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.3	Key departments identified for various documents	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
2.4	Start and end location of project verified with client (Mention details)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
2.5	Project description - Start and End Chainage - Village/District	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
2.6	Project location map - On State Map - On District Map	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.7	Site photos and data of project alignment	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.8	Overview of land use plans	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.9	Overview of existing pavement conditions - Number of Lanes - Type of Pavement (Flexible/Rigid/Surfaced/Unsurfaced)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
2.10	Existing right of way details	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
2.11	Number/ Location of major and minor bridges	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
2.12	Number/ Location of level crossings	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
2.13	Number/ Location of ROB and RUB	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		

		☐		
2.14	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3	Approach Methodology	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.1	Engineering survey and investigations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.2	Design of road, pavements and structures	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.3	Environment and social impact assessment	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.4	Estimation of project cost, viability and financing options	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.5	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4	Task Assignment and Manning Schedule	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.1	Number of key personnel provided	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
4.2	Specific tasks assigned to each key personnel	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.3	Manning schedule for key personnel	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.4	Number of key personnel deployed at site	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
5	Performa for data collection	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6	Indicative design standards and cross sections	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7	Development plans	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.1	Overview of development plans being implemented/ proposed by local bodies	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.2	Overview of impact of such development plans	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8	Quality Assurance Plan	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.1	Engineering surveys and investigation	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.2	Traffic surveys	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.3	Material geo-technical and sub-soil investigations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.4	Road and pavement investigations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

8.5	Investigation and design of bridges and structures	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.6	Environment and R&R assessment	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.7	Economic and financial analysis	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.8	Drawing and documentation	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.9	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.10	Discussion of draft QAP document with client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.11	Approval of final QAP document by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9	Draft design Standards	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9.1	Geometric design standards of highway (Plain)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9.2	Geometric design standards of highway (Hilly)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10	Conclusions and recommendations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.1	Conclusions and recommendations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.2	Report fulfils project objectives and scope as per RFP	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.3	Report reviewed for errors and omissions	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.4	Compliance report prepared on client observations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

DPR Checklist – Stage 2 – Feasibility Report (Pavements)

General Details	
Project Name	
Consultant's Name	
Date of Review	

S.No	SECTION OF THE REPORT	YES/ NO/ NA	Details / Specifications	Remarks
1	Executive Summary	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2	Overview of client organization / activities	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3	Methodology adopted for feasibility study	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4	Socioeconomic profile of the project areas	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.1	Regional economic profile basis last 10 years data as per IRC	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.2	Economic profile of project influence area basis last 10 years data as per IRC	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.3	Socio Economic status of project influence area	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5	Indicative design standards, methodologies, and specifications	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6	Traffic surveys and analysis	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.1	Classified traffic volume counts using IHMCL data (7 day data)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.2	Traffic projection methodology as per IRC:108	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.3	Projected Traffic data for 20 years	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.4	Current and Projected PCU	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
6.5	Current and Projected TVU	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		

6.6	Origin destination surveys as per IRC: 102	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.7	Speed and delay studies as per IRC:102	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.8	Traffic surveys for the design of road junctions as per data in IRC: SP:41	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.9	Analysis for replacing railway level crossings with over bridges/ subways	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.10	Axle load survey as per IRC:SP:19	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

6.11	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.12	Traffic surveys monitored and reviewed by the client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7	Reconnaissance survey	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.1	Road Inventory Survey as per IRC:SP:19	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.2	Review of Road Inventory survey by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.3	Chainage wise details of pavement composition survey	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.4	Geological Survey - Geological Map of the Area - Seismicity	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.5	Climatic Conditions - Temperature - Rainfall - Wind	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.6	Pavement composition and condition survey as per IRC:SP:19	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.7	Review of pavement composition and condition survey by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.8	Pavement roughness survey as per IRC:SP:16	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.9	Review of pavement roughness survey by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

7.10	Pavement structural strength survey as per IRC:81	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.11	Review of pavement structural strength survey by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.12	Sub grade characteristics and strengths	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.13	Topographical survey as per IRC:SP:19 using LiDAR • Gradient • Terrain	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.14	Review of topographical survey by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.15	Inventory of bridges, culverts and structures	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.16	Condition survey for bridges, culverts and structures	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.17	Review of condition survey for bridges, culverts and structures by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

7.18	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8	Geotechnical Survey	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.1	Geo-technical and sub-soil explorations as per IRC:78	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.2	Bore holes dug for every pier and abutment	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.3	Review of geo-technical and sub-soil explorations by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.4	Field testing, soil sampling, laboratory testing in accordance with BIS/ AASHTO/ BS	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.5	Recommendation of Foundation Type and Depth	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.6	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9	Hydraulic and Hydrological Survey	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

9.1	Hydraulic and hydrological investigations as per IRC:SP:13 and IRC:5	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9.2	High Flood Level specified	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9.3	Depth of Water Table specified	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9.4	Ponded Water Level specified	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9.5	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9.6	Review of hydrological investigations by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10	Materials Survey	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.1	Materials Survey conducted as per IRC:SP:19	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.2	Sources of Naturally Occurring Aggregates specified • Details of Borrow Pits with Distance from Project Site • Cost of Material/ Transportation	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
10.3	Sources of Manufactured Items specified • Details of suppliers with distance from project site • Cost of material/ transportation	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.4	Sources of water for construction specified as per IS: 456	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.5	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

11	Environmental preliminary screening/ environmental assessment	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.1	Analysis basis Initial Environment Examination in IRC: SP: 19	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.2	Recommended feasible mitigation measures	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

12	Initial social assessment/ preliminary LA resettlement plan	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.1	Analysis basis Initial Environment Examination in IRC: SP: 19	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.2	Details of consultation with potentially affected persons	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.3	Names/ Details of consultation with local NGOs	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
12.4	Names/ Details of consultation with municipal authorities	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
12.5	Preliminary resettlement plan	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.6	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
13	Cost estimates	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
13.1	Item rates and rate analysis	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
13.2	Escalation	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
14	Economic and financial analysis	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
14.1	Estimated cost details	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
14.2	Projected revenues details	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
14.3	Assumptions stated	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
14.4	Analysis and results (IRR, Sensitivity Analysis, Financial Viability)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
15	Strip plan and Alignment	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
15.1	Details of center line of proposed highway	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
15.2	Details of existing RoW	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
15.3	Details of proposed RoW	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

15.4	Details about ownership of land to be acquired	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
15.5	Strip plan basis reconnaissance and topographic surveys	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
15.6	Strip plan reviewed and approved by the client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
16	Alignment Options Study	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
16.1	At least two alignments proposed ☐ Details of Alignments on Map	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
16.2	Review of options with client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
16.2.1	Review of options with local authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
16.3	Length of the project along proposed alignment options	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
16.4	Land Acquisition required along alignment options	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
16.4.1	Environmental impact of each option	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
16.4.2	Review of road geometry and safety for each option	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
16.5	Cost Estimates of alternatives	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
16.6	Recommended Alignment with Justification	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
16.7	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
17	Technical Specifications	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
17.1	MoRTH technical specifications for Roads and Bridge works followed	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
17.2	Details of technical specifications	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
18	Rate Analysis	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
18.1	Rate analysis for all relevant items as per latest SoR	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

19	Cost Estimates	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
19.1	Cost estimates for all relevant items as per latest SoR	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
20	Bill of quantities	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
21	Conclusions and recommendations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
21.1	Conclusions and recommendations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
21.2	Report fulfils project objectives and scope as per RFP	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
21.3	Report reviewed for errors and omissions	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
21.4	Compliance report prepared on client observations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

DPR Checklist – Stage 3 – LA and Clearances I Report (Pavements)

General Details	
Project Name	
Consultant's Name	
Date of Review	

S.No	SECTION OF THE REPORT	YES/NO/NA	Details/ Specifications	Remarks
1	Executive Summary	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2	Strip plan- additional details added	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.1	Details of centreline, existing structures, road furniture and other features	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.2	Widening scheme	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.3	New construction/ reconstruction of structures and amenities	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.4	Existing and proposed right of way	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.5	Clearances impacting each chainage	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3	Forest Clearance	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.1	Requirement for forest clearance identified	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.2	Date/ Details of initial consultation with competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
3.3	Details/cost of trees being felled basis concerned District Forest Office	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
3.4	Date of submission of proposal for forest clearance	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.5	Review of proposal by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4	Wildlife Clearance	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

4.1	Requirement for wildlife clearance identified	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.2	Date/ Details of initial consultation with competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
4.3	Details/cost of trees being felled basis concerned District Forest Office	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
4.4	Date of submission of proposal for wildlife clearance	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
4.5	Review of proposal by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5	Utility Clearances (Electricity)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

5.1	Identification of overground utilities	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5.2	Identification of underground utilities using GPR, Induction Locator or equivalent technologies	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5.3	Name/ Details of consultation with local authority/ people	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
5.4	Utility relocation plan with existing / proposed location showing existing RoW and topographic details	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5.5	Cost for relocation as per authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
5.6	Date of proposal submission to competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
5.7	Review of utility relocation plan/ proposal by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6	Utility Clearances (Water)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.1	Identification of overground utilities in RoW	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.2	Identification of underground utilities using GPR, Induction Locator or equivalent technologies	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.3	Name/ Details of consultation with local authority/ people	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		

6.4	Utility relocation plan with existing / proposed location showing existing RoW and topographic details	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.5	Cost for relocation as per authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
6.6	Date of proposal submission to competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.7	Review of utility relocation plan/ proposal by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7	Utility Clearances (Others)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.1	Identification of overground utilities in RoW	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.2	Identification of underground utilities using GPR, Induction Locator or equivalent technologies	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.3	Name/ Details of consultation with local authority/ people	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
7.4	Utility relocation plan with existing / proposed location showing existing RoW and topographic details	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.5	Cost for relocation as per authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		

7.6	Date of proposal submission to competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
7.7	Review of utility relocation plan/ proposal by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8	Railway Clearances	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.1	Identification of ROB/ RUB on project corridor	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.2	Initial consultation with competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.3	Date of proposal submission to competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
8.4	Review of GAD/ proposal by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

9	Other Clearances	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9.1	Requirement for other clearances identified	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9.2	Date of proposal submission to competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
9.3	Review of proposal by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10	Land Acquisition	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.1	Detailed schedule about acquisition of landholdings as per land records	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.2	Consultation with affected persons	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.3	Name/ Details of consultation with NGOs	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
10.4	Name/ Details of consultation with concerned government agencies	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
10.5	Total land required, land area already available , land to be acquired identified	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
10.6	Review of land acquisition using digital cadastral map by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.7	Draft 3a notification submitted	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.8	Review of 3a notification by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.9	Date of 3a gazette notification	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
10.10	Draft 3a notification submitted	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.11	Review of 3A notification by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.12	Date of 3A gazette notification	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
11	Conclusions and recommendations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.1	Conclusions and recommendations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

11.2	Report fulfils project objectives and scope as per RFP	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.3	Report reviewed for errors and omissions	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.4	Compliance report prepared on client observations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

DPR Checklist – Stage 4 – Detailed Project Report (Pavements)

General Details	
Project Name	
Consultant's Name	
Date of Review	

S.No	SECTION OF THE REPORT	YES/NO/NA	Details / Specifications	Remarks
1	Main Report	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2	Introduction and project background	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.1	Overview of project location, project objectives etc.	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.2	Overview of report structure, deliverables etc.	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3	Social analysis of the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.1	Project impact on stakeholders such as local people	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.2	Project impact on residential, commercial and public properties	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.3	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4	Reconnaissance survey	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.1	Geometric Features of the Existing Road Design Speed - Sight distance details - Horizontal Alignment Details - Vertical Alignment Details - Height of Embankment	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
4.2	Topographical Survey using LiDAR (or equivalent technology) as per IRC:SP:19 - Gradient - Terrain	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

4.3	Pavement composition and condition survey as per IRC:SP:19	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.4	Pavement roughness survey as per IRC:SP:16	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	Na	
4.5	Pavement structural strength survey as per IRC:81	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

4.6	Geological Survey • Geological Map of the Area • Seismicity	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.7	Climatic Conditions • Temperature • Rainfall • Wind	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.8	Land Use along the existing alignment ☐ Map of the Project Area depicting Agricultural/Habitation/Forest Area	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.9	Details of Existing Structures ☐ Map of the Project Area depicting Hutments/Buildings/Temples/Public Building/Any Other Significant Structure	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.10	Inventory and condition survey of culverts	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.11	Geo-technical and sub-soil explorations as per IRC:78	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.12	Number of Bore holes dug (holes for every pier and abutment)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
4.13	Field testing, soil sampling, laboratory testing as per IRC: 78	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.14	Recommendation of Foundation Type and Depth	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
4.15	Hydrological investigations as per IRC:5	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.16	High Flood Level specified	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.17	Depth of Water Table specified	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

4.18	Ponded Water Level specified	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.19	Materials Survey conducted as per IRC:SP:19	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.20	Sources of Naturally Occurring Aggregates specified • Details of Borrow Pits with Distance from Project Site • Cost of Material/Transportation	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
4.20.1	Sources of environmentally friendly construction materials identified as per MoRT&H circular	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

4.21	Sources of Manufactured Items specified • Details of Suppliers with Distance from Project Site • Cost of Material/Transportation	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.22	Source of Water for construction specified as per IS:456	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.23	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5	Traffic studies and demand forecast designs	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5.1	Classified traffic volume counts using IHMCL data (7 day data)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5.2	Traffic projection methodology as per IRC:108	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5.3	Projected Traffic data for 20 years	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5.4	Current and Projected PCU	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
5.5	Current and Projected TVU	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
5.6	Origin destination surveys as per IRC: 102	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5.7	Speed and delay studies as per IRC:102	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

5.8	Traffic surveys for the design of road junctions as per data in IRC: SP:41	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5.9	Analysis for replacing railway level crossings with over bridges/ subways	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5.10	Axle load survey as per IRC:SP:19	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5.11	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5.12	Traffic surveys monitored and reviewed by the client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6	Cost estimates	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.1	Project costing as per latest SoR	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7	Environmental aspects	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.1	Environment profile of the project region	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.2	Details of Public consultation at residential and commercial settlements affected	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.3	Impact analysis and mitigation measures	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8	Economic and commercial analysis	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.1	Estimated cost details	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.2	Projected revenues details	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

8.3	Assumptions stated	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.4	Analysis and results (IRR, Sensitivity Analysis, Financial Viability)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.5	Conclusions and recommendations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.6	Financial model shared with client and reviewed	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9	Conclusions and recommendations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9.1	Report fulfils project objectives and scope as per RFP	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9.2	Report reviewed for errors and omissions	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

9.3	Compliance report prepared on client observations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10	Design Report	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.1	Highway improvement proposals	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.2	Highway geometric designs	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.3	Roadside drainage	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.4	Intersections	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.5	Urban service roads	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.6	Bus-stops	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.7	Toll plazas	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.8	Pedestrian crossings	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.9	Utility relocation	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.10	Pavement	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.11	Structures	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.12	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.13	Pavement deflection survey as per IRC 81-1997	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.14	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11	Materials Report	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.1	Material investigations as per IRC:10	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.2	Review of material investigations by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.3	Multiple borrow areas identified	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.4	Material survey as per IRC: SP: 19	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.5	Review of material survey by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.6	Geo-technical and sub-soil explorations as per IRC:78	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

11.7	Review of geo-technical and sub-soil explorations by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.8	Field testing, soil sampling, laboratory testing in accordance with BIS/ AASHTO/ BS	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.9	Pavement composition and condition survey as per IRC:SP:19	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.10	Review of pavement composition and condition survey by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.11	Pavement roughness survey as per IRC:SP:16	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.12	Review of pavement roughness survey by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.13	Pavement structural strength survey as per IRC:81	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.14	Review of pavement structural strength survey by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.15	Water sample tests as per MoRTH specifications	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.16	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12	Environmental Assessment Report/ Resettlement and Rehabilitation Plan	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.1	Option for alignment alternatives considered and conclusions	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.2	Land environment data collection and details/ impact/ mitigation measures	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.3	Air environment data collection and details/ impact/ mitigation measures	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.4	Water resources details/ impact/ mitigation measures	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.5	Noise environment details/ impact/ mitigation measures	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.6	Biological environment details/ impact/ mitigation measures	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.7	Details of public consultation	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

12.8	Environment monitoring and management plan	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.9	Details of social impact assessment	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.10	Details of resettlement and rehabilitation action plan	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.11	Measures to minimize resettlement	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.12	Details of public consultation with stakeholders	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.13	Details of implementation arrangement / budget	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.14	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
13	Technical Specifications	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
13.1	MoRTH technical specifications for Roads and Bridge works followed	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
13.2	Details of technical specifications	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
14	Rate Analysis	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
14.1	Rate analysis for all relevant items as per latest SoR	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
15	Cost Estimates	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
15.1	Cost estimates for all relevant items as per latest SoR	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
16	Bill of quantities	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
17	Drawing Volume	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
18	Digital drawings of road			
18.1	Highway cross sections	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
18.2	3D engineered models of: • Road alignment geometry • Proposed highway • Proposed structures	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		

DPR Checklist – Stage 5 – Technical Schedules (Pavements)

General Details	
Project Name	
Consultant's Name	
Date of Review	

S.No	SECTION OF THE REPORT	YES/NO/NA	Details / Specifications	Remarks
1	Bid documents- EPC	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2	Bid documents- BOT/PPP	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3	Bid documents- other, if any	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4	Draft concession agreement	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4	Schedule D - Specifications and standards	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5	Any other relevant details	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

DPR Checklist – Stage 6 – LA and Clearances II Report (Pavements)

General Details	
Project Name	
Consultant's Name	
Date of Review	

S.No	SECTION OF THE REPORT	YES/NO/NA	Details/ Specificati ons	Remarks
1	Executive Summary	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2	Environment Clearance	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.1	Details of public hearings completed	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
2.2	Date of final environment clearance by competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
3	Forest Clearance	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.1	Date/ Details of Joint site inspection with DFO/ competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
3.2	Date of Stage I forest clearance approval by competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
3.3	Date of final forest clearance approval by competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
4	Wildlife Clearance	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.1	Date/ Details of joint site inspection with DFO/ competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
4.2	Date of final wildlife clearance approval by competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
5	Utility Clearances (Electricity)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5.1	Date/ Details of Joint site inspection with competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
5.2	Date of estimate submission by competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
5.3	Date of estimate approval by competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
5.4	Approved utility shifting proposal including strip plan	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
5.5	Details of approved contractors, SoR and deposit details for user agency	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5.6	Utilities checklist, no upgradation certificate attached	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		

6.2	Date of estimate submission by competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
6.3	Date of estimate approval by competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
6.4	Approved utility shifting proposal including strip plan	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
6.5	Details of approved contractors, SoR and deposit details for user agency	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.6	Utilities checklist, no upgradation certificate attached	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
7.2	Date of estimate submission by competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
7.3	Date of estimate approval by competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
7.4	Approved utility shifting proposal including strip plan	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
7.5	Details of approved contractors, SoR and deposit details for user agency	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.6	Utilities checklist, no upgradation certificate attached	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
8.2	Date of final approval of GAD by competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
9	Other Clearances	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9.1	Date of final approval by competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
10	Land Acquisition	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.1	Draft 3a notification submitted	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
10.2	Review of 3a notification by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
10.3	Date of 3a gazette notification	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
10.4	Draft 3a notification submitted	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
10.5	Review of 3A notification by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		

10.6	Date of 3A gazette notification	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
10.7	Date of Joint Measurement Survey with competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
10.7.1	Date of survey - village wise	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.7.2	Land type –by survey number	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.7.3	Nature of Land –by survey number	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.7.4	Ownership status of plots- by survey number	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.7.5	Verification of area to be acquired – by survey number	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.7.6	List of structures on each plot	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.7.7	Sketches of updated alignment by village	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.7.8	Verification from Land revenue department	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.7.9	Verification by CALA office	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

1.1.1 DPR Checklist – Stage 7 – Award determination (Pavements)

General Details	
Project Name	
Consultant's Name	
Date of Review	

S.No	SECTION OF THE REPORT	YES/NO/NA	Details/ Specifications	Remarks
1	Executive Summary	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2	Village level summary	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.1	Total private and public land being acquired	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.2	Variation in area and nature of land against 3D with justification	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.3	Method used by CALA to arrive at award	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.4	Date of award by CALA and approval by NHIDCL along with valuation report			
2.5	Total award calculated and deviation from RFCTLARR act	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3	In detail for each Village	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.1	Updated land acquisition tracker with status of: • Notifications • Award • Disbursement	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.2	Valuation report and details of award calculation- verification by state authority to be included	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.3	Claims report	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.4	Copies of notifications published	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.5	Copies of land possession certificates received	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

4	Conclusions and recommendations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.1	Conclusions and recommendations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.2	Report fulfils project objectives and scope as per RFP	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.3	Report reviewed for errors and omissions	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.4	Compliance report prepared on client observations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

1.1.2 DPR Checklist – Stage 8 – Land possession report (Pavements)

General Details	
Project Name	
Consultant's Name	
Date of Review	

S.No	SECTION OF THE REPORT	YES/NO/NA	Details/ Specifications	Remarks
1	Executive Summary	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2	Village level summary	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.1	Total private and public land being acquired	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.2	Date of final award by CALA and approval by NHIDCL.			
2.3	Status of disbursement on date of receipt of Land possession certificate	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.4	Key issues being faced in completing land acquisition, if any	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3	In detail for each Village	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.1	Updated land acquisition tracker with status of: • Notifications • Award • Disbursement	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.2	Final award and claims report	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.3	Copies of notifications published, land possession certificates received	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4	Conclusions and recommendations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.1	Conclusions and recommendations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

4.2	Report fulfils project objectives and scope as per RFP	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.3	Report reviewed for errors and omissions	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.4	Compliance report prepared on client observations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5	GIS Map containing digitised details of land parcels acquired with all relevant details	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

Annexure III: Checklists for Structures such as ROB/ RUB

DPR Checklist – Stage 1 – Inception Report (Structures)

General Details	
Project Name	
Consultant's Name	
Date of Review	

S.No	SECTION OF THE REPORT	YES/NO/NA	Details/ Specifications	Remarks
1	Executive Summary	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2	Project Appreciation	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.1	Location of site office	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
2.2	Review of scope of ToR and gap identification	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.3	Details of key departments for documents	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
2.4	Project description - Existing LC number - Start and End Chainage - Village/District	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
2.5	Project location map - On State Map - On District Map - Latitude & Longitude Coordinates of the LC	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
2.6	Details of Existing Level Crossing - Number of Railway Tracks - Type of Railway Tracks (Broad/Metre/Narrow) - No. of trains per day	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
2.7	Justification for need of an ROB/RUB (on basis of TVU count)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.8	Overview of land use plans	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

2.9	Overview of existing pavement conditions - Number of Lanes - Type of Pavement (Flexible/Rigid/Surfaced/Unsurfaced)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		

2.10	Existing right of way details	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
2.11	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3	Approach Methodology	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.1	Engineering survey and investigations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.2	Design of road, pavements and structures	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.3	Environment and social impact assessment	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.4	Estimation of project cost, viability and financing options	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.5	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4	Task Assignment and Manning Schedule	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.1	Number of key personnel provided	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
4.2	Specific tasks assigned to each key personnel	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.3	Manning schedule for key personnel	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.4	Number of key personnel deployed at site	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
5	Performa for data collection	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6	Indicative Design standards and cross sections	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7	Development plans	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.1	Overview of development plans being implemented/ proposed by	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

	local bodies			
7.2	Overview of impact of such development plans	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8	Quality Assurance Plan	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.1	Engineering surveys and investigation	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.2	Traffic surveys	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.3	Material geo-technical and sub-soil investigations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.4	Road and pavement investigations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.5	Investigation and design of bridges and structures	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.6	Environment and R&R assessment	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.7	Economic and financial analysis	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.8	Drawing and documentation	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.9	Discussion of draft QAP document with client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.10	Approval of final QAP document by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.11	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9	Draft design standards	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9.1	Geometric design standards of bridges (Plain)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9.2	Geometric design standards of bridges (Hilly)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9.3	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10	Conclusions and recommendations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.1	Conclusions and recommendations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

		☐		
10.2	Report fulfils project objectives and scope as per RFP	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.3	Report reviewed for errors and omissions	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.4	Compliance report prepared on client observations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

DPR Checklist – Stage 2 – Feasibility Report (Structures)

General Details	
Project Name	
Consultant's Name	
Date of Review	

S.No	SECTION OF THE REPORT	YES/NO/NA	Details/ Specifications	Remarks
1	Executive Summary	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2	Overview of client organization / activities	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3	Methodology adopted for feasibility study	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4	Socioeconomic profile of the project areas	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.1	Regional economic profile basis last 10 years data as per IRC	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.2	Economic profile of project influence area basis last 10 years data as per IRC	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.3	Socio Economic status of project influence area	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5	Indicative design standards, methodologies, and specifications	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6	Traffic surveys and analysis	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.1	Classified traffic volume counts using IHMCL data (7 day)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.2	Traffic projection methodology as per IRC:108	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.3	Projected Traffic data for 20 years	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

6.4	Current and Projected PCU	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
6.5	Current and Projected TVU	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
6.6	Axle load survey as per IRC:SP:19	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.7	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.8	Traffic surveys monitored and reviewed by the client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7	Reconnaissance survey	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.1	Road Inventory as per IRC:SP:19	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.2	Review of Road Inventory Survey by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

7.3	Geometric Features of the Existing Road • Design Speed • Sight distance elements • Horizontal Alignment Details • Vertical Alignment Details • Height of Embankment	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.4	Topographical Survey as per IRC:SP:19 using LiDAR or equivalent technology • Gradient • Terrain	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.5	Review of topographical survey by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.6	Pavement composition and condition survey as per IRC:SP:19	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.7	Geological Survey • Geological Map of the Area • Seismicity	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

7.8	Climatic Conditions - Temperature - Rainfall - Wind	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.9	Land Use along the existing alignment ☐ Map of the Project Area depicting Agricultural/Habitation/Forest Area	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.10	Details of Existing Structures ☐ Map of the Project Area depicting Hutments/Buildings/Temples/Public Building/Any Other Significant Structure	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.11	Inventory and condition survey of culverts	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.12	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8	Geotechnical Survey	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.1	Geo-technical and sub-soil explorations as per IRC:78	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.2	Number of Bore holes dug (holds for every pier and abutment)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
8.3	Review of geo-technical and sub-soil explorations by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.4	Field testing, soil sampling, laboratory testing as per IRC:78	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.5	Recommendation of Foundation Type and Depth	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
8.6	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9	Hydraulic & Hydrological Survey	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9.1	Hydrological investigations as per IRC:5 and IRC: 13	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9.2	High Flood Level specified	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

9.3	Depth of Water Table specified	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9.4	Ponded Water Level specified	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9.5	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9.6	Review of Hydrological Survey by the client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10	Materials Survey	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.1	Materials Survey conducted as per IRC:SP:19	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.2	Sources of Naturally Occurring Aggregates specified • Details of Borrow Pits with Distance from Project Site • Cost of Material/Transportation	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
10.3	Sources of Manufactured Items specified • Details of Suppliers with Distance from Project Site • Cost of Material/Transportation	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.4	Source of Water for construction specified as per IS:456	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.5	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11	Determination of whether ROB or RUB is appropriate	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.1	Justification of whether ROB or RUB should be built	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.2	Review of justification by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12	Alignment Options Study	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.1	At least two alignments proposed ☐ Details of Alignments on Map	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

12.2	Review of options with client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.2.1	Review of options with local authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.3	Length of the project along proposed alignment options	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.4	Land Acquisition required along alignment options	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

12.5	Cost Estimates of alternatives	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.6	Recommended Alignment with Justification	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
12.7	Skew Angle of Proposed Alignment Specified	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
12.7.1	Environmental impact of each option	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
12.7.2	Review of road geometry and safety for each option	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.9	Traffic Diversion Route Specified	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.10	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
13	Environmental screening/ preliminary assessment environmental	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
13.1	Analysis basis Initial Environment Examination in IRC: SP: 19	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
13.2	Recommended feasible mitigation measures	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
14	Initial social assessment/ preliminary LA resettlement plan	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
14.1	Analysis basis Initial Environment Examination in IRC: SP: 19	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
14.2	Details of consultation with potentially affected persons	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

14.3	Details of consultation with local NGOs	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
14.4	Details of consultation with municipal authorities	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
14.5	Preliminary resettlement plan	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
14.6	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
15	Cost estimates	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
15.1	Item rates and rate analysis	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
15.2	Escalation	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
16	Economic and financial analysis	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
16.1	Estimated cost details	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
16.2	Projected revenues details	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
16.3	Assumptions stated	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
16.4	Analysis and results • IRR • Sensitivity Analysis • Financial Viability	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
16.5	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
17	Strip Plan		NA	
17.1	Details of center line of proposed structure	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
17.2	Details of existing RoW	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
17.3	Details of proposed RoW	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
17.4	Details about ownership of land to be acquired	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

17.5	Strip plan basis reconnaissance and topographic surveys	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
17.6	Strip plan reviewed and approved by the client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
17.7	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11	Strip plan- additional details added	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.1	Details of centreline, existing structures, road furniture and other features	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.2	Widening scheme	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.3	New construction/ reconstruction of structures and amenities	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.4	Existing and proposed right of way	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.5	Clearances impacting each chainage	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

DPR Checklist – Stage 3 – LA and Clearances I Report (Structures)

General Details	
Project Name	
Consultant's Name	
Date of Review	

S.No	SECTION OF THE REPORT	YES/NO/NA	Details/ Specifications	Remarks
1	Executive Summary	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2	Environment Clearance	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.1	Requirement for environment clearance identified	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.2	Date/ Details of Initial consultation with competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
2.3	Date of submission of draft EIA report/ proposal for clearance	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.4	Review of proposal/ EIA report by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3	Forest Clearance	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.1	Requirement for forest clearance identified	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.2	Date/ Details of initial consultation with competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
3.3	Details/cost of trees being felled basis concerned District Forest Office	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
3.4	Date of submission of proposal for forest clearance	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.5	Review of proposal by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4	Wildlife Clearance	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.1	Requirement for wildlife clearance identified	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

4.2	Date/ Details of initial consultation with competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
4.3	Details/cost of trees being felled basis concerned District Forest Office	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
4.4	Date of submission of proposal for wildlife clearance	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
4.5	Review of proposal by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5	Utility Clearances (Electricity)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5.1	Identification of overground utilities	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

5.2	Identification of underground utilities using GPR, Induction Locator or equivalent technologies	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5.3	Name/ Details of consultation with local authority/ people	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
5.4	Utility relocation plan with existing / proposed location showing existing RoW and topographic details	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5.5	Cost for relocation as per authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
5.6	Date of proposal submission to competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
5.7	Review of utility relocation plan/ proposal by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6	Utility Clearances (Water)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.1	Identification of overground utilities in RoW	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.2	Identification of underground utilities using GPR, Induction Locator or equivalent technologies	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.3	Name/ Details of consultation with local authority/ people	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
6.4	Utility relocation plan with existing / proposed location showing existing RoW and topographic details	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.5	Cost for relocation as per authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		

6.6	Date of proposal submission to competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.7	Review of utility relocation plan/ proposal by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7	Utility Clearances (Others)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.1	Identification of over ground utilities in RoW	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.2	Identification of underground utilities using GPR, Induction Locator or equivalent technologies	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.3	Name/ Details of consultation with local authority/ people	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
7.4	Utility relocation plan with existing / proposed location showing existing RoW and topographic details	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.5	Cost for relocation as per authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
7.6	Date of proposal submission to competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		

7.7	Review of utility relocation plan/ proposal by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8	Railway Clearances	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.1	Identification of ROB/ RUB on project corridor	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.2	Initial consultation with competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.3	Date of proposal submission to competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
8.4	Review of GAD/ proposal by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9	Other Clearances	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9.1	Requirement for other clearances identified	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9.2	Date of proposal submission to competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
9.3	Review of proposal by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10	Land Acquisition	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

10.1	Detailed schedule about acquisition of landholdings as per land records	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.2	Consultation with affected persons	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.3	Name/ Details of consultation with NGOs	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
10.4	Name/ Details of consultation with concerned government agencies	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
10.5	Total land required, land area already available , land to be acquired identified	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
10.6	Review of land acquisition using digital cadastral map by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11	Strip plan- additional details added	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	11
11.1	Details of centreline, existing structures, road furniture and other features	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	11.1
11.2	Widening scheme	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	11.2
11.3	New construction/ reconstruction of structures and amenities	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	11.3
11.4	Existing and proposed right of way	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	11.4
11.5	Clearances impacting each chainage	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	11.5
12	Conclusions and recommendations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.1	Conclusions and recommendations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.2	Report fulfils project objectives and scope as per RFP	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.3	Report reviewed for errors and omissions	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.4	Compliance report prepared on client observations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

DPR Checklist – Stage 4 – Detailed Project Report (Structures)

General Details	
Project Name	
Consultant's Name	
Date of Review	

S.No	SECTION OF THE REPORT	YES/NO/NA	Details/Specifications	Remarks
1	Project background	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
1.1	Project description - Existing LC number - Start and End Chainage - Village/District	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
1.2	Project location map - On State Map - On District Map - Latitude & Longitude Coordinates of the LC	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
1.3	Details of Existing Level Crossing - Number of Railway Tracks - Type of Railway Tracks (Broad/Metre/Narrow) - No. of trains per day	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
1.4	Justification for need of an ROB/RUB (on basis of TVU count)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
1.5	Overview of land use plans	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
1.6	Overview of existing pavement conditions - Number of Lanes - Type of Pavement (Flexible/Rigid/Surfaced/Unsurfaced)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
1.7	Existing right of way details	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
1.8	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

2	Social analysis of the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.1	Project impact on stakeholders such as local people	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.2	Project impact on residential, commercial and public properties	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.3	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

3	Reconnaissance survey	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.1	Geometric Features of the Existing Road - Design Speed - Sight distance details - Horizontal Alignment Details - Vertical Alignment Details - Height of Embankment	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
3.2	Topographical Survey using LiDAR or equivalent technology as per IRC:SP:19 - Gradient - Terrain	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.3	Pavement composition and condition survey as per IRC:SP:19	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.4	Geological Survey - Geological Map of the Area - Seismicity	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.5	Climatic Conditions - Temperature - Rainfall - Wind	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.6	Land Use along the existing alignment ☐ Map of the Project Area depicting Agricultural/Habitation/Forest Area	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.7	Details of Existing Structures ☐ Map of the Project Area depicting Hutments/Buildings/Temples/Public Building/Any Other Significant Structure	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

3.8	Inventory and condition survey of culverts	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.9	Geo-technical and sub-soil explorations as per IRC:78	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.10	Number of Bore holes dug (holds for every pier and abutment)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
3.11	Field testing, soil sampling, laboratory testing as per IRC: 78	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.12	Recommendation of Foundation Type and Depth	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
3.13	Hydraulic and Hydrological investigations as per IRC:5	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.14	High Flood Level specified	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.15	Depth of Water Table specified	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

3.16	Ponded Water Level specified	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.17	Materials Survey conducted as per IRC:SP:19	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.18	Sources of Naturally Occurring Aggregates specified • Details of Borrow Pits with Distance from Project Site • Cost of Material/Transportation	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
3.19	Sources of Manufactured Items specified • Details of Suppliers with Distance from Project Site • Cost of Material/Transportation	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.19.1	Sources of environmentally friendly construction materials identified as per MoRT&H circular	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.20	Source of Water for construction specified as per IS:456	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.21	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

4	Traffic surveys and analysis	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.1	Classified traffic volume counts using IHMCL data (7 day)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.2	Traffic projection as per IRC:108	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.3	Projected Traffic data for 20 years	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.4	Current and Projected PCU	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
4.5	Current and Projected TVU	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
4.6	Axle load survey as per IRC:SP:19	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.7	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5	Determination of whether ROB or RUB is appropriate	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5.1	Justification of whether ROB or RUB should be built	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6	Alignment Options Study	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.1	At least two alignments proposed ☐ Details of Alignments on Map	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.2	Length of the project along proposed alignment options	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.3	Land Acquisition required along alignment options	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

6.4	Cost Estimates of alternatives	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.5	Recommended Alignment with Justification	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
6.6	Skew Angle of Proposed Alignment Specified	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
6.7	Traffic Diversion Route Specified	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.8	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7	Design Specifications	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

7.1	Number of Lanes	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
7.2	Width of ROB - Width of Carriageway - Width of Safety Kerbs - Width of Footpath - Any other	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
7.3	Proposed Number of Lanes on ROB in line with PCU as per latest MoRTH guidelines	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.4	Proposed Length of the Project - Length of ROB - Length of Viaduct - Length of RE Wall - Length of Approach Road - Length of Service Road	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
7.5	Span Arrangement - Span Length - Number of Spans	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
7.6	Are all spans of standardised length as per Railways standards (https://ircep.gov.in/RCAApproval/) ☐ If non-standardised, suitable justification provided	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.7	Details of Proposed Superstructure Design - Type - Details of Material Use Proposed - Drawings of Cross-Sections	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.8	Details of Proposed Substructure Design Type - Details of Material Use Proposed - Drawings of Cross-Sections	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

S.No	SECTION OF THE REPORT	YES/NO/NA	Details/ Specifications	Remarks

7.9	Details of Proposed Pavement Design Type - Details of Material Use Proposed - Thickness - Design MSA - Drawings of Cross-Sections	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.10	Details of Drainage Structures Proposed	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.11	Any other details relevant to the project	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8	Cost estimates	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.1	Summary of Cost Estimates (Refer following subsection)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
8.2	Detailed Abstract of Cost	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.3	Detailed Bills of Quantity	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
8.4	Detailed Rate Analysis	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9	Financial Viability	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9.1	Estimated cost details	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9.2	Projected revenues details	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9.3	Assumptions stated	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9.4	Analysis and results - IRR - Sensitivity Analysis - Financial Viability	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
10	Land Acquisition Study	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.1	Land Acquisition Details - Total Land Required - Land Area already available - Area of Land to be Acquired	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
10.3	Details of LA Cost	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
11	Utility Shifting Study	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.1	Results of GPR investigation	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

11.2	Utility relocation plan with existing / proposed location showing existing RoW and topographic details	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
11.3	Cost for relocation as per authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
12	General Arrangement Drawing	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.1	Elevation of Railway Portion	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.2	Plan of Railway Portion	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.3	General Elevation	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.4	General Plan (showing complete ROB/RUB along with diversion)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.5	Key Plan	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.6	Cross-Section of Railway Portion	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
12.7	3D engineered models of: - Existing structure, if any - Proposed structure - Utilities and other features in RoW	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		

Cost Summary Table

S.No.	Particulars	Cost Estimate(in '000)
1	Cost of ROB Portion	
	Foundation	
	Substructure	
	Superstructure	
	Total-ROB Portion	
2	Cost of Viaduct	
	Foundation	
	Substructure	
	Superstructure	
	Total-Viaduct	
3	Cost of Approach Road	
4	Cost of RE Wall	
5	Cost of Service Road	
6	Miscellaneous Costs	
	Cost of Subway	
	Cost of Toll Plaza	
	Cost of Culverts	
	Any Other Costs	
	Civil Cost of the Project	
7	Contingencies @x%	
	Total Civil Cost	
8	Supervision Charges @x%	
9	Cost of Quality Control @x%	
10	Maintenance Charges @x%	
11	Escalation Costs @x%	
12	Land Acquisition Costs	
13	Utility Shifting Costs	
14	Any Other Costs	
	Total Cost of the Project	

DPR Checklist – Stage 5 – Technical Schedules (Structure)

General Details	
Project Name	
Consultant's Name	
Date of Review	

S.No	SECTION OF THE REPORT	YES/NO/NA	Details/ Specifications	Remarks
1	Bid documents- EPC	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2	Bid documents- Other, if any	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3	Draft concession agreement	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3	Schedule C - Project facilities	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4	Schedule D - Specifications and standards	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5	Any other relevant details	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

DPR Checklist – Stage 6 – LA and Clearances II Report (Structures)

General Details	
Project Name	
Consultant's Name	
Date of Review	

S.No	SECTION OF THE REPORT	YES/NO/NA	Details/ Specifications	Remarks
1	Executive Summary	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2	Environment Clearance	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.1	Details of public hearings completed	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
2.2	Date of final environment clearance by competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
3	Forest Clearance	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.1	Date/ Details of Joint site inspection with DFO/ competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
3.2	Date of Stage I forest clearance approval by competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
3.3	Date of final forest clearance approval by competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
4	Wildlife Clearance	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.1	Date/ Details of joint site inspection with DFO/ competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
4.2	Date of final wildlife clearance approval by competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
5	Utility Clearances (Electricity)	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5.1	Date/ Details of Joint site inspection with competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
5.2	Date of estimate submission by competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
5.3	Date of estimate approval by competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		

5.4	Approved utility shifting proposal	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
5.5	Details of approved contractors, SoR and deposit details for user agency	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5.6	Utilities checklist, no upgradation certificate attached	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
6.2	Date of estimate submission by competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		

6.3	Date of estimate approval by competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
6.4	Approved utility shifting proposal	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
6.5	Details of approved contractors, SoR and deposit details for user agency	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
6.6	Utilities checklist, no upgradation certificate attached	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
7.2	Date of estimate submission by competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
7.3	Date of estimate approval by competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
7.4	Approved utility shifting proposal	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
7.5	Details of approved contractors, SoR and deposit details for user agency	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
7.6	Utilities checklist, no upgradation certificate attached	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
8.2	Date of final approval of GAD by competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
9	Other Clearances	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
9.1	Date of final approval by competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
10	Land Acquisition	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.1	Draft 3a notification submitted	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.2	Review of 3a notification by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.3	Date of 3a gazette notification	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		

10.4	Draft 3a notification submitted	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.5	Review of 3A notification by client	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.6	Date of 3A gazette notification	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
10.7	Date of Joint Measurement Survey with competent authority	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐		
10.7.1	Date of survey	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.7.2	Land type –by survey number	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.7.3	Nature of Land –by survey number	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.7.4	Ownership status of plots- by survey number	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.7.5	Verification of area to be acquired – by survey number	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.7.6	List of structures on each plot	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.7.7	Sketches of updated alignment	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.7.8	Verification from Land revenue department	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
10.7.9	Verification by CALA office	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

1.1.2 DPR Checklist – Stage 7 – Award determination (Structures)

General Details	
Project Name	
Consultant's Name	
Date of Review	

S.No	SECTION OF THE REPORT	YES/NO/NA	Details/ Specifications	Remarks
1	Executive Summary	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2	Village level summary	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.1	Total private and public land being acquired	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

2.2	Variation in area and nature of land against 3D with justification	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.3	Method used by CALA to arrive at award	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.4	Date of award by CALA and approval By NHIDCL Along with valuation report			
2.5	Total award calculated and details of deviation from RFCTLARR act	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3	In detail	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.1	Updated land acquisition tracker with parcel-wise status of: • Notifications • Award • Disbursement	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.2	Valuation report and details of award calculation- verification by state authority to be included	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.3	Claims report	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.4	Copies of notifications published	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.5	Copies of land possession certificates received	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4	Conclusions and recommendations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.1	Conclusions and recommendations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.2	Report fulfils project objectives and scope as per RFP	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.3	Report reviewed for errors and omissions	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.4	Compliance report prepared on client observations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

1.1.3 DPR Checklist – Stage 8 – Land possession report (Structures)

General Details	
Project Name	
Consultant's Name	
Date of Review	

S.No	SECTION OF THE REPORT	YES/NO/NA	Details/ Specifications	Remarks
1	Executive Summary	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2	Village level summary	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.1	Total private and public land being acquired	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.2	Date of final award by CALA and approval by <AGENCY>			
2.3	Status of disbursement on date of receipt of Land possession certificate	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
2.4	Key issues being faced in completing land acquisition, if any	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3	In detail	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.1	Updated land acquisition tracker with status of: • Notifications • Award • Disbursement	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.2	Final award and claims report	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
3.3	Copies of notifications published, land possession certificates received	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4	Conclusions and recommendations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.1	Conclusions and recommendations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.2	Report fulfils project objectives and scope as per RFP	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

4.3	Report reviewed for errors and omissions	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
4.4	Compliance report prepared on client observations	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	
5	GIS Map containing digitised details of land parcels acquired with all relevant details	Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐	NA	

APPENDIX VIII

Sample Executive Summary of Detailed Project Report

<Name & Logo of the Agency>
(Ministry of Road Transport & Highways)
Government of India

Executive summary of detailed project report for:

[Project name, stretch, state]

All

figures, details and graphs in this

template are illustrative. Consultants are to add actual details and expand tables, chapters as needed while keeping the format and information required in each chapter as suggested.

Please delete this sticker upon completion

DPR Consultant

[Name and logo of consulting agency]

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1. Introduction

The NHIDCL proposes to implement the <re> the development, maintenance and management of the <NH-xx> stretch from <Origin> to <Destination> from chainage <aa km> to <bb km> into <proposed improvement, xx lane road/ expressway etc.> under the NHDP Phase V programme. The proposed project road has been selected to <primary reason for project- e.g. to improve connectivity and ease congestion between aa bb>

<Consultant> was appointed in <mm/yyyy> to prepare the detailed project report for the project road, and this executive summary covers is submitted along with the <draft/final> detailed project report to cover the key aspects of the project.

<Any special circumstances or requests made by the Authority for the project that affect the consultancy assignment e.g.: NHIDCL desired to restructure project into two packages, bifurcating the project road at Betulnagar, this report has been revised and resubmitted providing improvement proposals and bid documents separately for the two stretches>

2. Project overview

As described earlier the project road lies on NH xx (previously NH yy) and connects <origin> with <destination>, passing through the states of <state 1, state 2>. The proposed project alignment passess through <towns/junctions a, b, c, d> for a total length of <xx km>.



Figure 1: Location of project road

2.1. Key features of project

Table 1: Key features of project

Attributes	Details
NH No	Xx (old) Yy (new)
Origin- Destination	Origin-destination Origin point Lat/long – destination point lat/long
Via towns	Town 1, 2, 3, 4
Existing carriageway	2L (7.0m) over 80% of the road stretch with 4L (16.0m) in 20% of the stretch in some urban locations
Service lanes and slip roads	Service lanes of 2-4m width for 16 km, largely in urban areas
Shoulder	2L has paved shoulder of 1-2m width
Condition of existing pavement	Good to fair
Right of way	Typically 45 m along entire stretch
Land use along project road	Predominant land use in the area is agricultural (60% on LHS, 50% on RHS), with the rest being urban and forest area (20% on LHS, RHS)

Traffic on the stretch	Largely commercial, with trucks accounting for 80% of vehicle volume
Toll infrastructure	There are no toll plazas in the current stretch
Terrain	Primarily plain and rolling, passing through x settlements
Attributes	Details
Structures along stretch	69 structures- 3 ROBs, 7 major bridges, 2 flyovers, 9 minor bridges, 16 VUP/PUPs and 32 culverts
User amenities along stretch	32 bus shelters, 7 truck lay-byes, and 1 rest area
Key utilities in the proposed RoW	4 km 66 kV UG line with 3 crossings, 30in water main for 7.3 km
Forest Stretches along RoW	Xx km of road from <point a> to <point b> crosses <type of forest> <forest name>
Rail crossings along RoW	Railway LC no <x> at chainage yy on the <origin station> to <destination station> rail line at railway chainage zz
Other clearance related aspects	<please describe any other clearances that will be required for the project>

2.2. Key plan of existing project stretch

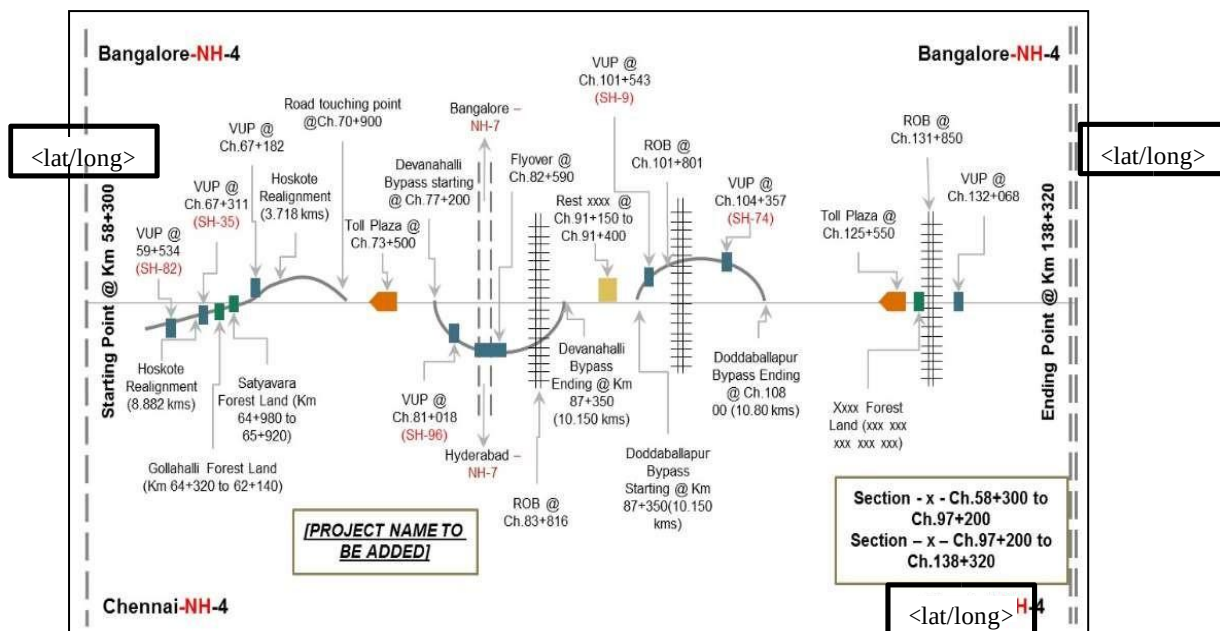


Figure 2: Key plan of existing project road

3. Traffic demands on project road

3.1. Traffic volume surveys

For the purposes of traffic projections and lane design, <xx> individual sections of road were considered:

Table 2: Traffic survey locations

Section	Chainages	Length (Kms)		Volume Count Locations	Remarks
1	Km 163.0 - 192.0	29.0		Km 177.0, 45.0	Kasia/Tonta mines near 192.000
2	Km 192.0 - 219.0	27.0		Km 201.50	End point of proposed Koida bypass at km 218.250

Traffic volume surveys for the project road were < available from IHMCL for x locations> and were carried out at <x> additional locations along the project road in the month of <mm/yyyy>. The results are as follows:

Table 3: Results of traffic surveys conducted

Homogenous section	1	1	2	
Chainage	45.00	177.00	201.50	
Source of data	IHMCL	Consultant	Consultant	
Bicycle	47	75	61	
2 Wheeler	3320	3288	2630	
3 Wheeler	32	47	30	
Tractor	24	18	22	
Tractor with Trailer	389	385	341	
2 Axle SCV	436	386	388	
LMV 2 axle	3561	3545	3327	

LCV 2 Axle	577	603	563	
2 Axle Truck or Bus	908	987	1014	
3 Axle Truck or Bus	1142	1062	1086	
Multi Axle Vehicles MAV	2033	1962	1994	
Oversized Vehicle OSV	2	1	3	
Cycle	0	0	0	
Earth Moving Equipment	0	0	0	
AADT (in vehicles)	12471	12359	11459	
AADT (in PCUs)	34000	xx	xx	

3.2. Axle load survey

Axle load surveys were conducted at <x> locations using <xxxx> to understand the actual load spectrum of commercial vehicles plying on the project road. The results of the load survey, were converted to Vehicle Damage Factor (VDF) using equivalency factors from <IRC xx> for the purpose of MSA calculations

Table 4: Axle load survey results

Mode	Section 1		Section 2		Section 2	
	Observed- at chainage xx	Recommended	Observed- at chainage xx	Recommended	Observed- at chainage xx	Recommended
LCV	0.47	0.47	0.45	0.45		
2axle	3.97	3.97	3.57	3.97		
3axle	3.63	3.63	3.26	3.26		
MAV	4.92	4.92	4.07	4.07		
Bus	0.78	0.82	0.82	0.82		

3.3. Traffic volume forecast

Traffic volume forecast was developed using the <xx> method and converted to Million Standard Axles (MSA) for the purposes of pavement design. The cumulative load in MSA for each section is given as under for various horizon years:

Table 5: Projected traffic load on project road in MSA

MSA	In +15		In +30	
Section	LHS	RHS	LHS	RHS
1	23.31	22		
2	33	40		

3.4. Turning movement surveys

SL. No.	Existing Chainage	Location	Total Volume PCU	Peak Hour Volume PCU	Peak Hour	Intersection type	Grade separator proposed
1	0.300	xxx	30988	1915	17:00 18:00	3 arm	No
2	6.200	xxx	28077	1962	09:00 10:00	4 arm	No
3	10.200	xxx	53333	3599	15:00 16:00	5 arm	Yes
4	28.000	xxx	64315	3884	10:00 11:00	4 arm	Yes

Classified direction wise turning movement surveys were conducted at <x> intersections to determine the need for re-design and addition of structure at the intersection

Table 6: Turning movement survey results

4. Pavement and corridor surveys

4.1. Pavement condition and distress seen

The overall pavement condition <description of overall pavement condition- e.g. from poor to very poor, with high roughness and significant presence of potholes and raveling>

Table 7: Condition survey of existing pavement

Type of distress	Length affected, in Kms				
	Area <=10 %	Area 10 %-25 %	Area 25 %-50 %	Area 50 %-75%	Area >75 %
Total Cracking	36	70	0	0	0
Potholes	28	23	55	0	0
Patching	44	61	1	0	0
Raveling	80	4	22	0	0
<other categories seen>					
Total	106	106	106	106	106

4.2. Pavement composition

The existing pavement structure is a <rigid/flexible/inverted etc.> pavement consisting of sub-grade and <x> additional layers. The summary of pavement composition seen is as follows

Table 8: Composition of existing pavement

Section	Bituminous course (mm)		Granular course (mm)		Xx (mm)	
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max
1	50	350	100	600		
2	40	300	80	500		
X						

4.3. Pavement strength

<xxx FWD/BBD> was carried out to test the strength of the existing pavement, and the characteristic deflection values have been calculated for each homogeneous section of road to enable design of an overlay for the road.

Table 9: Strength of existing pavement

Section	Chai rage		Distance	Characteristic deflection
	Start	End	Km	Mm
1	0.400	2.400	2.000	1.6
2	2.400	10.000	7.600	1.3
X				

4.4. Sub-grade soil survey

Extensive review of available soil information and testing was done to understand the sub-grade characteristics. Summary of soil investigation surveys is as follows:

Table 10: Soil investigation survey results

Attribute	Results	Comments
Sub-grade CBR range (%)	0.6%-14%	Low over large lengths of section
Degree of compaction (% of MDD)	~95%	Sufficient as per MoRTH guidelines
Swelling ratio (%)	2.5 to 32%	Significant variation seen across stretch
<other attributes>		

Table 11: Soil types observed

Soil type	% of length	Plasticity index	Comments
Clayey sand (SC)	34%	3 to 15	Poorly graded sand clay mixture
Silty sand (SM)	9%	Non-plastic	Poorly graded
Clayey gravel (GC)	9%	11 to 13	Mixture of gravel, sand and silt

5. Improvement proposals

5.1. Proposed alignment

The final alignment chosen for the project in consultation with <xx, yy> will <be along current project road/ pass through xx, yy new towns- short description of alignment with changes if any>.



Figure 3: Map showing proposed alignment of project road

5.2. Bypasses proposed

Given increasing urban traffic and congestion and the lack of available RoW in urban areas through the project route, <x> urban areas are proposed to be by-passed in the proposed project alignment

Table 12: Proposed by-passes along project length

Urban area to be bypassed	Bypass plan			Key driver for by-pass
	Start chainage	End chainage	Length proposed	
Nagar 1	45.000	52.000	21.000	Heavy local traffic of ~10,000 PCUs in town limits
Xxxx				

5.3. Road geometry

The project road has been re-designed to accommodate speeds of <xx>, adopted as per <standard or consultation with <AGENCY> >. Enabling this higher speed will require re-design and re-alignemnt of the road in certain sections given their <description of poor geometry>.

5.4. Widening scheme

Basis traffic information available, level of service requirements and consultation with <<AGENCY> , local authorities etc.>, the following lane configuration is adopted for the project road:

Table 13: Lane configuration planned for project road

Section	Chainage		Traffic forecast k PCUs in 20xx	Lane config.	Service lanes	Comments
	Start	End				
1	0.00	2.400	43.5	6	Yes	High urban traffic influx
2	2.400	60.400	16.4	4	No	
3						
xx						

Basis availability of RoW and land acquisition constraints, a widening scheme has been proposed that makes optimum use of existing ROW and minimizes need for land acquisition in urban areas, a summary of which is given below:

Table 14: Summary of widening type proposed

Sl no	Type of widening	Length, Km
1	Concentric	2.400
2	Eccentric, Right	34.600
3	Eccentric, Left	33.800
4	Green field	16.000

5.5. Pavement design

5.5.1. Design period, loading and pavement type

Using the projected traffic, VDF values, lane and directional distribution factors, the design traffic loading used for the project is <xx to yy> MSA.

Through preliminary design and lifecycle comparisons, the <flexible/rigid/inverted> type of pavement was chosen for construction with a design life of <xx> years as per <IRC/MoRTH/<AGENCY> standards/request> has been considered for design.

5.5.2. Design sub-grade strength

Considering the soil investigations conducted in the project road area, and the availability of suitable soil in the region, the following sub-grade strength has been assumed to vary from <xx%> to <yy%> for various sections of the highway

5.5.3. Pavement composition for new carriageway

The proposed pavement composition for the new sections carriageway basis <standards>, subgrade strength and design traffic is:

Table 15: Proposed pavement composition

Section	Design Chainage		Sub-grade strength	Pavement loading	Layer thickness (mm)				
	Start	End	Min % CBR	MSA	GSB	WMM	DBM	BC	xx
1	0.400	2.400	10%	40	200	250	95-125	40	
2	2.400	10.000	8%						
X									

5.5.4. Strengthening of existing pavement

The strengthening requirements for the existing pavement have been estimated from the deflection measurements and estimated traffic loadings. The designed overlay proposed is as below:

Table 16: Overlay thickness required

Section	Chainage		Distance	Characteristic deflection	Overlay thickness (mm)	
	Start	End	Km	Mm	DBM	Xx
1	0.400	2.400	2.000	1.6	95	40
2	2.400	10.000	7.600	1.3	50	40
X						

5.5.5. Pavement design for service lanes

Pavement for service lanes is designed for MSA of xx-yy with a design CBR of ~xx%. The composition for the <flexible/rigid> service lane pavement along the project corridor is as follows:

Table 17: Pavement composition for service road

Layer	Layer Thickness in mm
SDBC	25
DBM	50
WMM	250
GSB	150

5.6. Design of structures

Along the project stretch, there are several bridges, culverts, under/overpasses and flyovers. A summary of the total number and proposed additions is given in the table below

Table 18: Proposed improvement to structures along project road

Sl No	Structure	Existing	Dismantle	Widen	Reconstruct	Construct in parallel	New construction	Total
1	Major bridge	4	1	-	1	2	3	7
2	Minor bridge							
3	Flyover							
4	Vehicle overpass							
5	Vehicle underpass							
6	Passenger under pass							
7	Culverts							
8	xxx							

5.7. Intersections and grade separators

Based on the traffic and turning movement surveys conducted, <xx> junctions have been identified for redesign or grade separation, the details of which are given below

Table 19: Proposed intersection improvement

SL. No.	Existing Chainage	Location	Est total vol (k PCU)	Est Peak Hour Vol (k PCU)	Improvement proposed
1	10.200	xxx	53333	3599	Grade separator
2	28.000	xxx	64315	3884	Grade separator
3					
4					

5.8. Toll plazas

Based on the traffic surveys, O-D surveys and layout of project road, <xx> toll plazas are proposed along the project road:

Table 20: Location of current and proposed toll plazas

Sl No	Existing chainage	Design chainage	Location	Existing no of lanes	Proposed no of lanes
1	20.400	22.600	Near origin	2	6
2	95.000	101.500	Near via-nagar junction	New	6
x	xx	xx			

5.9. Wayside amenities proposed

<local discussions, discussions with authority, demand modelling etc.> was conducted to locate various way-side amenities across the project road. A summary of the improvements proposed is given below:

Table 21: Proposed user amenities along project stretch

Sl no	Amenity type	Current	Proposed	Comments
1	Passenger rest stops	0	2	
2	Truck lay-byes	5	15	High demand due to urban areas along stretch
3	Bus bays	4	10	Limited increase due to scarcity of land
4	Bus shelters	2	34	Proposed in lieu of bus-bays
5	Petrol bunks	1	5	Severe shortage along stretch
6				

6. Environmental impact assessment

6.1. Impact and clearances needed

A environmental impact study was undertaken during the process of creating the detailed project report to understand impact of the project road on the surrounding ecology and environment. The project road is categorized as a category <xx> project by the MoEF and as it is <xx km> in length, it <will/will not> require environmental clearances.

The proposed project <involves/does not involve> the acquisition of forest/ecologically sensitive land, felling of trees and will impact wildlife habitat and will hence require individual clearances for each. A summary of the environmental impact and clearances required is provided below

Table 22: Environmental impact and clearances required

Sl No	Impact type	Description	Clearance status
1	Environmental clearance	Required due to nature of project, category 'A'	Form 1 submitted dd/mm/yyyy and environmental clearance obtained on dd/mm/yyyy
2	Diversion of forest land	27.72 ha of land in <xx> district will need to be acquired	Stage II clearance in progress
3	Trees in RoW	28,460 trees need to be enable road expansion	To be taken

6.2. Cost of environmental mitigation

The Environmental Mitigation and Management Costs were developed based on the estimation of resources required to implement the mitigation measures proposed and also number of places where intervention is required. Environmental mitigation cost for the proposed project is Rs. <xx> cr.

7. Social impact assessment and Land acquisition

7.1. Social impact assessment

The existing RoW (x-y m) is <adequate/ in adequate> for the proposed widening and RoW requirements as required by <<AGENCY> /Authority>. This will lead to the additional acquisition of <xx>Ha across the states of <states1, 2>, affecting a total of <yy> villages in <zz> districts. In addition to structures found to be encroaching the current Row, the required acquisition is poised to affect <xx> residential and <yy> other structures.

Preliminary interactions have been held with locals to understand their issues and concerns and help communicate the project plan and its impact on them. The key concerns of title and non-title holders centered around:

- ☐ <Key issues expressed over and above land being acquired, and compensation norms>

7.2. Land acquisition requirements

The state and district wise details and status of land acquisition as on the date of publishing of this report is as follows:

Table 23: Districtwise land acquisition requirements and status

State	Village and Chainage	Total land required (Ha)	Private land to be acquired (Ha)	3A pending (Ha)	3A done, 3D pending (Ha)	3D completed
Maharashtra	Thane (xx to yy)	137	90	10	70	10
Gujarat	<aaa>	454	400	20	300	80
Gujarat	<bbb>	588	588	60	500	28
Gujarat	<ccc>	688	320	80	160	80

A total of <xx cr> is expected to be awarded for the acquisition of land required for this project. The land acquisition process is underway with a total of <xx> CALAs appointed, and 90% of land is expected to be in possession by <xx, 20xx>.

7.3. Key risks envisaged in land acquisition

Despite the best efforts of the consultant and various land acquisition teams working to complete land acquisition, it is envisaged that acquiring possession of the RoW for some specific sections of the project road may prove to be difficult or be delayed inordinately. Such potential risks are highlighted below:

- ☐ <Highlight any risks foreseen along with chainage and ha affected>

8. Utilities shifting and clearances

Utilities belonging to <x> user agencies have been identified that fall within the project road ROW and will need to be shifted to enable road construction. Shifting proposals have been submitted to the user agencies and initial estimates have been received from the concerned agencies. The process of site inspection, review and revision of the proposals for utilities shifting is in process.

<To enable better management of utilities and installation going forward, all utilities are being shifted underground/into a utility corridor/out of the road RoW/ utilities trench is being planned as part of construction>

8.1. Utilities shifting estimates

Table 24: Key utilities shifting requirements

Sl No	Utility	Chainage affected	Agency	Shifting required	Estimated cost (INR cr)	Supervision %	Current status
1	66kV powerline	123.00-145.00	UPVVNL	19km of overhead cable, 4 road crossings	~140 cr	15%	Final approval obtained

8.2. Total cost of utilities shifting

The total cost of utilities shifting for all the utilities identified in the road RoW is estimated to be <xx cr> with supervision charges of <yy cr> being paid as supervision charges to the <z> concerned agencies.

9. Project cost estimates

The cost estimates for the project has been carried out based on detailed design, bill of quantities, and the schedule of rates for <state/district/authority> of year <xx-yy>.

Table 25: Summary of project cost

No	Item	Amount in Cr	Amount in %
	Civil construction cost		
1	Site clearance and dismantling	60	2%
2	Earth Work		
3	Base courses		
4	Paving courses		
5a	Repair and rehabilitation of structures		
5b	Bridges		
5c	Culverts		
5d	PUP/VUP		
5e	Flyover and overpass		
5f	Drainage, protective works and other services		
5g	RE/toe walls		

6	Junctions and interchanges		
7	Toll plazas		
8	User amenities		
9	Traffic signs, road markings, other appurtenances		
10	Miscellaneous		
11	Maintenance of road during construction		
A	Total civil cost		
12	Add contingencies @ x% on Z		
B	Estimated project cost		
13	Construction supervision @ x% on Z		
14	Agency charges @ x% on Z		
15	Quality control changes @ x% on Z		
16	Road safety cell audit charges @ x% on Z		
17	Maintenance costs @ x% on Z		
18	Escalation @ x% on Z		
C	Total project cost		
19	R&R cost		
20	Environment cost		
21	Cost of shifting utilities		
22	LA compensation cost		
D	Total capital cost		

10. Material investigation

Material investigations were carried out to explore the availability and identify sources of suitable material for the construction of the road.

<retain only relevant sections>

10.1. Borrow pits for soil

Material investigation of <xxx> locations indicates that soil suitable for embankment (of CBR>xx% and density yy g/cc) and for sub-grade (CBR>xx% and density yy g/cc) is available at an average lead of aa to bb km for the project stretch.

<include details on additional material sources like construction rubble, moorum etc>

10.2. Sand

Sand is available in <close proximity> of the project site. Test results show that xx of yy sand sources satisfy the minimum requirement for use in the project.

<Include details of additional potential for sources such as pond bed desilting, other excavation happening>

10.3. Gravel

Several quarries were identified for sourcing aggregates in the project zone. Xx of yy quarries were found to be suitable for use in the construction of the road. <further details on gravel available and suitability for construction>

10.4. Fly ash

Fly ash is available in close proximity of the project road due to the presence of <xx steel plant/power plant>. Test results show that the available fly ash <satisfies/does not satisfy> the minimum requirement of <specification> to use as <material for embankment/cement mixture/other layers>. The fly ash available has density greater than xx g/cc and shows an OCM of xx-yy%. <the fly ash located is non plastic>

10.5. Bitumen

Bulk bitumen of the <required grades> is available <closest sources> with an average lead of <xx km>. For the project road <grade> of bitumen has been proposed for <yy layer> due to <reason> and <grade of bitumen> has been proposed for <zz layer> due to <reason>.

10.6. Cement

Bulk bitumen of the <required grades> is available <closest sources> with an average lead of <xx km>. For the project road <grade> of bitumen has been proposed for <yy layer> due to <reason> and <grade of bitumen> has been proposed for <zz layer> due to <reason>.

Other local material available

Details of other local material available for construction

Table 26: Locally available and alternative materials

Sl No	Material	Source
1	Hume pipes	Local hume pipe factory in xx yy
2	xx	xxxx

10.7. Key risks

Despite the best efforts of the consultant, there continue to be some materials and sections of the project road where material will have to brought from significant leads.

Table 27: Key risks envisaged in material procurement

SI No	Chainage	Material	Closest source
1	Entire project	Bitument	Closest available source is Mumbai at a lead of 900 km
2	223.00+	Soil of CBR >10%	No borrow pit in vicinity, minimum lead of 40 km

10.8. Location of material sources

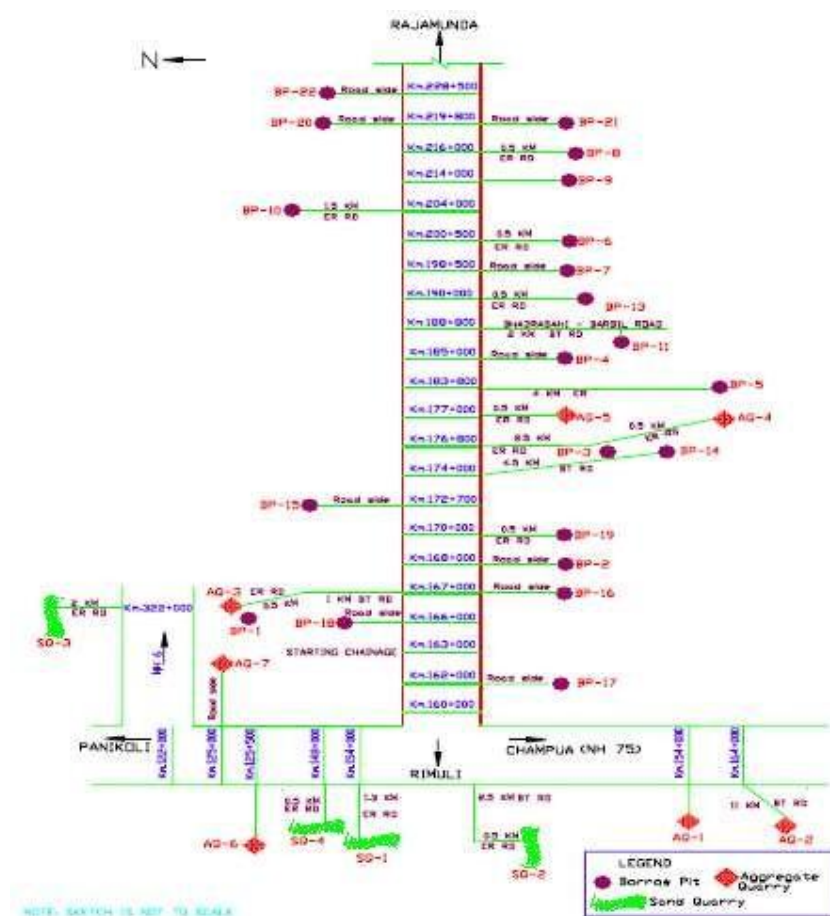


Figure 4: Key plan showing location of potential borrow pits tested

11. Potential for value engineering and innovative technologies

Throughout the detailed design of the project, several opportunities for value engineering and introduction of new technology were explored that will help in reducing the cost of the project or increase quality and longevity of project road. Approval of these elements as part of the construction design and suitable instructions to all stakeholders of the project can help significantly lower the projected cost of construction.

A summary of these opportunities is provided here.

Table 28: Key value engineering opportunities identified

Sl No	Value engineering opportunity	Potential impact
1	Use of inverted pavement with a cement stabilized based and granular material in the base layer	40% reduction in layer thickness and ~15% reduction in TPC

12. Economic and financial analysis

12.1. Economic analysis of the project

The EIRR and NPV of the project has been carried out using <model/software> under multiple scenarios, and the project returns <justify/do not justify> construction given an EIRR of xx in the best case and yy in the worst case.

The various sensitivity scenarios considered were as follows:

0. Base case: Base cost and base benefits
1. Sensitivity 1: Base cost plus xx% and base benefits
2. Sensitivity 2: Xx
3. Sensitivity 3: Xx

The results of the base case and sensitivity analysis are presented below:

Table 29: Economic return analysis

Option	Sensitivity Case	RUCS		HDM 4	
		NPV (in million Rs.)	EIRR (in %)	NPV (in million Rs.)	EIRR (in %)
With time	Base Case 0	19199	30.31	2788.5	14.1
	Sensitivity 1	18041	27.51	1362.6	12.9
	Sensitivity 2	15147	27.1	943.3	12.8
	Sensitivity 3	13989	24.56	-ve	11.7
Without time	Base Case 0	19199	30.31	2788.5	14.1
	Sensitivity 1	18041	27.51	1362.6	12.9
	Sensitivity 2	15147	27.1	943.3	12.8
	Sensitivity 3	13989	24.56	-ve	11.7

12.2. Financial analysis

12.2.1. Potential for toll revenue

The projected tollable traffic basis traffic survey and forecasts at the <xx> toll plazas suggested in year <xx> is given below

Table 30: Tollable traffic on project stretch

Toll Plaza	1 @ Chainage 45.000		2	
	1			
Traffic type	Total	Tollable		
Bicycle	47	0		
2 Wheeler	3320	0		
3 Wheeler	32	0		
Tractor	24	0		
Tractor with Trailer	389	385		
2 Axle SCV	436	386		
LMV 2 axle	3561	3545		
LCV 2 Axle	577	603		
2 Axle Truck or Bus	908	800		
3 Axle Truck or Bus	1142	1062		
Multi Axle Vehicles MAV	2033	1962		
Oversized Vehicle OSV	2	1		
Earth Moving Equipment	0	0		
AADT (in vehicles)	12471	6500		

12.2.2. Results of financial analysis

With the most likely traffic scenario and assumed costs of construction, maintenance, financing and tolling over the period of the project, the return on equity at various periods of concession was calculated. Equity IRR for this project will pass <15%> in year <x> of this project, hence it <is/is not> possible to bid the project

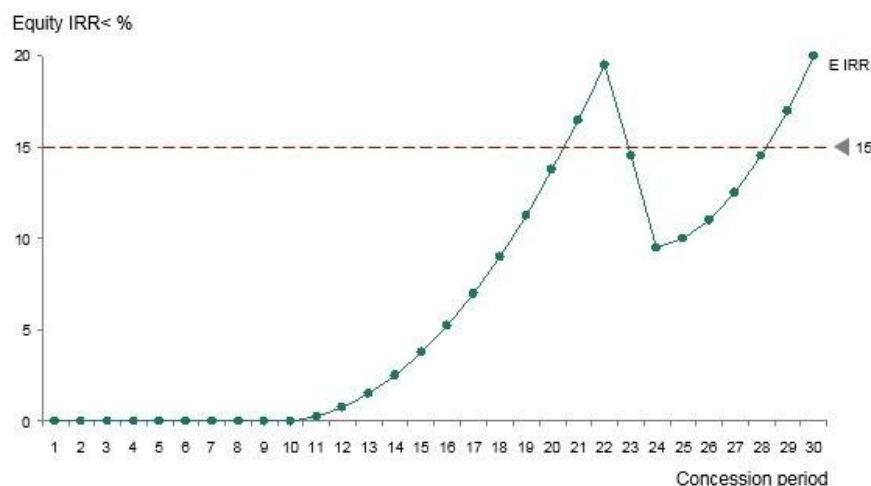


Figure 5: Equity IRR with increasing concession period for project road

13. Execution plan

In consultation with <AGENCY> , it is proposed to complete the proosed project road in a period of <xx> months. Planning for the project packaging, bidding process and construction was conducted as a part of this project.

13.1. Packaging

Given the length of the project, the entire project is planned to be bid out in <xx> packages with <yy> packages.

<include table of package details if more than 1 package>

13.2. Bidding mode and timelines

The authority has proposed to initiate bidding of the project under <bot/epc/ham> mode <with a grant/premium of xx %>. The tentative timeline for this is:

- Submission of bid documents to authority dd/mmm/yyyy ☐
- Review and finalization of documents dd/mmm/yyyy
- Launch of tender dd/mmm/yyyy ☐
- Tender close date dd/mmm/yyyy
- Tentative date for award of project dd/mmm/yyyy

13.3. Construction time and planning

Upon reviewing the improvements planned and in consultation with <AGENCY> , the design and construction period for this project has been arrived at <xx> months from the date of appointment of the contractor/concessionaire. To enable this construction schedule, a detailed construction plan and timeline has been included in the detailed project report. This also includes a traffic management and lane closure plan for the period of construction.

14. Conclusions and recommendation

The <expansion/rehabilitation> of the project road from <source> to <destination>, chainage <a> to on NH <x> in the states of <state 1, state 2> to <n> lane configuration is recommended for implementation by <AGENCY> as the project is likely to <1 line justification/ need of project: provide much needed connectivity/improve connectivity/provide higher level of service/rehabilitate the road etc, is needed urgently>.

The project as envisaged is economically viable with an estimated EIRR >12%. The project with a 30 year concession period is expected to return an equity IRR of <xx%> with <yy%> <grant/premium> and is hence recommended for implementation in the <BOT/EPC/HAM> mode.

Table 31: Salient features and key financial aspects of the project road a

Project road		
Project road length	Xx km	
Connecting	<origin>- <destination>	
On national highway	NH No	
Proposed features	Current road	Proposed
Lanes	2	4
Bypasses proposed	-	5
Major junctions	5	5
Minor Junctions	18	18
Grade separated interchanges	1	4
Major Bridges	4	6
Minor Bridges	19	21
ROBs	1	3
Culverts	120	200
Vehicle/Pedestrian under/overpasses	16	25
Service roads (kms)	14	32
Slip roads (kms)	8	9
Toll plazas (no)	-	2
Bus bays (no)	4	15

Truck lay-byes (no)	2	8
Rest areas (no)	2	6
Financial implications	INR Cr/%	
Total capital cost	1595	
Total project cost	1486	
Civil construction cost (incl. contingency)	1249	
Preconstruction expenses	110	
Land acquisition	40	
Utilities shifting	30	
Rehabilitation and resettlement costs	20	
Other pre-construction expenses	20	
Implementation mode proposed	BOT (Toll)	
Total project cost	1486	
Concession period	18 years	
<Authority> support (Grant/Premium)	18%	
Estimated NPV	50	
Project IRR	12%	
Equity IRR	15%	

Appendix-IX

Details of Ongoing and Awarded works in NHIDCL

Details of Ongoing & Awarded (for which LOA has been issued) works in NHIDCL (Ref
Clause of Section-..... of RFP)

Sl. No.	Name of the work	Contract Price (Rs. Cr.)	Appointed Date	Original Scheduled completion date	Progress as on Date	Likely date of Completion	Remarks, if any
1.							
2.							
3.							
.....							

I/We certify that all the information furnished above is true in all respects.

Name of the Bidder:

Signature of the Authorized Signatory:

Name of the Authorized Signatory:

Date:

Place:

INTEGRITY PACT

(To be executed on plain paper and submitted along with Technical Bid/Tender documents. To be signed by the bidder and same signatory competent/ authorized to sign the relevant contract on behalf of the NHIDCL)

This integrity Pact is made at _____ on this _____ day of _____ 2016. **BETWEEN**

[President of India through Ministry of Road Transport & Highways, Government of India represented by Director General (Road Development) & Special Secretary, Transport Bhawan, 1- Parliament Street New Delhi-110001], (hereinafter referred to as the **“Principal/Owner”** which expression shall, unless repugnant to the context or meaning thereof, include its administrators, successors and assigns)

AND

{Name and address of the Firm/Company}, (hereinafter referred to as “The Bidder(s)/Contractor(s)/Concessionaire(s)/Consultant(s)” and which expression shall unless repugnant to be meaning or context thereof include its successors and permitted assigns.)

Preamble

Whereas, the Principal has floated the Tender {NIT No.....dtd } (hereinafter referred to as “Tender/Bid”) and intends to award, under laid down organizational procedure, contract/s for {Name of the work} (hereinafter referred to as the “Contract”).

And Whereas the Principal values full compliance with all relevant laws of the land, rules of land, regulations, economic use of resources and of fairness/ transparency in its relations with its Bidder(s) and/ or Contractor(s)/Concessionaire(s)/Consultant(s).

And whereas to meet the purpose aforesaid, both the parties have agreed to enter into this Integrity Pact (hereafter referred to as “Integrity Pact” or “Pact”) the terms and conditions of which shall also be read as integral part and parcel of the Tender documents and contract between the parties. Now, therefore, in consideration of mutual covenants contained in this pact, the parties hereby agree as follows and this pact witnesses as under:

Article-1: Commitments of the Principal

- (1) The Principal commits itself to take all measures necessary to prevent corruption and to observe the following principles:-
 - (a) No employee of the Principal, personally or through family members, will in connection with the Tender for, or the execution of a Contract, demand, take a promise for or accept, for self, or third person, any material of immaterial benefit which the person is not legally entitled to.
 - (b) The Principal will, during the Tender process treat all Bidder(s) with equity and reason. The Principal will in particular, before and during the Tender process, provide to all Bidder(s) the same information and will not provide to any Bidder(s) confidential/ additional information through which the Bidder(s)

could obtain an advantage in relation to the tender process or the contract execution.

- (c) The Principal will exclude all known prejudiced persons from the process, whose conduct in the past has been of biased nature.

(2) If the Principal obtains information on the conduct of any of its employees which is a criminal offence under the IPC/PC Act or any other Statutory Acts or if there be a substantive suspicion in this regard, the Principal will inform the Chief Vigilance Officer and in addition can initiate disciplinary actions as per its internal laid down Rules/Regulations.

Article – 2: Commitments of the Bidder(s)/ Contractor(s)/ Concessionaire(s)/ Consultant(s).

The Bidder(s)/ Contractor(s)/ Concessionaire(s)/ Consultant(s) commit himself to take all measures necessary to prevent corruption. He commits himself to observe the following principles during his participation in the tender process and during the contract execution.

- (a) The Bidder(s)/ Contractor(s)/ Concessionaire(s)/ Consultant(s) will not, directly or through any other person or firm, offer, promise or give to any of the Principal's employees involved in the tender process or the execution of the contract or to any third person any material or other benefit which he/she is not legally entitled to, in order to obtain in exchange any advantage of any kind whatsoever during the tender process or during the execution of the contract.
- (b) The Bidder(s)/ Contractor(s)/ Concessionaire(s)/ Consultant(s) will not enter with other Bidders into any undisclosed agreement or understanding, whether formal or informal. This applies in particular to prices, specifications, certifications, subsidiary contract, submission or non submission or bids or any other actions to restrict competitiveness or to introduce cartelization in the bidding process.
- (c) The Bidder(s)/ Contractor(s)/ Concessionaire(s)/ Consultant(s) will not commit any offence under the relevant IPC/PC Act and other Statutory Acts; further the Bidder(s)/Contractor(s)/Concessionaire(s)/Consultant(s) will not use improperly, for purposes of completion or personal gain, or pass on to others, any information or document provided by the Principal as part of the business relationship, regarding plans, technical proposals and business details, including information contained or transmitted electronically.
- (d) The Bidder(s)/ Contractor(s)/ Concessionaire(s)/ Consultant(s) of foreign origin shall disclose the name and address of the Agents/ Representatives in India, if any. Similarly, the Bidder(s)/ Contractor(s)/ Concessionaire(s)/ Consultant(s) of Indian Nationality shall furnish the name and address of the foreign principle, if any.
- (e) The Bidder(s)/ Contractor(s)/ Concessionaire(s)/ Consultant(s) will, when presenting his bid, disclose any and all payments he has made, is committed to or intends to make to agents, brokers or any other intermediaries in connection with the award of

the contract. He shall also disclose the details of services agreed upon for such payments.

- (f) The Bidder(s)/ Contractor(s)/ Concessionaire(s)/ Consultant(s) will not instigate third persons to commit offences outlined above or be an accessory to such offences.
- (g) The Bidder(s)/ Contractor(s)/ Concessionaire(s)/ Consultant(s) will not bring any outside influence through any Govt. bodies/quarters directly or indirectly on the bidding process in furtherance of his bid.

Article - 3 Disqualification from tender process and exclusion from future contracts.

- (1) If the Bidder(s)/ Contractor(s)/ Concessionaire(s)/ Consultant(s), before award or during execution has committed a transgression through a violation of any provision of Article- 2, above or in any other form such as to put his reliability or credibility in question, the Principal is entitled to disqualify the Bidder(s)/ Contractor(s)/ Concessionaire(s)/ Consultant(s) from the tender process.
- (2) If the Bidder(s)/ Contractor(s)/ Concessionaire(s)/ Consultant(s) have committed a transgression through a violation of Article-2 such as to put his reliability or credibility into question, the Principal shall be entitled to exclude including blacklist and put on holiday the Bidder(s)/ Contractor(s)/ Concessionaire(s)/ Consultant(s) for any future tenders/ contract award process. The imposition and duration of the exclusion will be determined by the severity of the transgression. The severity will be determined by the Principal taking into consideration the full facts and circumstances of each case particularly taking into account the number of transgressions, the position of the transgressors within the company hierarchy of the Bidder(s)/ Contractor(s)/ Concessionaire(s)/ Consultant(s) and the amount of the damage. The exclusion will be imposed for a maximum of 3 years.
- (3) A transgression is considered to have occurred if the Principal after due consideration of the available evidence concludes that “On the basis of facts available there are no material doubts”.
- (4) The Bidder(s)/ Contractor(s)/ Concessionaire(s)/ Consultant(s) with its free consent and without any influence agrees and undertakes to respect and uphold the Principal’s absolute rights to resort to and impose such exclusion and further accepts and undertakes not to challenge or question such exclusion on any ground, including the lack of any hearing before the decision to resort to such exclusion is taken. This undertaking is given freely and after obtaining independent legal advice.
- (5) The decision of the Principal to the effect that a breach of the provisions of this Integrity Pact has been committed by the Bidder(s)/ Contractor(s)/ Concessionaire(s)/ Consultant(s) shall be final and binding on the Bidder(s)/ Contractor(s)/ Concessionaire(s)/ Consultant(s), however, the Bidder(s)/ Contractor(s)/ Concessionaire(s)/ Consultant(s) can approach IEM(s) appointed for the purpose of this Pact.

- (6) On occurrence of any sanctions/ disqualification etc arising out from violation of integrity pact, the Bidder(s)/ Contractor(s)/ Concessionaire(s)/ Consultant(s) shall not be entitled for any compensation on this account.
- (7) Subject to full satisfaction of the Principal, the exclusion of the Bidder(s)/ Contractor(s)/ Concessionaire(s)/ Consultant(s) could be revoked by the Principal if the Bidder(s)/ Contractor(s)/ Concessionaire(s)/ Consultant(s) can prove that he has restored/ recouped the damage caused by him and has installed a suitable corruption prevention system in his organization.

Article – 4: Compensation for Damages.

- (1) If the Principal has disqualified the Bidder(s) from the tender process prior to the award according to Article-3, the Principal shall be entitled to forfeit the Earnest Money Deposit/ Bid Security or demand and recover the damages equivalent to Earnest Money Deposit/ Bid Security apart from any other legal right that may have accrued to the Principal.
- (2) In addition to 1 above, the Principal shall be entitled to take recourse to the relevant provisions of the contract related to Termination of Contract due to Contractor/ Concessionaire/Consultant's Default. In such case, the Principal shall be entitled to forfeit the Performance Bank Guarantee of the Contractor/ Concessionaire/ Consultant and/ or demand and recover liquidated and all damages as per the provisions of the contract/concession agreement against Termination.

Article – 5: Previous Transgressions

- (1) The Bidder declares that no previous transgressions occurred in the last 3 years immediately before signing of this Integrity Pact with any other Company in any country conforming to the anti corruption/ Transparency International (TI) approach or with any other Public Sector Enterprise/ Undertaking in India or any Government Department in India that could justify his exclusion from the tender process.
- (2) If the Bidder makes incorrect statement on this subject, he can be disqualified from the tender process or action for his exclusion can be taken as mentioned under Article-3 above for transgressions of Article-2 and shall be liable for compensation for damages as per Article-4 above.

Article – 6: Equal treatment of all Bidders/ Contractors/ Concessionaires/ Consultants/ Subcontractors

- (1) The Bidder(s)/ Contractor(s)/ Concessionaire(s)/ Consultant(s) undertake(s) to demand from all sub-contractors a commitment in conformity with this Integrity Pact, and to submit it to the Principal before contract signing.
- (2) The Principal will enter into agreements with identical conditions as this one with all Bidders/ Contractors/ Concessionaires/ Consultants and subcontractors.
- (3) The Principal will disqualify from the tender process all Bidders who do not sign this

Pact or violate its provisions.

Article – 7: Criminal charges against violating Bidder(s)/ Contractor(s)/ Concessionaire(s)/ Consultant(s)/ Sub-contractor(s).

If the Principal obtains knowledge of conduct of a Bidder/ Contractor/ Concessionaire/ Consultant or subcontractor, or of an employee or a representative or an associate of a Bidder/ Contractor/ Concessionaire/ Consultant or Subcontractor, which constitutes corruption, or if the Principal has substantive suspicion in this regard, the Principal will inform the same to the Chief Vigilance Officer.

Article- 8: Independent External Monitor (IEM)

- (1) The Principal has appointed **Sh. Subhash Chandra, IAS (Retd.)**, as Independent External Monitor (herein after referred to as “Monitor”) for this Pact. The task of the Monitor is to review independently and objectively, whether and to what extent the parties comply with the obligations under this agreement.
- (2) The Monitor is not subject to instructions by the representatives of the parties and performs his functions neutrally and independently. He reports to the Director General (Road Development) & Special Secretary.
- (3) The Bidder(s)/ Contractor(s)/ Concessionaire(s)/ Consultant(s) accepts that the Monitor has the right to access without restriction to all project documentation of the Principal including that provided by the Bidder(s)/ Contractor(s)/ Concessionaire(s)/ Consultant(s). The Bidder(s)/ Contractor(s)/ Concessionaire(s)/ Consultant(s) will also grant the Monitor, upon his request and demonstration of a valid interest, unrestricted and unconditional access to his project documentation. The same is applicable to Subcontractors. The Monitor is under contractual obligation to treat the information and documents of the Bidder(s)/Contractor(s)/Subcontractor(s) with confidentiality.
- (4) The Principal will provide to the Monitor sufficient information about all meetings among the parties related to the Project provided such meetings could have an impact on the contractual relations between the Principal and the Contractor. The parties offer to the Monitor the option to participate in such meetings.
- (5) As soon as the Monitor notices, or has reason to believe, a violation of this Pact, he will so inform the Management of the Principal and request the Management to discontinue or take corrective action, or to take other relevant action. The monitor can in this regard submit non-binding recommendations. Beyond this, the Monitor has no right to demand from the parties that they act in a specific manner, refrain from action or tolerate action.
- (6) The Monitor will submit a written report to the Director General (Road Development) & Special Secretary within 8 to 10 weeks from the date of reference or intimation to him by the Principal and, should the occasion arise, submit proposals for correcting problematic situations.

- (7) If the Monitor has reported to the Director General (Road Development) & Special Secretary, a substantiated suspicion of an offence under relevant IPC/PC Act, and the Director General (Road Development) & Special Secretary has not, within the reasonable time taken visible action to proceed against such offence or reported it to the Chief Vigilance Officer, the Monitor may also transmit this information directly to the Central Vigilance Commissioner.
- (8) The word 'Monitor' would include both singular and plural.

Article – 9 Pact Duration

This Pact begins when both parties have legally signed it (in case of EPC i.e. for projects funded by Principal and consultancy services). It expires for the Contractor/ Consultant 12 months after his Defect Liability Period is over or 12 months after his last payment under the contract whichever is later and for all other unsuccessful Bidders 6 months after this Contract has been awarded. (In case of BOT Projects) It expires for the concessionaire 24 months after his concession period is over and for all other unsuccessful Bidders 6 months after this Contract has been awarded.

If any claim is made/ lodged during his time, the same shall be binding and continue to be valid despite the lapse of this pact as specified above, unless it is discharged/ determined by Director General (Road Development) & Special Secretary.

Article - 10 Other Provisions.

- (1) This pact is subject to Indian Law. Place of performance and jurisdiction is the Registered Office of the Principal, i.e. New Delhi.
- (2) Changes and supplements as well as termination notices need to be made in writing.
- (3) If the Bidder/Contractor/Concessionaire/Consultant is in a partnership or a ~~consortium~~ Joint Venture partner, this pact must be signed by all partners or ~~consortium~~ members.
- (4) Should one or several provisions of this agreement turn out to be invalid, the remainder of this agreement remains valid. In this case, the parties will strive to come to an agreement to their original intentions.
- (5) Any disputes/ differences arising between the parties with regard to term of this pact, any action taken by the Principal in accordance with this Pact or interpretation thereof shall not be subject to any Arbitration.
- (6) The actions stipulated in this Integrity Pact are without prejudice to any other legal action that may follow in accordance with the provision of the extent law in force relating to any civil or criminal proceedings.

In witness whereof the parties have signed and executed this Pact at the place and date first done mentioned in the presence of following witness:-

(For & On behalf of the Principal) (Office Seal)	(For & On behalf of the Bidder/ Contractor/ Concessionaire/ Consultant)

Place_____

Date_____

Witness 1: (Name & Address):

Witness 2 : (Name & Address):

{COUNTERSIGNED and accepted by:

JV Partner}